The New-York Times.

VOL. XX.....NO. 6006. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1870. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

EUROPE.

Starvation Staring the People of Paris in the Face.

Surrender to Follow the Next Unsuccessful Sortie.

Ducrot and Favre to Leave by Balloon and Trochu to Capitulate.

Severe Defeat of the French in Eastern Departments.

King William Consents to be Made Emperor of Germany.

Attitude of Prussia Toward Belgium and Luxembourg.

PARIS

The Starvation Point Reached—Meat Exhausted—Fuel Scarce—The City to Surrender if the Next Sortie Fails—Why the Bombardment Does Not Begin.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—"Malakoff," the Paris correspondent of the NEW-YORK TIMES, writing from Paris under the date of Dec. 12, says: "We have arrived at the starvation point. The supply of meat can last but a few days. In order to save fuel many of the inhabitants remain in their beds all day."

DUCROT'S SORTIE.

There is no doubt that had it been properly timed, Gen. DUCROT's sortie would have been crowned with success.

THE WORST.

In the event of failure when the next sortie shall have been made, Gen. DUCROT, JULES FAVRE, and the other members of the Government, will leave the city by balloon, with a view to prosecuting the war in the provinces, while Gen. TROCHU will remain to surrender the city.

THE BOMBARDMENT.

BERLIN, Dec. 20.—The *Cross Gazette*, of this city, says the causes previously given for the failure to open the bombardment of Paris were incorrect. The difficulties in the transportation of material and heavy guns will shortly be overcome. Further action will be guided altogether by military considerations.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The *Telegraph* this morning has a special from Brussels, saying that the late heavy calls for Landwehr denote the weakness of the German investing army around Paris, and that its operations are now more defensive than offensive. One or two more sorties like that of last night, (*sic.*) and the siege of Paris will be raised. A special dispatch from Frankfort says that a month will be required before the bombardment of Paris will be possible. The guns in use in the German Army at present are utterly worthless for such a purpose, and besides that, Versailles itself is nearly within range of the French guns.

Military critics are of the opinion that the forts around Paris secure the city from bombardment.

NEVER SURRENDER.

Later advices have been received from Paris. There has been no fighting around the city since the 1st of December. The people of Paris had received news from the outside world up to the 11th inst. The soldiers and citizens were undismayed, the public order was perfect, and the stores ample for several months.

THE FRENCH PROVINCES.

The Coasting Trade Opened to Foreigners in Consequence of Railway Obstructions—Capture of Nuits—Six Thousand French Prisoners Taken.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The decree opening the French coasting trade to all nations is due to the obstruction of railways, especially in Northeastern France. It is said by the Cologne *Gazette* that Havre is exempted from blockade by the French Government.

LONDON, Dec. 20—5 P. M.—The Prussian columns yesterday threatened Chateau-Renault, fifteen miles north-west of Tours.

STORMING OF NUITS.

Advices have been received here announcing that the Germans stormed Nuits, in the Department of Cote d'Or, on the 18th. The French withdrew at nightfall. The Germans lost 200 in killed and wounded. Among the wounded was Prince WILLIAM, of Baden, who was shot through the cheek, and Gen. GLUMER. The French forces, attacked by Gen. WERDER at Nuits, were in large numbers, and held a strong position. The Germans captured 4,000 prisoners, together with the town. The French were pursued southward on Monday.

ANOTHER DEFEAT.

A French force, 10,000 strong, has been defeated at Poissy and Fontenelle.

GERMAN MINERS DRAFTED.

Germany is suffering from scarcity of coal. The working of many of the mines has ceased, the miners having been drafted into the army.

LUXEMBOURG-BELGIUM.

A Prussian Disclaimer—Letter of the King of Holland—Count Bismarck's Note to Belgium.

BERLIN, Dec. 20.—The *Kreuz Zeitung* denies that Prussia has any designs upon Luxembourg, and affirms that Prussia has resolved to submit to arbitration her complaints relative to the violation of neutrality by the Governments of the Duchy with a view to a claim for indemnity.

LUXEMBOURG, Dec. 20.—The King of Holland, in a letter to the Government of Luxembourg, says: "Let us together defend the Treaty of 1867 and the honor and independence of the Duchy."

BRUSSELS, Dec. 20.—The Government has declined to publish Count VON BISMARCK's note or the answer thereto, before the latter reaches King WILLIAM.

THE GERMAN EMPIRE.

King William of Prussia Consents to Accept the Imperial Crown—Action of the Wurtemberg Chambers.

BERLIN, Dec. 20.—King WILLIAM of Prussia has received at Versailles the address from the Reichstag. In a speech in reply thereto, delivered to the delegation of that body, the King returned his thanks for the supplies voted for the prosecution of the war, which has secured a national unity, and signified his acceptance of the dignity of Emperor tendered by the unanimous voice of the Princes, the free towns, and the German nation.

GERMAN UNITY.

STUTTGARDT, Dec. 20.—The King of Wurtemberg opened the Chambers yesterday. In his speech he referred to the glorious successes of the Germans. Their companionship in arms had kindled a desire for political unity, failing which the historic events of the year lack consideration. He urges the Deputies to recognize in the Federal treaties, lately concluded, scope for the development of the nation and her institutions. A bill will be introduced at once authorizing the present taxation, to further war measures, and for the completion of railroads.

GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

The Alabama Claims—Comments on President Grant's Message—Resignation of Mr. Bright—Mr. Ashbury and Mines—Torpedoes for Turkey—The Scheldt Dues.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The Manchester *Post*, in an editorial on the *Alabama* claims, refers to the services to the United States at the British Court of CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS and REVERDY JOHNSON, and says the present attitude of America is condemned by the record of her own Ministers. The full text of President GRANT's annual Message was published here today for the first time. The *Times*, in its comments, says if the President expects England to take the initiative for reopening negotiations on the *Alabama* question he will be disappointed. It was the Americans who rejected the last settlement, and that settlement was framed as Washington..... JOHN BRIGHT has resigned the Presidency of the Board of Trade....Commodore ASHBURY was met by throngs of friends on his arrival at Liverpool from America, and was subsequently entertained at a banquet given in his house at the Clarence Hotel....An American naval Captain is at Constantinople manufacturing torpedoes and other material of war, for use in case of need, against Russia.....It is expected that Spain will presently introduce a tobacco loan in the London market.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The Lord Mayor of London was hissed to-day, by the members of a deputation, because he refused their application for the use of the Guild Hall for a public meeting in favor of the French Republic and British intervention.

MADRID, Dec. 20.—Minister SAGASTA today assured the Cortes that the Government was willing to submit American reclamations, arising from the events in Cuba to a mixed commission for settlement.

BERLIN, Dec. 20.—The Diet of Mecklenburg has voted to pay its full share of the amount required for the abolition of the Scheldt dues.

GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Impeachment of Gov. Holden—The House at the Bar of the Senate—The Lieut.-Governor in the Executive Office—Alleged Contession of a Negro.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 20.—At 11 o'clock today the Board of Managers appointed by the House to conduct the impeachment of Gov. HOLDEN, attended by the Speaker and the members of the House of Representatives, proceeded to the bar of the Senate and formally submitted the articles of impeachment. After the conclusion of these proceedings the Lieutenant-Governor vacated his seat as President of the Senate, and shortly afterward took charge of the Executive Office. Gov. HOLDEN made no opposition to the taking possession of the office. The Court of Impeachment will convene as soon as Chief-Justice PEARSON can arrive in the city....By the confession of a dying negro, it has been ascertained that all the barn-burning and depredations committed in this and adjoining counties for the past year were the result of a planned conspiracy on the part of negroes of the Union League. Forty names of the conspirators are in possession of the authorities. Some arrests have been made and officers are in hot pursuit of others.

GEORGIA.

The Election—Meagre Returns—Disturbances in Macon—The Democrats Ahead.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Dec. 20.—The election is progressing in Georgia for members of Congress and the Legislature and county officers. The returns are meagre and unsatisfactory, but it is believed that the Democrats carry the State. The following is received:

AUGUSTA.—Two thousand votes polled. The Democrats are ahead. The Republicans are divided. All is quiet.

SAVANNAH.—No disturbance. BRADLEY, (colored,) independent candidate for Congress, receiving a large portion of the colored vote at the regular precincts. Other election precincts have been opened by the Republicans in the eastern portion of the city. Gov. BULLOCK's officers have protested against this proceeding as illegal. Several negroes were arrested for voting more than once. No violence or intimidation has been used.

MACON.—Gangs of negro women were at the polls electioneering for the Republican ticket. One negro who voted the Democratic ticket was mobbed. A row ensued, and one of the assailants was shot and severely wounded. The military were called out, who dispersed the mob, and quiet was restored. No satisfactory returns can be given.

COLUMBUS.—Eleven hundred votes were polled. The majority of the voters were negroes. The Democrats are ahead. All is quiet.

ATLANTA.—The election here passed off quietly, but nothing definite is known as to the results. There were a few arrests for illegal voting.

ROME.—The Democrats are said to have polled a vote of more than two to one over their opponents. Some negroes were arrested for illegal voting. All is now quiet.

UNION POINT.—There is no trustworthy news from Greensboro' or White Plains.

MONTEZUMA.—The Republicans are supposed to be ahead.

CUTHBERT.—The Republicans already have a majority of 700. Nearly all the colored men are voting.

FORT GAINES.—The Republicans are ahead today and the Democrats are beaten. The election, however, is close, and it is said the Democrats are husbanding their strength for to-morrow.

COVINGTON.—Eight hundred votes been polled. The result, however, is not known.

FORT VALLEY.—The Republicans are ahead today. But very few whites are voting.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Arrival of the Steam-ship Japan—She Runs into Two Vessels in San Francisco Harbor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 20.—The steam-ship *Japan*, from China and Japan, three days behind time, entered this port this evening at 7¼ o'clock. In passing North Point she ran into a vessel anchored in the stream with a tremendous crash, and then drifting for two blocks she collided with the British ship *Marion*, carrying away her bowsprit and forecrigging. The *Marion* finally came to anchor off Jackson-street wharf. The *Japan's* steering gear was disabled, and she appears to have sustained considerable damage otherwise; her whistle has been blowing for some time, and tugs have gone to her assistance.

MEXICO.

Re-Establishment of Lotteries—The Presidential Election—The Tehuantepec Rebellion.

MEXICO, Dec. 11.—Congress has voted to permit the re-establishment of lotteries. The election for President and Congress will be favorable to TEJADA, it is believed, as the Juaristas are divided. The candidates for President are JUAREZ, DIAZ and TEJADA. The Legislature of Puebla has granted extraordinary powers to the Governor to suppress the Tehuantepec revolutionists.

The Railroad Convention at Erie, Penn.—The "Feel" Coolly Received—Hospitalities of the City.

ERIE, Penn., Dec. 20.—The railroad men were in caucus until a late hour last night. More officials arrived this morning, and the Convention is proceeding with closed doors. Today the prospect for a satisfactory arrangement for pooling the earnings is regarded by outsiders as somewhat doubtful. The New-York Central is understood to regard the project with indifference. A caucus of the Convention this morning showed that the Western men are hot enthusiastic for the pooling plan. AUGUSTUS SCHELL, Vice-President of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company, is President of the Convention, and H. H. HOUSTON, of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company, is Secretary. The hospitalities of the city have been tendered the visitors by the City Council, and at 4 o'clock this afternoon they will visit several manufactories where natural gas is used as fuel, and the natural gas wells.

THE TEHUANTEPEC RAILWAY.

Sailing of the Nipsic with the Company's Engineers—Preparations for Breaking Ground on the New Interoceanic Road.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The United States steam-ship *Nipsic*, Lieut.-Commander B. WILSON, sailed from here last Friday evening, under orders to take on board at Norfolk the Engineer Corps of the Tehuantepec Railway Company and land them at Minatitlan, Mexico, on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, and then proceed to Aspinwall to join the Darien Expedition under command of Commander SELFRIDGE. Col. J. J. WILLIAMS, the Chief Engineer of the railway company, with his corps of engineers, went on board at Norfolk yesterday, and sailed this morning for Mexico, to commence the construction of the railway and other works upon the Isthmus of Tehuantepec on Jan. 1, 1871. The officers and men of the *Nipsic*, as well as those of the *Kansas* and *Mayflower*, of Capt. SHUFELDT's ship Canal Exploring Expedition, now at Minatitlan, will be present under orders from the Navy Department, on the occasion of breaking ground on the line of the new interoceanic railway. The United States Consul at Minatitlan has been instructed to be present, and to report the proceedings to the State Department. These proceedings indicate the lively sense of this Government as to the importance of this enterprise, as well as a compliment to our sister Republic, who is striving to open to the world this great route of commerce.

Observations on the Summit of Mount Washington—Brilliant Aurora—Snow in New-England.

SUMMIT OF MOUNT WASHINGTON, via LITTLETON, N. H., Dec. 20.—Observation at 7 P. M., Dec. 19: Barometer, 26.530; change, plus 4.76; thermometer, 9°; change, plus 1.1°; relative humidity, 7.6; wind, north-west; velocity of wind, four miles per hour. There is a beautiful auroral display. Scarcely a cloud obscured the view today. Between 9 and 11 A. M. the ocean, in the direction of Portland, was plainly visible.

BOSTON, Dec. 20.—There was a slight fall of snow here this morning, ending in rain.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Dec. 20.—Two inches of snow have fallen here. The weather is mild.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 20.—Three inches of snow have fallen here, ending in rain.

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 20.—DENNIS MITCHELL, of Troy, while quarreling with a boy named JOHN O'NEILL, last evening, was shot by the latter, and will probably die.

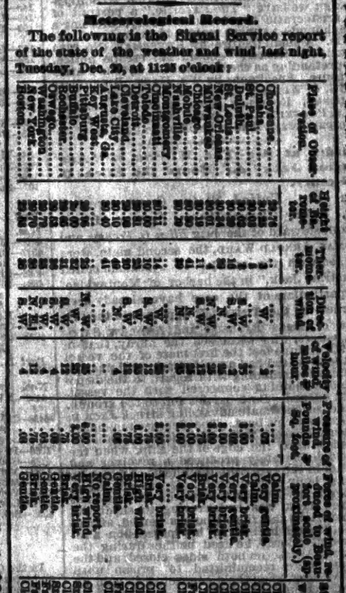
HUDSON, N. Y., Dec. 20.—JOHN MCALLISTER, a flagman on the Hudson River Railroad, aged seventy years, was instantly killed by the lightning express going south, yesterday afternoon. The body was carried nearly a mile on the cow-catcher, and was shockingly mangled.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 20.—A fire occurred at Sycamore, De Kalb County, Ill., on Sunday, which destroyed property valued at $100,000. The principal losers are J. C. WATKEMAN, $60,000; insured $16,000, and J. S. WATKEMAN, $15,000, insured $13,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 20.—During a row at an election poll here today, ROBT. SMITH discharged a pistol, and the shot took effect in the leg of Policeman OSBURN, of the Sixteenth District, badly wounding him. The officer was taken to the hospital, and SMITH was arrested.

Meteorological Record.

The following is the Signal Service report of the state of the weather and wind last night, Tuesday, Dec. 20, at 11:35 o'clock:



Barometer corrected for elevation and temperature.

New-York State Poultry Show.

The sale of nearly 200 lots of valuable specimens of fowls, including a fine European assortment, was the feature of yesterday's exhibition at the New-York State Poultry Show. The attendance was limited, and the bids by no means brisk. Prices ranged from $20 to $60 per lot, some consisting of two and some of three birds. Among the principal premiums awarded were: Sixteen to B. N. BRICKWELL, two to J. H. WARNER, four to J. WILLIAMS, fifteen to R. HUNTINGTON; also, several to G. Thornthwaite, W. Simpson, J. W. Henstine, T. C. Cooper, J. W. Hudson, J. and H. Greaves took the premium for the best incubated. The Fair will be continued until Saturday night.

Fire in Jersey City—Cory's Furnace Manufactory Burned—Loss $250,000.

About 10 o'clock last night a fire was discovered in CORY's furnace manufactory, corner of Greene and Morris streets, Jersey City. The building was a frame structure on the Morris Canal, and was owned by USAL CORY, engaged in the manufacture of the "Excelsior" hot-air furnace. The building was 100 feet by 50, and largely filled with combustible material in the way of patterns and various kinds of wood-work. The fire is supposed to have been caused by a spark or heated metal from the cupola, which was kept in a heated condition. Twenty-five men are thrown out of employment. The loss will not be less than $250,000, partially insured. The sales-rooms of the manufactory are at No. 210 Water-street, New-York, and most of the finished material is removed to that place as fast as completed, otherwise the loss must have been much heavier.

The Funeral of Rear-Admiral Breese, Today.

The remains of Rear-Admiral SAMUEL LIVINGSTON BREESE, United States Navy, who died at Mount Airy, near Philadelphia, on the 11th inst., will arrive in this City this afternoon. They will be received with the honors due his rank, on landing at the foot of Canal-street. Thence, at 2½ P. M., they will be escorted by a detachment of marines from the Navy-yard, and six companies of infantry from the forts in the harbor, all under the command of Col. BROOME, to St. Mark's Church, where the funeral services will take place.

WASHINGTON.

Lively Debate on the Amnesty Bill.

Butler Shuts Down on the Flood of Eloquence.

San Domingo the Zone of Contention in the Senate.

Danger of a Five Years' Investigation.

Personal Relation of the President and Senator Sumner.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The proceedings in the House to-day on the Amnesty bill inspired the hope for a time that further consideration of the situation would secure strength enough to pass the comprehensive propositions of either Mr. BINGHAM or Mr. BECK, submitted in the nature of amendment and substitute for Mr. BUTLER's bill. The debate was by far the ablest yet had on the subject, and the speakers were almost wholly on the side of universal amnesty. Mr. DUNNELL, of Texas, led off, and represented the spirit of a large majority of the Southern Republican members, in a speech urging full and immediate amnesty. He said the distinctions now enforced did more to organize Ku-klux Klan, Knights of the White Camelia, and kindred associations than any other influence now in existence. Judge BURCHARD followed in an eloquent and convincing speech for an amnesty next to universal, the only persons excepted by his amendment being, as he tersely expressed it, the organizers of the revolt, to wit: Such persons as were Senators or Representatives in Congress in the years 1860 or 1861, or were in either of said years officers of the Army or Navy of the United States, heads of any Department of the Government of the United States, or Judges of any of the Courts thereof, or Foreign Ministers of the United States, and except also all persons, who, in violation of said amendment, have held office since the first day of June, 1870. Mr. FITCH followed in an eloquent and pungent assault on the character of Gen. BUTLER's bill, and Messrs. SHELDON of Louisiana, BARRY of Mississippi, and other Southern men, also spoke for total abolition, while Judge MERCUR, of Pennsylvania, put himself on record against it. Two or three other speeches were made against amnesty by Republicans from North and South Carolina, and then it was discovered that Gen. BUTLER, foreseeing utter defeat from the drift of debate, proposed to have the previous question only on the amendments, leaving the bill, as he indicated, open for recommitment. The previous question was sustained, 84 to 81, and pending the vote on the amendments the House adjourned. The question comes up in the morning as the unfinished business of today, but it is intimated to-night that Gen. BUTLER does not mean to press it, but to let it slide over until after the Holidays. The sentiment for a measure nearly, if not quite, universal was stronger today than at any time previous; but while a majority would vote for the amendments of either Mr. BINGHAM or Mr. BECK, the requisite two-thirds would not. Mr. BECK's proposition would probably secure the largest vote of any qualified measure. He grants relief from political disabilities only to all save the following classes: Whoever, having been educated at the Military Academy at West Point, or the Naval School at Annapolis, or whoever, having been a member of either House of Congress of the United States, or whoever having been the head of one of the Executive Departments of the Government of the United States, or Minister Plenipotentiary, or Minister Resident, or Judge of any Court under the United States, shall have engaged in rebellion or insurrection against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof.

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

A somewhat remarkable episode occurred in the House this morning, when Mr. INGERSOLL, of Illinois, rose to a personal explanation, and proceeded to reply to what he termed the personal attacks of the New-York *Evening Post*. He said that he acquitted WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT, the editor of the *Post*, from the responsibility of these attacks, and stated that they were inspired by his brother, Mr. J. H. BRYANT, a resident of Princeton, Ill., in his district. He then said Mr. BRYANT's hostility was instigated by the fact that he had caused him to be removed from the position of Collector of Internal Revenue in 1866. He denounced him as a very bad man, and stated that he was in default to the Government in the sum of $230,000. Mr. INGERSOLL had no sooner concluded than Mr. DAWES, in whose district Mr. BRYANT was born, and Mr. FARNSWORTH and Mr. JUNN, who have known Mr. BRYANT in Illinois for many years, rose in succession and defended his character as a citizen and officer no less vigorously than Mr. INGERSOLL had assailed it. Mr. BRYANT then explained the fiction of the accounts kept by the Auditors of the Treasury, by which collectors, who do not owe a cent are charged with the uncollected lists handed over to their successors, until they are accounted for. Mr. INGERSOLL attempted to modify his charges, but his discomfiture was complete. It is rare, indeed, that a private citizen wantonly assailed in debate, a thing which often happens, is so promptly and completely vindicated.

SAN DOMINGO IN THE SENATE.

San Domingo is at last fairly before the Senate, and what threatens to be an almost interminable struggle has begun. Early in the morning hour, Mr. MORTON moved that his resolution authorizing a commission be taken up. When Mr. MORTON rose to make the motion Mr. SUMNER, who was sitting by Mr. EDMUNDS, returned hastily to his desk, where the number of documents and papers duly arranged indicated readiness for the coming conflict. He claimed that the resolution he had offered should take the precedence of the other both in time and subject matter. Mr. EDMUNDS took on himself the task of making peace, if possible, and suggested as terms of armistice that both resolutions should be passed. He could see no possible objection to either, but Mr. SUMNER would not accept the terms, so the motion of Mr. MORTON struggled on against the rule for going on with the calendar, against the pleadings of Mr. HOWE, and the protest of Mr. DAVIS, both of whom wanted the claim of Dr. BLISS attended to, against the change in the sugar tariff, and disability bills, till finally, at 2½ o'clock, it was carried by a vote of 36 to 17. Mr. BUCKINGHAM immediately moved the reference of the resolutions to the Committee on Foreign Relations. The yeas and nays were ordered, and the tide of talk began to flow. This is the question whose decision will decide the fate of the resolutions. If they are referred, as the majority of the Committee are against their passage, they will never be reported to the Senate at all. If the Senate votes against reference, a long discussion upon the merits of the subject may be expected, but the same Senators who keep the resolutions from the sleep in the committee-room which knows no waking will finally pass them. SUMNER, SCHURZ, THURMAN, SCOTT, PATTERSON, DAVIS and MORRILL of Vermont, presented various reasons for reference, and MORTON, FLANAGAN, SHERMAN, WARNER and EDMUNDS opposed, and at 4½ o'clock the Senate adjourned, with the question of reference to come up to-morrow as unfinished business. It is evidently the intention of Mr. SUMNER and those opposing the acquisition of Dominica, to carry the subject over the holidays recess by talking against time. Mr. SUMNER said very little today, and as long as any other Senators will keep up the discussion, he will say little; but when everybody else has finished he is evidently ready to hold the floor from one to six hours, or more if needful, to prevent action before the adjournment on Thursday. The vote may be taken to-morrow on the question to refer, but if that motion fails the merits of the question will furnish excuse for more debate, and final action till after New-Year's cannot be expected. Mr. TRUMBULL remarked today that the Anthony rule, so-called, had destroyed the completion of all important business in December, and gave notice that he would move to rescind the rule to-morrow.

THE PRESIDENT AND MR. SUMNER.

Pertinent to the San Domingo matter, it may be said that during the past two weeks several gentlemen have been earnestly endeavoring to bring about a pacification between the President and Mr. SUMNER, but without success. Prominent in these efforts have been Senator WILSON, Senator ANTHONY, and Gov. JEWELL. Mr. SUMNER remains as bitter as ever, and the President maintains a firm attitude, inconsistent with anything like an approach toward conciliation. The words of the Massachusetts Senator, in reference to the President, are as biting and venomous as ever, and his course is strangely at variance with justice and magnanimity. Having denounced the treaty as the creation of fraud, having asserted that Gen. BABCOCK should be driven out of the army in disgrace, having insinuated in the broadest terms that the President and members of his official household were guilty of gross corruption, and having insisted that all these matters deserved the fullest investigation, he now crowns his Jesuitical course by using his utmost efforts to defeat the measures for an investigation when it is asked for by the President.

THE INCOME TAX REPEAL.

The *Evening Star*, of this city, very aptly puts the case of the repeal of the income tax, as it now stands, in the following: "On its own merits, or rather demerits, it would stand very little chance, but, unfortunately, it is being made a cat's-paw by the advocates of special interests to pull their nuts from the fire, and the result is that the battle over its repeal is fought on issues quite separate from its merits. Thus, the protectionists, per Mr. KELLEY, broke ground for its repeal early in the session, with the hope of saving the tariff thereby. They argued that if the source of revenue from the income tax was cut off, the means to carry on the Government could be supplied only by a tariff at least as high as the present one. Now, the anti-protectionists have taken the alarm, and have rallied to the support of the income tax, in order not to be disarmed for a fight against the tariff, and they are supported by some Western men who favor the retention of the income tax on the ground that it falls heaviest on the East, where there is more money; and so amid this scramble of selfish interests, the detestable tax is buoyed up. The people, who care nothing for special interests and groan under the weight of both income tax and tariff, will be apt to say, "A plague on both your Houses."

RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

The speech of Minister SAGASTA to the Spanish Cortes on Monday, in which he alludes to the willingness of Spain to accept a mixed commission for the settlement of the claims of the United States, is significant of much more than a mere expression of good intentions on the part of the Spanish Government. It foreshadows the fact that the vigorous manner in which the State Department and Gen. SICKLES have pressed these negotiations with Spain is likely soon to produce very gratifying results. The results hoped for are a convention for the settlement of all claims existing between the two countries. It is extremely probable that the young King will aid this matter, as he will naturally desire to avoid any American complications to render his pathway difficult at the outset.

DISTURBANCE OF TITLES.

Considerable comment among legal men in Congress, and among military officers, has been excited, since yesterday, over the decision of Judge MCARTHUR, of the District Supreme Court, in which he declares invalid the title to real estate sold under a deed of trust, while the Government was in possession. The case in question involved the title to the Old Capitol Prison property, since converted into residences, and the Court held that, as free ingress and egress were prohibited, the sale could not be deemed an open sale, as required by law. In addition, it was further held, in harmony with the decision of the Supreme Court, that the sale under mortgage of the property of persons who were within insurgent territory did not bar the right to redeem. There are numerous pieces of property in this vicinity to which title has been acquired in this manner, and the second ground above stated opens the way for the original owners to redeem. Two of the residences comprised in the above property are now owned by Gen. MCKEE DUNN and Hon. WM. M. EVARTS. The decision is generally regarded as good law.

MORE OF A STUPID STORY.

The remarkable dispatch from London reporting the banishment from Russia of the St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Indépendance Belge* for printing the alleged contents of an alleged confidential autograph letter from President GRANT to the Emperor excites renewed amusement here, especially among those who know how utterly groundless these rumors of the existence of such a letter are. There is a well-grounded suspicion here that these ingenious reports have an origin not nearer St. Petersburg than London or possibly even Washington.

FAREWELL OF MR. SCHENCK.

Gen. SCHENCK will take formal leave of the Ways and Means Committee to-morrow. The Committee and House will alike miss his industry and his power.

CLAIM OF THE CHOCTAWS.

The President, today, sent to the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury covering an opinion of the Attorney-General, upon the claim of the Choctaw Indians to the issue of the United States bonds as provided in the act of March 30, 1861, and in accordance with the treaty of April 28, 1866. The opinion covers thirteen foolscap pages, and, after copious citations of law and precedents, concludes in the following language: "The time for the exercise of whatever power Congress has over the subject will come when provision for the payment of the bonds is to be provided for. Waiving all discussion of the desirableness, on grounds of expediency, of the immediate authority from Congress, and responding to your question, according to my judgment of the law of the case, I am of the opinion that you may lawfully issue the bonds to the Choctaws."

REPORTS OF CONSULAR AGENTS.

A communication was also sent to the Senate covering the reports of the Consular Agents appointed under section 2 of an act approved July 11, 1870, making appropriation for consular and diplomatic expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1871. These reports are: Two from WM. J. ARMSTRONG, dated Christiania, Norway, Sept. 24, 1870, and Stockholm, Sweden, Nov. 8, and one from R. B. DENNIS, Manchester, England, Oct. 1, and one from DR. R. B. KEIM, at Kanagawa, Japan, Sept. 30. The Secretary of the Treasury reports that ARMSTRONG and DENNIS were appointed to act from July 15, 1870, to Dec. 1, 1870, at a salary of $6 per day, and expenses, and KEIM for one year at $2,000 and expenses.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

AN OCEAN TELEGRAPH BILL.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs to-day completed their Ocean Telegraph bill, and authorized Mr. WOOD to report it.

The bill is general in its terms, and authorizes the laying of cables from any part of the world to the United States, by any person, under certain conditions and restrictions. The rights of the States in the premises, as to the charge made for the use of an entrance, in case of connecting with the lines of any one, and such other rights of the State, shall be reserved. The Constitution was framed "to establish justice." He asked that the act as amended by him be adopted, to put an end to strife and animosities, and make us a united people once more. Mr. FITCH favored universal amnesty, and pursued the policy of forgiveness. Mr. SHELDON took the same position, and said that the Republicans of the South were strongly in favor of a removal of disabilities. Messrs. DECHESNE of Texas, MANNING of North Carolina, SHORES of North Carolina, DUKES of Virginia, TILLMAN of Tennessee, and MAYNARD of New-York, also favored general amnesty. Mr. HAMILTON of Florida, protested against it, believing it to be fraught with danger; and Mr. PROSSER, of Tennessee, did not believe the time had arrived when it would be safe. Mr. MCKEE, of Mississippi, favored the bill as the best thing that offered.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, at 2½, moved the previous question on the pending amendment.

Mr. BINGHAM required the previous question to apply to the bill as well as the amendment.

Mr. BUTLER declined to make that motion, and said he wished to have the bill in such a position as that he might move its recommittal.

Mr. BINGHAM asked Mr. BUTLER whether he had intimated, this morning, that he would divide his motion for the previous question.

Mr. BUTLER said he thought it time to stop the diarrhea of words.

Mr. BINGHAM would ask the gentleman from Massachusetts to keep faith with the House and if not, he would ask the House to compel him to do so. [Laughter.] That was all. He added in an undertone that it was a devilish outrage.

Mr. COBURN, of Indiana, moved to lay the bill on the table.

Mr. BINGHAM—O, no! that carries the amendments with it.

Mr. COX, of New-York, hoped his friend from Indiana would withdraw the motion and let the House, by its vote, express the public sentiment.

The motion to lay on the table was rejected.

Mr. BINGHAM appealed to the House to vote down the previous question.

The previous question was seconded by 91 yeas to 54 nays.

Mr. BUTLER being entitled to close the debate, yielded fifteen minutes time to Mr. COBB, of North Carolina, who argued against universal amnesty as something that would be humiliating to the Government in forcing pardon upon men who did not admit that they had done wrong.

Mr. HOGE, of South Carolina, declared himself opposed to the bill and the amendments. He was not in favor of general amnesty so long as his constituents were subjected to be maltreated and shot down and murdered because they advocated doctrines of the Republican Party.

Mr. BUTLER yielded to a motion to adjourn, and the House, at 4:10, adjourned.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

THIRD SESSION.

SENATE.....WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.

A few bills were introduced and referred at the opening of the session. The only ones of general interest were introduced by Mr. NYE, of Nevada, in relation to the enlistment of boys in the naval service, and by Mr. POMEROY, of Kansas, to incorporate the Great Salt Lake and Colorado River Railroad Company, and to aid in the construction of its road, and for other purposes. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

MORE FIVE PER CENT. BONDS.

Mr. SHERMAN reported a bill in accordance with a recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury, of which the following is the full text:

Be it enacted, &c., That the amount of bonds authorized by the act approved July 14, 1870, entitled "An act to authorize the refunding of the National debt," to be issued bearing five per cent. interest per annum, in lieu of those authorized by the act of July 14, 1870, the same is increased to $500,000,000, and the interest of any portion of the bonds issued under said act or this act, may be made payable quarter yearly.

Mr. SHERMAN asked the present consideration of the bill, but Mr. TRUMBULL objecting the bill went over.

SAN DOMINGO.

Mr. MORTON, of Indiana, moved that the Senate proceed to consider his resolution for the appointment of a commission to proceed to San Domingo. Mr. SUMNER, of Massachusetts, said his own resolution on the subject was entitled to precedence because of priority in time of its introduction, and its preliminary character of subject matter. After some desultory debate the resolutions of Messrs. SUMNER and MORTON were severally read. A debate followed, in which Messrs. EDMUNDS of Vermont, HOWARD of Michigan, and SUMNER of Massachusetts, participated. Mr. SUMNER, in reply to a question from Mr. HOWARD as to what information he expected to obtain from the Executive Department not already set forth in the report of the Special Committee of last session relative to the case of imprisonment of one HATCH, and covering San Domingo affairs, enumerated several additional items for which his resolution called, not alluded to in the slightest manner in the report to which Mr. HOWARD referred. He intimated that there was a constitutional inhibition against any treaty-making power on the part of the Dominican authorities, a treaty with France, which included Dominica as part of Hayti, forbidding such a thing.

The Senate then voted upon Mr. MORTON's motion. Mr. SCHURZ, of Missouri, demanded the yeas and nays. The motion was agreed to. Yeas 36; nays 17.

The resolution was then read. Mr. BUCKINGHAM, of Connecticut, moved to refer it to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. MORTON briefly advocated the resolution, remarking that he could not see any objection to it, and that an affirmative vote would not commit anybody upon annexation.

Mr. SCHURZ supposed the intention was to appoint a scientific commission to go over the Island of San Domingo, and investigate everything there, the water, the earth, the air and the material and moral condition of the population. He argued that, if a serious matter, the investigation would take from three to five years; while, if intended as a sham and a humbug, it ought not to be undertaken at all.

Mr. MORTON replied that it was not proposed to make a geological survey. He thought the information indicated as desirable, might be readily procurable within sixty days or less. Whatever the effect of the report of the Commission, whether favorable to or against the annexation, the information thereby secured would be legitimate. It was provided that no compensation should be paid to the Commissioners, so there would be no inducement for them on that account to spin out the time. He presumed the Commission would be composed of members of Congress.

Mr. SCHURZ, to substantiate his estimate of the length of time necessary for such an investigation, reviewed each of the topics of inquiry specified in the resolution. He said that a conscientious report from actual observation upon "the political status and condition of Dominica" would require from three to five years; that a personal inquiry into "the desire of the people to become annexed to the United States" would require three months at least, in consequence of the lack of railroad facilities in the island; and that a report upon "the physical, moral and mental condition of said people" could not be made within six months. As to the resources of the country, the Commissioners could not report upon speculation, but would have to see with their own eyes, and for this six months more would be required; and so on with the remaining subjects of inquiry, such as the mineral and agricultural productions, the climate, and debt of San Domingo.

Mr. SCOTT, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. SHERMAN, of Ohio, believed that it would be manifestly improper to permit the selection of a member of the Senate or an army officer as one of the Commission. He preferred the selection of three Commissioners from among the most distinguished men of the country, outside of political life.

Mr. SUMNER here suggested the name of Gen. SHERMAN, when Mr. SHERMAN replied that perhaps his friend (SUMNER) knew that Gen. SHERMAN has a decided opinion upon this question; and when once decided, the gentleman referred to was almost as imperious to an opposite conviction as the Senator from Massachusetts himself. Mr. SHERMAN proceeded to discuss the cause which led to the rejection of the Dominican treaty in the Senate, the chief among these being the want of necessary information and the peculiar circumstances under which the treaty was negotiated, tending to create a doubt and hesitation, in the absence of reliable data. Remarks were also made by Mr. BUCKINGHAM in support of the proposed reference, and by Mr. DAVIS, to the effect that the resolution was to further the pet scheme of the President, and was unconstitutional and monstrous. Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, opposed the resolution as tending to commit the Senate in advance to the annexation, a project which he regarded as unwise and full of injury to the country. Mr. EDMUNDS favored the resolution, as an opponent of the annexation, believing the investigation would demonstrate the impolicy of incorporating the island into our political system.

Without disposing of the subject, the Senate, at 4¼ o'clock, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

At the opening of the House, the report of the Foreign Affairs Committee relating to Paraguay was made the special order for Jan. 3. Petitions were submitted against competition by the Government in the envelope business, and several unimportant bills were introduced.

Mr. INGERSOLL, of Illinois, was then allowed to make a personal explanation with regard to an attack upon himself in the New-York *Evening Post*, which, he said, was inspired by the enmity of JOHN H. BRYANT, brother of the editor, whom he characterized as a bad man and a defaulter in office. Mr. BRYANT was defended by Mr. DAWES and several members from Illinois, where he acted as a revenue collector. Mr. INGERSOLL retorted by propounding the conundrum, "How many children had Mr. BRYANT who did not sleep under his own roof?" This ended the personal explanation.

THE AMNESTY BILL.

At 1 o'clock the House proceeded to the consideration of the Amnesty bill, and an extended debate ensued, which was carried on by Messrs. BINGHAM of Ohio, FITCH of Nevada, SHELDON of Louisiana, and several other members. Mr. BINGHAM advocated his amendment, which, he said, would disfranchise about 200 of the leaders of the rebellion, while 20,000 were now under disabilities, the majority of whom were no more guilty of their country's blood than the members of the House.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Lively Times in the Book-stores.

A Visit to the Leading Book-sellers—What to Purchase and Where to Get It—Valuable Information for Everybody.

From the time of PISISTRATUS, who first presented the Athenians with a copy of the Homeric poems, to the present day, the art of book-making has been cultivated with the greatest devotion, and now the difficulty seems to be, not to discover something to read, but out of millions of volumes to make a judicious selection. The citizens of New-York are at this moment placed in this dilemma by the enterprise of the leading American publishers. During the holiday season more books are bought than almost any other article, for among all presents none is more acceptable to young and old than a good volume, on whose pages the weighty thoughts or humorous reflections of some great mind are inscribed. A visit yesterday to the leading publishing-houses and book-marts disclosed the fact that the citizens of New-York are indulging their literary tastes in a most enthusiastic manner, and also speculating on that of their friends.

HARPER & BROTHERS.

Among the books published by this well-known house, especially adapted to the holiday season, we may name the "Adventures of a Young Naturalist in Mexico;" "My Apingi Kingdom," by PAUL DU CHAILLU; "Puss-Cat Mew," by E. H. KNATCHBULL-HUGESSON; "Light at Evening Time;" BEECHER'S "Morning and Evening Exercises;" "Tennyson's Poems;" "Leboulaye's Fairy Book;" "Mace's Fairy Book," and Miss MULOCK'S "Fairy Tales." The first of these is a record of personal adventure among the Cordilleras of Mexico, written by M. LUCIEN BIART, a French savant who went to that country in the train of the unfortunate Emperor MAXIMILIAN. It has, however, nothing to do with the politics of Mexico, but simply details the experience of a young naturalist who, in the company of his father, a German scholar, and an Indian guide, made an exploration of the Mexican Cordilleras. All the characters in the book are drawn from life, and the record of their wanderings among the most romantic and picturesque regions of Mexico, is but a transcript from the history of real experience. The volume is illustrated with more than a hundred picturesque sketches of scenery and adventure, executed in the best manner of modern wood engraving. It will interest our readers to know that M. SUMICHRAST, the genial and accomplished savant who accompanies the young naturalist and his father in their tour, is still living in Mexico, and is esteemed one of the most valued correspondents of our Smithsonian Institute.

"My Apingi Kingdom" is one of the most interesting volumes of the juvenile library of African exploration and adventure which M. DU CHAILLU has yet given to the public. In a very vivacious and entertaining style, the author recounts the story of his life among a tribe of Africans, whom he tried to reclaim to civilization and Christianity, interspersed with interesting episodes of those hunting excursions and adventures among the wilder tribes in which African travelers delight. Like the preceding volumes of this series, "My Apingi Kingdom" is illustrated with spirited wood-cuts. "Puss-cat Mew" is a collection of cheery and sprightly fairy stories for children, and forms one of the most entertaining volumes for juvenile readers we have met with this season. They are narrated in a certain free-and-easy style, and with singular mingling of the affairs and language of every-day life with those of the ideal fairy world, which is very pleasant and captivating. In the story of the "Four Pigs," the discipline of their housekeeping is a capital example of the grotesque. The moral covertly conveyed in each story rather helps than injures their artistic effect. The "Fairy Books" of MACE and LABOULAYE are in a different style, equally attractive to young readers as well as to "children of a larger growth."

BEECHER'S "Morning and Evening Exercises" is a selection made by LYMAN ABBOTT from Mr. BEECHER'S writings, and is published with his approval. They cover a wide scope of religious sympathy and experience; and there is scarcely a morning or evening of the year which will not find in this volume something of comfort, strength or inspiration. Of a somewhat similar character is "Light at Evening Time." It is emphatically a book for the comfort and support of the aged, the object of the editor having been to furnish a religious book for old folks, both in the spirit of its contents and its general appearance. It is printed in large and very legible type, upon heavy toned paper, and is well adapted to be a gift-book for the Holidays for those advanced in life, as well as to furnish general religious reading for Christian families.

The cheap editions of TENNYSON'S "Poems," published by the HARPERS, is one of the most popular reprints of the year. Issued less than a year ago, it has already reached a circulation of more than 50,000. It is elegantly printed, and is the most convenient complete edition of TENNYSON that has appeared in this country.

Besides the volumes we have mentioned, the Messrs. HARPER display upon their counters for the holiday season, a large number of very attractive works, such as the "Poets of the Nineteenth Century," "Woodcut Sketches and Hands," BAKER'S "Cast Up by the Sea," "The Life of Count Bismarck," MAGGEGGOR'S "Rob Roy on the Jordan," GREENWOOD'S "Wild Sports of the World," "Tom Brown's School Days," "Tom Brown at Oxford," LYMAN ABBOTT'S "Life of Christ Jesus," "Jesus of Nazareth," and the "New Testament Shadows," by the same author—all of which are beautifully illustrated, and especially suitable for holiday presents.

Among the "juvenile books" published by the HARPERS, of which a large variety are displayed upon their counters, are more than a hundred beautifully illustrated volumes by JACOB and JOHN S. C. ABBOTT, consisting of histories, the "Young Christian" series, the "Rainbow and Lucky" series, the "Young Learner," "Marco Paul," six volumes, "Franconia Stories," ten volumes, "About Common Things," five volumes, and "Illustrated Children's Picture-Books of the Bible, Quadrupeds, Birds," &c., five volumes. These several libraries are great favorites with the young folks, and no parent could make a more acceptable Christmas present to his children.

CHARLES SCRIBNER & CO. AND SCRIBNER, WELFORD & CO.

The extensive book-rooms of Messrs. CHARLES SCRIBNER & CO. and of Messrs. SCRIBNER, WELFORD & CO., at No. 654 Broadway, between Bleecker and Bond streets, offer a most tempting array of the literary treasures. The standard works which have secured the firm its reputation may be taken almost at random, with the certainty that they will prove acceptable as gifts. What, for instance, will please a clergyman or Sunday-school teacher or superintendent better, or what will prove more valuable than any one of all the ten volumes of LANGE'S famous "Commentary on the Bible?" FROUDE'S "History of England," in 12 volumes, and MOMMSEN'S "History of Rome," in 4 volumes, have been completed during the year, and besides being standard works are new. No more acceptable addition to a clergyman's library can be found than these most admirable works. The same may be said of MARSH'S and WHITNEY'S works in the English language, while in lighter literature, Dr. HOLLAND'S and DONALD G. MITCHELL'S works, mainly bedecked in gilt, comprise twenty volumes bound in what is known as the Roxburgh style. Among the distinguished Christmas books issued by Messrs. CHARLES SCRIBNER & Co., "Songs of Home" leads the list, and in title and contents as well as in illustration it is most happily adapted to the season. FENN, HENNESSY, GRISWOLD, HOPPIN and other leading artists have put much of their best work into this beautiful book. The companion volume, "Songs of Life," which was issued last year—Mrs. BROWNING'S "Lady Geraldine," Dr. HOLLAND'S "Bitter Sweet," and "Kathrina" are all superbly illustrated. A new edition of that magnificent work, "The Ultimate Man," in additional matter and illustrations is meeting with great favor.

Turning from the publications of Messrs. CHARLES SCRIBNER & Co. to the importations of SCRIBNER, WELFORD & Co., we find ourselves embarrassed by the very richness of the literary treasures so as to their own publications. A cumulation of years of careful and discriminating selection by Mr. WELFORD, the partner resident in London, and one of the best living judges of books, is kept constantly fresh by arrivals of the latest novelties. Books illuminated and illustrated in every method known to the art; books in all styles of binding; books to suit all classes of readers, and what is quite as important, adapted in price to purchasers of all capacities, may be found in illimitable quantities upon the shelves and tables of Messrs. SCRIBNER, WELFORD & Co. In view of the perplexing abundance of books, American and foreign, to be found in the establishment we have just briefly sketched, it is as well for the public to know that Messrs. CHARLES SCRIBNER & Co. and Messrs. SCRIBNER, WELFORD & Co. will keep their rooms open evenings during the present week.

In order to allow the largest possible opportunity for examination of their stock, Messrs. SCRIBNER & Co. advertise that their establishment will be kept open every evening during the present week.

D. APPLETON & CO.

The assortment of D. APPLETON & Co.'s illustrated and standard books for the season, at Nos. 90, 92 and 94 Grand-street, is one of the most copious and select in the City. The rich treasures of the best thoughts of all ages are here presented in the most attractive forms, and illustrated by master-hands. Could some of the distinguished authors of the past, who fell on "evil days," but spend an hour in this literary museum they would indeed be lost in amazement at the reputation in which they are now held. The religious volumes, not unworthily, form perhaps the most attractive feature. Here are Bibles, in which the beautiful stories of sacred history are illustrated in a manner that would do honor to the best engravers of the Middle Ages. The price of these volumes reaches as high as $125, from which scale their beauty may be formed. There is also a large assortment of prayer-books, some bound in rich mottoes of pearl and tortoise-shell, with silver and gold inlaid, and others in velvet, silk and gold and beautiful carved wood, ranging from $5 to $75, than which no more suitable holiday gift could be selected. Besides these, there is a large variety of books on all religious subjects, one of the most beautiful of which is "Sacred Poetry of England and America," edited by H. W. BEECHER.

The standard British and American poets are presented in the most artistic manner. Of these, to Americans at least, the most attractive is the "Song of the Sower," by WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT, richly designed and illustrated, and "Evangeline," a poem which is almost as popular as "The Sower," by WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT, richly designed and illustrated, and which is illustrated with forty-two engravings from designs by the best artists, price $5 and $7. Other illustrated works are "Hems of Art and Song," "The Schiller Gallery," and "The Goethe Gallery," each 25, are also beautifully illustrated works. "The Life of Man symbolized by the Months of the Year," by RICHARD PEGGT, $20, is also a most interesting volume.

The Department of Natural History contains many rare and valuable works, elegantly printed and illustrated. In all the departments of literature this house has some of the best works in the language, and last, though not least, the juveniles have not been forgotten, for the books devoted to their amusement would compose a most beautiful library in itself. There are many beautiful illustrated toy-books, each illustrated with several handsome full-page colored pictures. In addition to books at this establishment can be found also many fancy articles, such as writing-desks, musical albums, &c., which will form very suitable holiday gifts.

SHELDON & CO.

SHELDON & Co., in addition to their old stand, Nos. 498 and 500 Broadway, have opened a new book-store under the Grand Central Hotel, No. 671 Broadway, in each of which they have a variety of books suitable for presentation can be found. Prof. S. C. KEYSER'S new book "Our Poetical Favorites," being a selection from the best minor poems of the English language, is a choice volume, and as it is published in a very attractive style, it will make an elegant present for the Holidays. This firm have a large array of most attractive books for children. "Rollo's Tour in Europe," the series of "American History" for youth, the "Florence Stories" and the "Hasty Stories," by Mrs. LAURA CAMPBELL, "Walters's Tour in the East," by Rev. D. C. EDDY; the "Spectacle Series," by Mrs. LANDER; the "Dove Stories" and the elegant series, by Mrs. TENNEY, "Pictures and Stories of Animals," for the little ones, with 500 drawings, are among the leading books of this class. "The Castaways, or Adventures in the Wilds of Borneo," by Capt. MAYNE REID, is a fine new book for boys. SHELDON & Co. have lately imported a great many fine books from England, among which are some of the most attractive books published by W. P. NIMMO, of Edinburgh, such as the elegant edition of "Burns," elegantly illustrated. The "Carmine Gift Books," five elegant volumes, fully illustrated, containing the "Gems of Literature," the "Book of Elegant Extracts," the "Golden Gift," &c. NIMMO'S edition of the "Poets," elegantly illustrated and printed on tinted paper, and in beautiful full gilt binding, and sold for $1.50, are very popular.

CARLETON.

The neat and elegant store of CARLETON, on Madison-square, corner of Fifth-avenue and Broadway, was yesterday crowded with customers anxiously looking for holiday books. The assortment embraces almost all branches of literature. Among the novels are those of Marion Harland, Miss Muloch, Charlotte Bronte, Mrs. Mary J. Holmes, Miss A. J. Evans, Victor Hugo, Captain Mayne Reid, A. S. Roe, and Richard B. Kimball. One of the most beautiful books in this collection is "The Culprit Fay," a fairy poem, with 100 illustrations, by JOSEPH RODMAN DRAKE. There are a large number of comic illustrated books by such authors as Artemus Ward, Josh Billings, Fanny Fern, Miles O'Reilly and GEO. W. CARLETON. There are also many religious works suitable for presents to clergymen, and one of the best books ever published, which can be presented to any person, "How to Make Money and How to Keep It," by THOS. A. DAVIES. Besides their own books, this firm have always on hand the latest works of all other American publishers. Here, also, several beautiful bronzes, especially adapted for libraries, in the form of a bronze statue of "King Otho," "Julius Cesar," "Vercingetorix" and "Pallas Minerva" are particularly beautiful. There are, besides, some beautiful clocks, vases and other fancy articles adapted for holiday gifts, in large variety.

FIELDS, OSGOOD & CO.—B. P. DUTTON.

At Mr. E. P. DUTTON'S establishment, No. 713 Broadway, the agency of Messrs. FIELDS, OSGOOD & Co., Boston, there is a splendid assortment of illustrated and holiday books. This enterprising firm have for years past devoted themselves with particular care to the preparation of illustrated works, and have been abundantly rewarded in the encouragement of the public. The "Ballads of New-England," with sixty illustrations, is an exquisite holiday volume. The "Building of the Ship," one of LONGFELLOW'S masterpieces, is beautifully reproduced by the artist in twenty pictures. "A Christmas Carol," by CHARLES DICKENS, with more than thirty illustrations, will possess at this time particular interest. Among many other poetic treasures, WHITTIER'S "Snow Bound," with forty pictures by HARRY FENN, is one of the most attractive. In the educational and religious collection, "Angel Voices," STOWE'S "Religious Poems," "Hymns of the Ages," "Prayers of the Ages," "Breathings of the Better Life," and SULLIVAN'S "Memory and Hope," are beautifully illustrated, and each of them will form a valuable gift, either for the old or young. The following are the very latest additions to this beautiful collection: "Illustrated Winter Poems," by American poets; "A Child's Dream of a Star," by DICKENS; "Little Pussy Willow," by Mrs. H. B. STOWE; "Weak Girls," by Mrs. WHITNEY; "Herbert's Poems," two relicious novels, "The Schoolfellow" and "Helen," and "By the Sea," and, perhaps, the most beautiful of all, MILTON'S "Hymn on Christ's Nativity." At Mr. DUTTON'S there is also one of the most beautiful collections of juvenile books in the City, among which are "Posies for Children," "Tom and Tim," and "Fun," "The Miller's Children," "Daisy's Companions," "Deborah's Drawer," and "The Brownies," and "Joan Whopper, the Newsboy." Here will also be found other articles besides books, suitable for Christmas presents, such as fans, work-boxes, dressing-cases, purses, cutlery, portfolios and other fancy goods.

CARTERS.

The Messrs. CARTER, of No. 530 Broadway, publish mainly religious and juvenile works, which they are selling very fairly, though not as largely by far as rapidly as in former years. BRYANT'S great poem, "Yesterday, Today and Forever," keeps up its high reputation and though in the market about a year and a half, and 25,000 copies of it having been sold, the demand is as great as ever. It is a splendid work, and by many persons considered equal to MILTON'S "Paradise Lost." "What She Could," by the author of the "Wide Wide World," has been published for the holidays by this house, and is selling very finely. A very fine assortment of juvenile books, useful and interesting, mostly new, is displayed on their tables, and Bibles, hymn and tune books in every style and great variety greet the eye and please the taste. In miscellaneous books, however, they are not doing as much as formerly, and this is presumed to be due to, two causes—their "down-town" position and the floating of the market, by Boston publishers, of all many really worthless books, made to please the eye, but not to instruct or amuse the mind. These books, which might be retailed for $1 25, are sold for $1 60, and, as an inducement to dealers, 50 or 60 per cent. is thrown off to them, and they in turn, rather than lose a customer, will knock off $1.10 or 20 per cent. from what is represented to be their standard retail price. Others, again, offer extra inducements to purchasers, such as a gift of a popular magazine, a chromo, or something else, and the consequence is that publishers who adhere to the legitimate book business are injured by this kind of huckstering. But people will learn after a while that "good wine needs no bush," and good books carry with them their own recommendation.

DODD & MEAD.

This enterprising firm exhibits very large and most varied assortment of holiday books, in all the novel and attractive styles of binding. Their stock of Bibles, Prayer-books, and other religious works, is most extensive, and in every possible variety of binding. For the young folks they have innumerable attractive little volumes, all profusely illustrated, and got up in the gayest styles of binding. In this connection, mention may be made of a novelty they have introduced, in the style of binding, and which is as yet confined to their own publications. It is called the "black and gold" style, and is certainly a most beautiful innovation. The binding is of all colors, green, red, brown, &c., but all are distinctively characterized by a black embossed flowering, which gives at once a neat, rich and most pleasing appearance to the volume. Of the works recently issued in this style are "The Jump Stories," by the great children's author, JACOB ABBOTT, which is having a large sale. "The Victory of the Vanquished," a new story by the author of "The Schonberg Cotta Family," has also been recently issued by this firm, and is meeting with an enormous sale, the first edition being exhausted on the day of publication. The stock of the firm also embraces all the standard English and American works, many of them richly illustrated, and all most suitable for gifts.

G. F. PUTNAM & SONS.

G. F. PUTNAM & SONS, Fourth-avenue and Twenty-third-street, are doing more of a holiday trade in the sale of Japanese goods, which they import, than in the sale of books. They have a variety of such goods which they say they have been totalling at prices below what similar goods brought at auction in Broadway last week. Besides a very large assortment of imported English books, they have published the following among others for the holiday trade: "The Book of Artists," biographical and historical, by H. T. TUCKERMAN, a superb edition, on large paper, with photographic portraits (proof-sheets) by SARONY, in different styles, ranging in price to $100. "The National Gallery of American Landscape." A superb folio, with twenty-four very superior engravings in steel, from paintings by American artists, half-morocco, $60 to $100; gold and gilt edges, only. "The Lenox Globe Book," with fourteen beautiful engravings on steel, and letter-press by popular authors; royal 8vo, cloth extra, $7 50; 4to, "The Sunnyside Book," small folio, cloth, extra, beveled, $4 50; morocco, extra, $6, containing forty-five engravings and poems and literary articles by Mrs. Howitt, Stoddard, O'Connor, Wm. Allen Butler, with choice papers from Irving. For those who like something very unique, Messrs. PUTNAM & SON'S have a beautiful imported book, containing a history of the marriage of the Prince of Wales, beautifully illustrated and elegantly bound. The demand for the Joe Jefferson edition of "Rip Van Winkle" has been so great that a third edition of it has been published. A new and improved impression of that superb volume, "The Artists' Edition of Irving's Sketch-Book," with 120 original designs by thirty-one eminent artists, beautifully printed on tinted satin paper, small folio, cloth extra, turkey morocco, $16; levant morocco, $18. Trade is quite up in the neighborhood of twenty years. Parties who live in the neighborhood being now, for better results are hoped for in the future.

BERTRANDO, NO. 28 UNION-SQUARE.

BERTRANDO'S great "Literary Emporium," one block above TIFFANY'S, in Union-square, cannot fail to attract holiday purchasers and all who seek the most acceptable of gifts for their friends in the form of choice books. BERTRANDO has everything which is worth having, and his extensive establishment is patronized by all classes. Nearly all the principal families in this City subscribe to BERTRANDO'S, for he has all the illustrated periodicals, such as the London "News," "Graphic" and "Art Journal," and is always provided with supplies. This branch of his trade, however, is but a small affair when we regard the school business he is doing. His large and valuable stock of modern books is constantly increasing. A customer is never at a loss to find some work or other suitable to his taste, and when price is a consideration, the choice of editions is at once provided. BARNUM'S will sell you a fifty cent volume of "Black Beauty," or, for a trifle more, a complete set (best edition) at $17. He can show you DICKENS' "Works" at twenty-five cents per volume, or a fine library edition, complete, at $105. He has the "Waverley Novels," complete, at $60, and a cheaper edition at twenty-five cents per volume, while his collection of Bibles and Prayer-books is not surpassed by any other house in the trade. Among the gems are to be found Miss CHASE'S exquisitely illustrated "Mother Goose," MERCIER'S "Mountains and Lakes of Switzerland and Italy," with sixty-four beautiful chromo-lithographic vignettes, Halpert's "Illustrated Nursery Rhymes," set to music; "The Collects of the Church of England," with floral illustrations, and DORE'S magnificently illustrated Bible. He has also the latest edition of Miss MULOCH'S "Fairy Tales," and Mr. KNATCHBULL HUGESSEN'S new volume of Christmas stories. Mr. BERTRANDO'S attention to his customers has rendered him universally popular, and there is no one in the City who supplies foreign newspapers and magazines so promptly, or with such unfailing regularity. Any order given to him is quite certain to be executed at the proper time. His old store was always crowded, but of late there has been a large influx of new business has been noticeable. This is generally the result of a man attending to his business personally, and sparing no pains to satisfy customers of all means. The supply of children's books in the store is now very large, and mothers of families cannot do better than inspect it.

AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY.

At the beautiful and tastefully arranged warerooms of the American Tract Society, corner of Fourth-avenue and Twenty-third-street, are on sale a choice selection of good books. The Society has made ample provision for the requirements of the season, and have on exhibition a splendid and varied assortment of choice works, in the newest and most beautiful styles of binding. Of books especially suitable for juvenile presents, they have an immense variety. It is entirely needless to mention that every volume issued by this establishment is of that character that can not only safely, but with great profit, be introduced into every household, and intelligent Christian parents will understand that this fact will save them trouble and anxiety in making their literary holiday selections.

HURD & HOUGHTON.

The establishment at No. 13 Astor-place of this well-known publishing firm, can at any time add little to its ordinary attractions for book-buyers. Nevertheless the firm is not unmindful of Holiday requirements. Their great standard publications of DICKENS and COOPER'S works, are now on exhibition in every variety of beautiful bindings, and to these specialities they have just added the works of the genial and popular Danish writer, HANS CHRISTIAN ANDERSEN, the first complete English edition of his writings, among which are "Wonder Stories Told for Children"—a most appropriate juvenile gift-book. They also offer numerous other attractive volumes of their own publication for the little ones—"The Children's Crusade," "Black Peter," &c., the latter illustrated in a very novel way.

FOTT & AMERY.

At Messrs. FOTT & AMERY'S, Cooper Union, will be found the finest collection of religious and miscellaneous books to be found anywhere. Their assortment of bibles and prayer-books, especially designed for presentation purposes, is unusually large and varied in style and price. For children they have an immense assortment of holiday gift-books, all beautifully bound and splendidly illustrated. Their miscellaneous stock embraces almost every work that is valuable and attractive. In short here every literary taste—but bad taste—can be gratified, and there is no need of going further to purchase a literary gift.

LEOPOLD & HOLT.

Messrs. LEOPOLD & HOLT, No. 25 Bond-street, the variety, excellence and neatness of whose publications are so well known to book-buyers, do not seem to lose a leaf in their holiday trade. But for wholesale buyers their catalogue presents many holiday attractions. Among their late publications may be noted, TAINE'S "Italy," TAINE'S "Philosophy of Art in the Netherlands," PURKELLY'S "Across America and Asia," one of the best of which it forms an important addition to any library. As a holiday curiosity mention may be made of a novel style of album this firm has just issued. It is called "Mental Photographs," and is intended for a confession of tastes, habits and convictions. It is beautifully printed and bound, and contains questions with blanks for answers, and is intended to preserve the mental photographs of friends, and makes a most appropriate holiday gift. Their publications can be found at all the retail stores.

CASSELL, PETTER & GALPIN.

At Messrs. CASSELL, PETTER & GALPIN'S establishment, No. 596 Broadway, may be obtained all the works published by that great firm in London. Of the multiplicity of these publications, there is none more worthy of special attention than the series of books illustrated by GUSTAVE DORE. These embrace "The Bible," MILTON'S "Paradise Lost," DANTE'S "Inferno," "Don Quixote," and several others. This firm also display a splendid variety of other books, equally well adapted for Holiday gifts. "Hood's Poems," illustrated by BARNARD FARGE, and magnificently bound, would be a valuable offering. Their stock of juvenile works is very large, and among the most beautiful and attractive to be found anywhere.

MACMILLAN & CO.

MACMILLAN & Co., of No. 23 Bleecker-street, have just brought out, in time for the holiday trade, a superb book—"Twelve Parables of our Lord;" illustrated and illuminated. Twelve pictures, beautifully printed in colors, from sketches taken in the East, by McGRAW, with colored frontispiece from a picture by JOHN SANDOM. Illuminated borders from the Breviario Grimani, in St. Mark's Library at Venice, and illuminated texts. Royal 4to, handsomely bound; price $15. Also, "Specimens of the Drawings of Ten Masters," from the royal collection at Windsor Castle, including Michel Angelo, Perugino, Raphael, Julio Romano, Leonardo da Vinci, Giorgione, Paul Veronese, Poussin, Albert Durer, Holbein, with descriptive text by E. B. WOODWARD, F. S. A., librarian to the Queen, and twenty photographs by EDWARD KIND. Royal 4to, elegantly bound, price $10. "Albrecht Durer, of Nuremberg;" the History of his life, with a translation of his Letters and Journal, and some account of his Works. By Mrs. CHARLES HEATON; with upwards of Thirty lithographs and autotype illustrations; royal 8vo, handsomely bound, price $12, together with a variety of cheaper books such as "The Iliad of the East," price $2 50; "The Collects of the Church of England," $4; "More Ridicule," $1; "The Golden Treasury Series," $1 25; A Sketch of the History, Theory, Practice, &c., of Fine Art," by Sir M. D. WYATT, M. A., $3.

JAMES MILLER.

Mr. JAMES MILLER, No. 647 Broadway, has an excellent variety of stamped envelopes, stationery and fancy goods, put up in various colors in boxes which are very greatly in demand. Among the elegant holiday gift-books published by this house is a new edition of the world-wide famed tales of "Peter Parley," "Camp Fires of the Revolution," &c., in boxes; GRIMM' popular tales and parables, in handsome bindings; "Slovenly Kate" and the "Laughter Book," companion series, of which an edition of 4,000 of each have been sold, and the demand is still increasing. A new edition of Mrs. BROWNING'S poems is also greatly sought for, and a book of "Fairy Tales," illustrated by DORE, is selling briskly. Mr. MILLER also a great variety of juvenile works beside.

Trade is lively, but prices are much more cautious than at other times, and where formerly $10 worth of books used to be taken at a time, now only $5 worth. But the increase in sales somewhat more than makes up for the decrease in purchases individually.

IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & CO.

This old and extensive educational publishing house, at Nos. 138 and 140 Grand-street, while making no special effort for ordinary gift-book trade, has a large variety of works not only appropriate for presents, but such as would be highly prized by the recipients. Among these are a new edition of WEBSTER'S Counting-house and "Family Dictionary," a handsome volume, in portable size, and very handy for immediate reference. It is profusely illustrated, and contains every word to be found in the unabridged edition, but with the definitions less elaborate. The book is bound in half morocco and half Russia, with marbled edges, and would be an ornament to any library. Such a present would be a most useful and valuable one. Those who prefer the unabridged edition can find it here also, in every style of binding in which it is issued.

LEAVITT & ALLEN BROTHERS.

Messrs. LEAVITT & ALLEN BROS., of No. 8 Howard-street, make a specialty of juvenile books, of which they have a very fine assortment—probably the largest collection in the City. They have also some splendid editions of the Poets, "Quotations from the Poets," &c. The "World's" edition of the Poets is in great demand. They keep also a good assortment of standard works. The "By and By" series and the "Can and Can't" series of juvenile books are constantly growing in reputation and in popular favor, and hundreds of them are sold every day. They are put up in neat boxes. "The Philippens" and the "Good Boy's Annual" are almost literally sold by the cartload, so great is the demand for them in City and country. Miss AUDUBON'S "Popular Fairy Tales," and HANS CHRISTIAN ANDERSEN'S "Christmas Story Book" are also justly popular.

THOMAS NELSON & SONS.

THOMAS NELSON & SONS, No. 42 Bleecker-street, have published the following books this season: "Cyril Ashley," by A. L. O. E. 12mo., cloth, extra, $1 75. "The Orphans" and "The Foundling," 12mo, muslin, extra, $1. Both tales for the young. "The Earth and Sea," by LOUIS FIGUIER, imperial 8vo, with 250 illustrations, cloth extra, gilt edges, $9; half-calf, $10; or Turkey morocco antique, $12. "The Desert World," by MARGIN, imperial 8vo, profusely illustrated, cloth extra, $6; half calf, $10; or Turkey morocco antique, $12. "The Mysteries of the Ocean," by MARGIN, profusely illustrated, cloth extra, gilt edges, $6; half calf, $8; Turkey morocco antique, $10. "The Bird," by MICHELET, imperial 8vo, profusely illustrated, by GRANDVILLE, cloth extra, gilt edges, $6; half calf, $8; turkey morocco antique, $10. "The World at Home." By M. & E. KIRBY. Profusely illustrated; small quarto cloth extra, gilt edges, $3. Trade is about as an average.

LIPPINCOTT & CO.

Messrs. LIPPINCOTT & Co., No. 715 Broadway-street, offer for holiday trade all their standard publications, got up in beautiful styles of binding, and also many valuable new works. They have just commenced the publication of a new and revised edition of "Chambers's Encyclopedia," bound in library cloth, antique, morocco, &c., a work not only interesting but valuable, containing a mine of information, and at a much lower price than any similar book can be obtained for. Messrs. LIPPINCOTT & Co. have also on hand the usual variety of holiday goods, illustrated books, albums, &c.

S. R. WELLS.

The establishment of S. R. WELLS, at No. 389 Broadway, better known as FOWLER & WELLS, constitutes one of the peculiar institutions of New-York. A casual observer, as he enters, will see long rows of skulls, casts and busts, oil-paintings and engravings, representing the human head and face, embracing every variety of character. This large collection is a curiosity in itself well worth a visit during the holiday season, even though one might not care to subject his head to manipulation, for he can procure here some of the most useful publications of the day, on phrenology, physiology, and other branches of mental science, and testify his interest in a dear friend by presenting him with one of these erudite volumes. The "Phrenological Journal," a handsome monthly, published by Mr. WELLS, is well and favorably known. The forthcoming number will be a very interesting one, as it will have portraits of the BEECHER family, H. B. CHAPLIN, and other distinguished persons.

LEE, SHEPARD & DILLINGHAM.

The firm of LEE, SHEPARD & DILLINGHAM, Nos. 47 and 49 Greene-street, a large general publishing book-house, has felt the same impulse in the trade as the different retail establishments. Yesterday their sales amounted to over $3,000. The different retail establishments refresh their assortments from their large stock.

ROBERT H. JOHNSTON.

Mr. JOHNSTON, No. 64 Nassau-street, offers to purchasers all the old favorite English classical works—the Abbotsford, Waverley, KNIGHT'S "Shakespeare," DICKENS', THACKERAY'S, LEVER'S, and other standard works. All bound in a variety of elegant styles. He has also on his shelves the British Poets, the works of BULWER, LAMARTINE, Dr. QUINCY, and a variety of books by others of world-wide reputation, and a general assortment of every notable and valuable work of American authorship. Among this large and choice variety can, of course, be found many volumes well suited for holiday gifts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. S. BARNES & Co., corner of William and John streets, deal mostly in school and hymn and tune books, of which they have a great variety, including some very costly ones, which are in holiday trade. They have published a new book entitled, "The Quartette and Chorus Choir," which is selling very fairly. Trade is about as good with them now as in former years.

THOMAS G. EAKE, No. 120 Nassau-street, has a nice selection of holiday books. Among the novelties of his own publications are T. S. ARTHUR'S "Wreath of Friendship," and Aunt Virginia's "Christmas Stocking," both designed for the young. "Milton's Works," illustrated by DORE, may be bought there for $25, or "Hood's Works," by the same artist, for $5. DICKENS and IRVING and other standard authors are found there also, and a fine variety of Bibles, ranging in price from $5 to $45, can be bought at No. 120 Nassau-street.

VIETOR & VORSTON, No. 71 Dey-street, have the *Art Journal* in single numbers, yearly volumes or sets, at prices running from $1 25 per number to $40 per set; "Selected Photographs" from the galleries and private collections of Great Britain; "The British School of Art," "The Scripture Gallery," "The Turner Gallery," "The Hudson from the Wilderness to the Sea," by BENSON J. LOSSING; "Episodes of Fiction," and other standard works. They make a specialty of art, and do a wholesale trade chiefly.

LOCKITT BROS., No. 1 Beekman-street, have a fine collection of new and second-hand books for the holidays, which they are selling fifty per cent. below the average trade price.

NOTES FROM THE PEOPLE.

David Dudley Field's Lecture.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

By a statement made in the TIMES of Monday the public received the impression that Mr. FIELD had been invited to lecture before the Young Men's Christian Association. This was not the fact. The lecture was delivered before the Association for the Advancement of Science and Art, in a room used by that Society in the building of the Association. TRUTH.

[It is a good sign that the Young Men's Christian Association should disavow the connection above referred to.]

Life-Insurance Legislation.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The following paragraph appeared in a recent number of a New-York insurance journal:

"It is stated by those who profess to be in the confidence of Mr. MILLER, the Insurance Superintendent, that a law (bill) will be introduced into the next meeting of the Legislature, requiring deposits of $200,000 from each life-insurance company, now and old—a very conservative and proper measure."

I cannot believe that Mr. MILLER intends to have any such bill introduced; nor, if introduced, that it would become law. To so alter the existing law as to check the formation of new life-insurance companies in the future, is one thing—and it may be a thing very proper to be done—but to enact a law not called for, and which interferes with what may fairly be termed vested rights in those companies which have already completed their organization, in good faith, under the existing law, is quite another thing. No *ex-post facto* legislation of that sort would be just or proper.

If the old companies or the public wish to prevent the formation of new companies, let it be done in a fair and legitimate manner, and in reference strictly to the future. The parties interested will then have due notice, and can act accordingly. But as to the infants, fortunate or unfortunate, that are already born, as in the process of gestation, they must have a fair chance in the struggle for existence and growth. And while they who would strangle them could not, perhaps, be properly charged with willful murder, inasmuch as "corporations have no souls," still, they would be guilty of an act of injustice which equity and sound law will never permit, especially as the step proposed is only necessary as a check to the formation of new companies in the future, and is not necessary as a protection to the public in the case of companies already completed or commenced. For, so far as the deposit with the Superintendent has any necessity or significance at all, a much larger amount of such deposit is necessary for the old companies than for the new ones, the necessary reserve in the new company being very small, while in the old company it is large and rapidly increasing. And while the demand on the old company for a larger deposit could be easily met, requiring only a change of location for a comparatively small portion of their ample funds, the demand on the new company would find it good faith under the existing law of the State, cannot be met by such deposit, still not by money at all. This, in short, would be asking the new companies for what their creators have not nor are required to have by either law, justice or necessity. C. F. D.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Dec. 20, 1870.

"A PIG IN A POKE."

Sale of Unclaimed Goods Remaining in Public Stores.

Yesterday one of the periodical sales of goods remaining unclaimed in the public stores came off at ROBERT'S sales-room, Nos. 57 and 59 Water-street, JOHN H. DRAPER wielding the auctioneer's hammer. The merchandise consisted of various articles, from an empty bag to a marble statue, and were valued at all prices, from nearly nothing to about $900. These articles had remained in the public stores for various periods of from one to three years, and had been exposed during this time to all the "leakages" common to goods deposited in bonded warehouses for so long a period. These "leakages" consisted of sampling by the importers themselves from time to time, the deterioration of goods by drying, and the final "sampling" by the owners of the bonded warehouses of goods that it was feared might not bring an amount sufficient to cover the expenses of storage. The purchasers who attended the sale yesterday, had ample opportunity to examine the goods and could not be deceived as to their character; yet, notwithstanding this fact, the bidders were as anxious to procure bargains that they paid, in many instances, three or four times the valuation put upon them by the appraisers who had examined them carefully with a desire to do justice to all parties concerned. In order that the reader may judge of the result of the sale, and compare the valuation therewith, we give the following statement showing the catalogued description of the goods, the appraised valuation and the prices obtained:

	Valuation.	Price.
Fifty-three casks of clay	$105 00	$120 00
One cask Parian ware	80 00	140 00
One cask cotton rags	4 00	10 00
One cask cotton rags	4 00	10 00
One empty cask	120 00	200 00
One empty bag	[illegible]	2 00
One crate crockery	80 00	75 00
Two cases hydraulic pumps and hose	200 00	125 00
Forty casks wine	2,000 00	425 00
Two cases cosmetics	225 00	200 00
Three bales leaf tobacco	60 00	115 00
One bale leaf tobacco	20 00	35 00
Nine cases tales leaf tobacco	225 00	275 00
One bale leaf tobacco	15 00	10 00
One bale woolen cloth	450 00	400 00
One bale woolen cloth	450 00	400 00
One bale flax cotton	80 00	85 00
Ninety-four boxes prepared chicory	94 00	80 00
Three cases prepared coffee	225 00	100 00
Three cases wine, 25 cases per gallon	[illegible]	75 00
One case rags	40 00	120 00
One case manufacture of flax (linen)	640 00	775 00
One case glass and rubber tubing-bottles	25 00	25 00
One bale wrapping paper	200 00	120 00
One bale cotton cloth	90 00	120 00
One case dress goods	180 00	220 00
One case manufacture of flax (linen)	110 00	240 00
Two cases [illegible]	40 00	140 00
One box grape-vines	[illegible]	50 00
One case cotton goods	300 00	275 00
Three cases glass beads	60 00	100 00
One case printed cotton	700 00	750 00
One case personal effects	50 00	75 00
Two cases paper	80 00	85 00
Two cases paper

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 21, 1870.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
COQUETTES. Leading characters by Messrs. John Brougham, Fisher, Mariowe, Miss Madeline Henrique, Miss Effie German and Miss Fowlen.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
WEE WILLIE WINKIE. Characters by Messrs. G. J. Fox, Howard, Atkins, Miss Fanny Beane, Miss Rogers, Miss Venasse, and others.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
BARBE BLEUE. Leading characters by Mlle. Aimee and Messrs. Gaussin and Hittemanns.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Prince-st.
THE BLACK CROOK. Leading characters by Messrs. Morton, Rogers, Hamilton, and Miss Pauline Markham.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
24th-st., near Broadway.
SARATOGA. Leading characters by Messrs. Harkins, Lewis, Davidge, Miss Fanny Davenport and Miss Fanny Morant.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
23d-st., near 2d-av.
RIP VAN WINKLE. Leading characters by Messrs. Joseph Jefferson, Sheridan, Anderson and Miss Mary Wells.

LINA EDWINS THEATRE.
Broadway, near Waverley-place.
LITTLE JACK SHEPPARD. Leading characters by Miss Ada Harland, Miss Lina Edwin, and Mr. Lathgwell.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway, near 30th-st.
DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE. Afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities on exhibition.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., between 2d and 3d-avs.
GRAND EQUESTRIAN and GYMNASTIC PERFORMANCES.
MATINEE at 2½ o'clock.

NO. 584 BROADWAY,
Between Prince and Houston sts.
EXHIBITION OF THE STATE POULTRY SOCIETY.

STEINWAY HALL.
14th-st., near 4th-av.
DRAMATIC READING BY MISS GLYN. "Antony and Cleopatra."

CHICKERING'S MUSIC HALL.
4th-st., near Union-square.
RECITATIONS FROM SHAKESPEARE. By Master Oliver Goldsmith, assisted by Miss Sterling and Miss Thursby.

SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT ARMORY.
Broadway, junction of 4th-av. and 35th-st.
GRAND FAIR OF THE UNION HOME AND SCHOOL (orphans of soldiers and sailors.)

TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT ARMORY.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
GRAND CHARITY FAIR. For the benefit of the Hebrew Hospital and Asylum.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

Our special correspondent "Malakoff," writing from Paris on the 19th inst., says the starvation point had been reached, and in a few days the supply of meat would be exhausted; that to save fuel the people lie abed all day; that DUCROT's sortie would have been successful had it been well-timed; and that, if the next sortie fails, DUCROT, JULES FAVRE and other members of the Government will leave by balloon, and TROCHU will remain to surrender the city. The cause of delay in the opening of the bombardment is again explained to be the lack of material. The French Government, by decree, opens the coasting trade of France to foreign nations because the railways are obstructed. Havre has been exempted from blockade. The Germans claim to have taken 6,000 French prisoners in the engagement at Nuits.

A Berlin dispatch says King WILLIAM, in his reply to the Parliamentary deputation conveying the address, signifies his acceptance of the Imperial crown, offered by the "unanimous voice of the German nation."

The Berlin *Kreuz Zeitung* denies that Prussia has "any design upon Luxembourg," and asserts that Prussia will submit to an arbitration on her complaint.

Mr. BRIGHT has resigned his position in the British Cabinet. The *London Times*, in commenting on the President's Message, says if the President expects England to reopen the question of the "*Alabama* claims" he will be disappointed. The Diet of Mecklenburg has voted to pay its full share of the Scheldt dues.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, several new bills of minor importance were introduced, and Mr. SHERMAN reported a bill from the Finance Committee, authorizing the issue of $500,000,000 more of five per cent. bonds. After some further preliminary business the San Domingo question came up, on the motion of Mr. MORTON, for the consideration of his resolution in favor of an investigating committee. The subject was debated at considerable length, by Messrs. MORTON, SUMNER, EDWARDS, HOWARD, SCHURZ, and other Senators. Mr. SCHURZ said the work required of the proposed committee would require several years. Opposition to the resolution was founded mainly on the ground that it would commit the Senators beforehand on the annexation project. The debate went over till today.

In the House, after some preliminary business, the discussion of Mr. BUTLER's Amnesty bill was resumed. The principal speakers were Messrs. BINGHAM, FITCH, DEGENER and MERCUR. The Southern members were mostly in favor of general amnesty. Mr. BINGHAM advocated his own amendment. The debate was finally cut off by the previous question, which was moved by Mr. BUTLER. It will be continued today, Mr. BUTLER making his closing argument.

GENERAL.

The North Carolina House of Representatives appeared at the Bar of the Senate yesterday, and submitted articles of impeachment against Gov. HOLDEN, whereupon the Lieutenant-Governor left the Chair as President of the Senate, and took possession of the Executive Office, the Governor making no opposition. The Court of Impeachment will convene on the arrival in Raleigh of Chief-Justice PEARSON.

A dying negro in North Carolina is said to have confessed the existence of a plot among the negroes of the Union League, in accordance with which all the barn-burning depredations in the counties about Raleigh for the past year were perpetrated. Several arrests have been made.

The Convention of railway officers at Erie, Penn., sits with closed doors, but it is surmised that the project for "pooling" the earnings is received with indifference by the representatives of the New-York Central and the Western railroads. The delegates were entertained by the city authorities yesterday.

The frost at Salem, Oregon, has stopped the mills, the thermometer at daylight on Monday morning indicating 13° above, and at Hamilton, Oregon, 1° below zero.

The election in the First Senatorial District of Philadelphia resulted in a majority of 1,343 for DECHERT, the Democratic candidate. The vote was very light.

The United States steamer *Nipsic*, Lieut.-Commander B. WILSON, sailed from Norfolk, Va., yesterday, with Col. WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer of the Tehuantepec Railway Company, and his assistants, on board, for Minatitlan, Mexico, where ground will be broken for the new inter-oceanic railway across the Isthmus, on the 1st of January next.

A Lexington, Va., dispatch of yesterday says that Ex-Gov. FLETCHER is much better, and is now out of danger.

CABALLERO DE RODAS, Ex-Captain-General of Cuba, sailed from Havana for Spain on Saturday. Acting Captain-General VALMASEDA has begun his administration by sending to the field the regulars who were doing duty about Havana, leaving the guarding of the Morro Castle and Cabaña to the volunteers. A doubtful rumor was in circulation in Havana, on Monday, that a Spanish gun-boat had captured the Cuban Vice-President, AGUILERA.

The candidates for the Presidency of Mexico, in the approaching election, are JUAREZ, DIAZ and TEJADA, and the latter, it is believed, will be chosen. Lotteries have been re-established by act of Congress.

The Attorney-General of the State, in response to an inquiry from the Governor, has given an opinion that the latter is not empowered to fill the vacancy in the Senate caused by the death of Senator BLOOD, and that the laws do not provide for holding a special election for the purpose. The matter will be left to the Legislature to remedy.

The Central Park.

Our readers will hear witness with what earnestness we have warned the public of each new step of the "Ring" in taking possession of New-York. When the Commission which had done such good service in the administration of the Central Park for many years was abolished last Spring, we especially warned the community of the danger to the great work which has been the pride and ornament of the City. And probably there is no one direction in which our new rulers might plunder or injure the public, where our people are so sensitive and anxious as in this very matter of the management of the Park. All other jobbing or swindling can be endured or finally remedied. But the only pleasure-ground which this thronged and dirty City possesses is like a picture, or any great work of art. It cannot be patched or touched or remodeled according to the views of each new City Administration. If it is, its value as a work of art is impaired, and that not merely for the period of Mr. SWEENY's government, but for all time. For the Ring's great jobs, the tax-payers can pay, and the losses to the City can be made up; but not all Mr. TWEED's money could restore a sweet rural picture produced by great care and skill on the rocky ledges between crowded and noisy thoroughfares. When the harmony and the artistic purpose of this great painting on the ground which we have in the Park is once destroyed, not all the wealth of the Ring can bring it back.

Our readers will remember that the new Park Commission, knowing the popular sensitiveness on this matter, proceeded very slowly in their proposed changes. One member of the Commission in whom all parties had the utmost confidence—Mr. A. H. GREEN—though displaced from his responsible office, was retained as a member of the Board; and above all, the honest and ingenious artists, Messrs. VAUX & OLMSTED who had planned and built the Park, were still employed as "advisory landscape architects." The public, however, were not reassured by all this, when it was found that Mr. PETER B. SWEENY was to be at the head of the department, and that a gentleman had been added to the Commission who openly avowed his entire dissatisfaction with the plan of this pleasure-ground, and who had a project for a park of his own; a project which apparently made a huge trotting avenue right through the lower Park and the ramble the great feature, to be terminated by that lovely object, the reservoir, surrounded by statues—probably statues of the principal members of the City Government. Other members were believed also to have original ideas of what a park should be, of which, no doubt, the favorite pleasure-ground of the Ring, Tompkins-square, is a good example. Of course, our readers will understand that the grand objects of a Ring park are to employ plenty of men, and lay down unlimited concrete and "poultice" pavements.

The only defect of the Central Park, as the architects themselves admit, is a lack of breadth and repose. This was inevitable from the form of the land granted to the Commission. One great object of the architects was to remedy and cover this defect; to make the narrower space look broad, to hide the brick and marble walls of the adjacent streets behind green and shadowy coverings of wood, to bury the noisy cross-streets in sunken ways, and, by skillful position of roads, to create broad, quiet, green stretches, where cattle are browsing, and on which shadows might fall as on a peaceful country landscape; so that the tired citizen, walking on its borders, could fancy himself miles away from the din and glare and dust of the town. This was one great idea in the picture which they laboriously and carefully drew on the unpromising surface of our island.

To produce this effect of open greensward there was but one place suitable—what is called "the central meadow" of the upper Park. Here there are two connected spaces, each about a quarter of a mile in extent, partially separated by a mass of rock, and almost completely surrounded by a border of native trees. Already these trees throw broad shadows over a turf green and compact; and here alone on the island our people can behold a quiet rural scene, a bit of broad green meadow. The "Ring," of course, had no more idea of this purpose of the picture than they have of "laws of perspective" or the harmonies of a Turner landscape. But they did know one thing clearly. They possessed property around "Manhattan-square," where had been planned a Zoological Garden. The pens and filth and company attending such a collection might injure the value of these lots, so they resolved to transfer the Garden to the Upper Meadows. It is true that the various pens, inclosures, and conveniences necessary for what must be the future Zoological Garden of New-York, would fill up and mar the only bit of rural landscape on the island. But that was of no consequence. Manhattan-square was cleared of the nuisance, and the people must get on without their "landscape." The advisory architects, who had planned the whole ground, and were the first authorities on the matter in the Union, remonstrated; but Mr. SWEENY politely replied that he would lay their remonstrance before the Board, and, soon afterward, the architects were dismissed. Thus begins the new control by the Ring of our principal Park. By-and-by the public will see whether the "outcry of the TIMES" has been well founded or not. The Central Park is doomed, and the people will soon discover the fact for themselves.

Mr. David Dudley Field's Case.

The *Herald* yesterday put forward this plea in defense of Mr. DAVID DUDLEY FIELD for acting as counsel for FISK and GOULD—namely, that he is "no more responsible for the acts of his clients than would CHARLES O'CONOR be responsible for the deeds of a client whom he should defend on a charge of murder, or any other crime." In saying this the *Herald*, unintentionally we will hope, confuses or ignores the whole point of our complaint against Mr. DAVID DUDLEY FIELD. It is that he advises FISK and GOULD before they have perpetrated a fresh wrong—he tells them how to use the law so that they may be enabled to go on injuring the Erie share-holders, and is constantly by their side to assist them in eluding justice. The parallel adduced by the *Herald* does not in any way apply to this case. Mr. O'CONOR, in defending a man for committing murder, would not be siding and abetting fresh crimes. If he got his client off, he would not allow that client to come to him and say, "I want now to commit a few forgeries and other offenses, and I wish to employ *you* to explain to me how I can manage it without bringing myself under the operation of the law." Unless Mr. O'CONOR consented to act in *that* capacity, his conduct as an advocate would not resemble Mr. FIELD's. It is nonsense to say that the lawyer who is every day advising his clients how to "dodge" the action of the law is "not responsible for their deeds."

The point at issue is this—and we hope the *Herald* will discuss it fairly, if it thinks the subject worth discussing at all: Is a lawyer justified in acting for a client who is determined to persevere in a course of cheating and robbery? If FISK and GOULD's career were ended, and they were on their trial for their crimes, and Mr. DAVID DUDLEY FIELD chose to defend them, we should have nothing to say against it, for the greatest rascal that can be placed at the Bar has a right to legal assistance. But Mr. FIELD's most valuable services to the Erie swindlers consist in enabling them *to stave off the end of their careers*—to make use of corrupt Judges, in order that they may deprive every man and woman who invested in the Erie Railroad of their rights. We repeat that it would be the duty of a high-minded lawyer to say to FISK and GOULD, "I cannot consent to act as your legal adviser unless you *first* make restitution to the persons you have robbed and are robbing. I cannot instruct you how to thieve, and yet escape justice. I will not go before Judges whom I know you have corrupted to plead for you." Will the *Herald* tell us that a lawyer would be doing right in advising a receiver of stolen property how to carry on his business so that the Police could not reach him? Mr. BENCHER could tell Brother SHERMAN that *repentance*, according to the theory of Christian law, is an indispensable preliminary to forgiveness. Human law does not pretend to be any wiser. The felon in the dock may fairly claim the assistance of a lawyer; but the *Herald* argues as if a lawyer would be doing no wrong in advising a felon how to keep out of the dock, and carry on his rascalities for any length of time unmolested. We hope our contemporary will touch the real point in the case when next it touches it at all.

Life Insurance Companies.

Whether the somewhat summary action of the Superintendent of the New-York Insurance Department, respecting the Great Western Life Company, is to end with this single demonstration, or is to mark the beginning of a stringent exercise of that official's prerogatives, becomes a question of rather serious import. That it is worse than useless to have an insurance department unless it can protect the public from scheming promoters on the one hand, and from organized financial debility on the other, must be apparent to every one. It would be too much to ask that the State should actually guarantee the solvency of our chartered companies; but, virtually, the existence of an insurance department, with supervisory powers, promises so much protection to policy-holders as may be included in restraining weak, effete, or decayed institutions from preying too long upon public confidence.

That Superintendent MILLER has done what he deemed to be immediately in the line of his duty we cannot doubt. And that he purposes to show no partiality in his investigations, we must also believe. There is, nevertheless, a peculiar mortification likely to be felt by the earliest victims of such a departmental scrutiny as we presume has been begun. It is not surprising, perhaps, that the gentlemen interested in the Great Western Company oppose the Attorney-General's motion, which aims at dissolving their organization and winding up its affairs. Having secured a stay of proceedings for a period of ten days, they have undertaken to set their house in order by way of proving that the Superintendent is in error, and that their assets justify their continuance in the business of promising to pay money to their policy-holders in the far future.

But if they do not succeed, what then? Are we to have an "Albert" panic here, such as not long ago shook the whole fabric of life insurance in England? Over there, the discovery, one fine day, that the "Albert" Company had done such an unlimited business as to have no proportionate amount of funds to match, precipitated a panic throughout the kingdom. Nobody who held a life policy felt certain that he was insured, and there was no legal provision for satisfying a pardonable curiosity in that direction. It took a year to quiet down these thousands of startled nerves, and, as the practical effect of the scare, a law was enacted by Parliament compelling the companies to make annual returns of their financial condition. This innovation was so distasteful to many of the companies—whose operation had previously been shaded by habitual reticence—that they lent very little aid toward the passage of the law. But the world moved for all that, and it took them along with it. How many more "Alberts" will be unearthed and exposed under the new Life Assurance act, will soon be known; for the first annual statements are due in January.

In this State, however, and in Massachusetts, Insurance companies of every kind have for years been the subjects of official inquiry, and their status has been made dependent upon the sworn statements returned every year to the Departments, and widely circulated in reports and by the Press. It may be deemed almost certain that no company can continue to do business in either of these States many months after rendering a statement at all suggestive of depleted assets or demoralized administration. We may, therefore, feel a reasonable degree of confidence that nothing like a wide-spread distrust in our life companies need be anticipated from the action taken in this particular case, and three-quarters of a million policy holders,† (who have an aggregate stake of $3,000,000,000 at risk in the American life companies,) will cordially agree with us in the hope that this confidence may not be mistaken.

But the occurrence to which we have adverted is full of warning. The Superintendent has very clearly defined a remark made in his late report to the effect that he purposed giving less attention than his predecessor to figures, and more attention to facts. His process of reducing figures down from their very swollen proportions to very hard facts, may as well be taken to heart by the companies. Let officers study economy, prudence, and careful selection of lives, and thus preserve their companies from a sudden blow at Mr. MILLER's hands. But if they will not do this, they will sooner or later find the opportunity for study taken from them. The whole subject is one that cannot be allowed to sleep.

The Outrage at Harvard.

Boys will be boys, no doubt, but there is surely no reason or excuse for their becoming ruffians. We have of late been called on to record an extraordinary number of outrages committed by lads or very young men. Generally speaking, however, the perpetrators of the misdeeds have been poor and ignorant. As a rule, it has been in their power to plead either the spur of necessity, or the absence of the restraints of knowledge. The precious piece of roguery committed on the evening of the 15th inst., at Stoughton Hall, Cambridge, can be defended by no such excuses. The mischief done on this occasion was the act of what are conventionally termed young gentlemen. A keg of gunpowder was fired beneath Stoughton Hall, under circumstances that make it little short of miraculous that no lives were lost by the explosion. People in the second story of the building were thrown down, and so was a passer-by in the street. Pictures and mirrors were shaken from the walls, a great many panes of glass broken, the planking of several floors was burst asunder, an alarm of fire was raised, and the greatest consternation excited; but happily no one was hurt, although numbers were in the habit of frequenting the immediate neighborhood, and in fact occupied the rooms above. Of course, this fortunate escape is in no sense due to the perpetrators of the crime, who are, morally speaking, as guilty as if a score of persons had been killed by it. That the explosion was deliberately planned was shown by a quantity of fuse discovered near the spot; and other circumstances make it probable that a party of sophomores were the criminals.

On the morning after the explosion, President ELIOT addressed the students at chapel, and asked their co-operation in detecting their guilty comrades. His remarks were heartily applauded, and the promise of co-operation was thus implicitly given. The strong feeling, however, which exists at Harvard against betraying a fellow-student, and the certainty that the punishment of the offenders will, if discovered, be severe, renders it improbable that the truth will by this means be made known. For the honor of the University it is to be hoped, nevertheless, that in some way or other the guilty parties may be tracked out. Joking is a good thing in its proper time and place, and even practical joking can be forgiven in the young and spirited. But the jest that imperils the lives of others, the sport that might have ended, if not fatally, with the maiming for life of several human beings, is simply a dastardly outrage, and ought to be punished as such. If there are any young men privy to this act, and there probably are, they will do a wise and manly thing in ignoring the common prejudice against informing of their fellows, and telling the whole truth; for the perpetrators are unworthy of further association with gentlemen, and ought no longer to be permitted to disgrace the University.

An Unlucky Playwright.

In good old-fashioned days, theatrical compositions which did not take the public taste were crushed off-hand by the unceremonious audience. Whether the play were Dr. JOHNSON's "Irene," or poor CHARLES LAMB's "Mr. H.," the opinion of the public was expressed without reserve, and the obnoxious work was "damned" without compunction. In our more courteous epoch, the public is much more tender of an author's feelings. To hiss a piece off the stage is now voted obsolete, and probably would be set down as vulgar. Even the right of an individual spectator thus to intimate his opinions is in our day often challenged; and the expulsion of a malcontent visitor by protectors of the drama in the shape of policemen has been known to follow persistent expressions of dissatisfaction.

It has become evident that some method of conveying the sentiments of an audience, better suited to modern taste than the old way, would be very convenient. Not a few social usages of universal acceptance in the time of ADDISON and STEELE are now little heard of, and save, perhaps, in extreme cases, the odious hiss once so freely employed by frequenters of the play-house, may be passing out of fashion. An audience cannot be expected, however—although it [illegible] do so—to sit in silence through a representation it finds remarkably distasteful; and perhaps the example set at the Globe Theatre in London, on the evening of Dec. 8 inst., may become a convenient precedent. On this occasion there was produced a new and original four-act comedy called "Ecarté," by an anonymous author. This work of art, so far as we can judge from the reports of its reception, must be a marvel of weakness and folly. Its unhappy author seems to have been dazzled, but not enlightened, by the success of Mr. ROBERTSON, and to hear about the same relation to that dramatist that Mr. G. F. TRAIN, as a statesman, bears to Count BISMARCK. The public, however, would not hiss "Ecarté" from the stage. It would not even give vent to its feelings in yells and cat-calls. For a long time it appears to have listened to the dreary dialogue and the pointless concoctions of anti-climax with a kind of sad surprise. This, however, gave place to a firm and cruel resolve. The people began to laugh at the unlucky composition. They did not do this in a manner to render the performance inaudible, although, since the manageress and actress of a chief part was so unwise at one point as to rebuke the popular mirth, the interruptions must have been surely trying to performers as well as author. Jocose and clever comment on the dialogue also became frequent among the audience as the evening wore on, so that, as one critic says, the writer of "Ecarté," if not witty himself, has been the cause of wit in others. The drama finally wound up amid screams of laughter, or as Mr. EMERSON might say, in "perennial hilarity, the rose of joy."

We do not know that the good-natured audiences of New-York would care to imitate the example of a mode of treatment which, in some respects, is more savage than the barbarian hiss itself. The gods are said to laugh at lovers' perjuries and other mortal weaknesses, and it is perhaps more dignified, if not more kind, in men to copy such august examples than to express contempt by mocking the lower animals.

MINOR TOPICS.

A report appeared in these columns some days ago, stating, among other things, that the firm of BROWN, HALL & VANDERPOEL, of which Mayor HALL is a member, defended a prisoner on the charge of murder, for which they received $2,500, "the money being awarded by the Board of Supervisors." We learn, on very good authority, that there is no foundation for this statement, and there were some circumstances in the case which rendered the charge particularly obnoxious. Reporters are not infallible, and this mistake led to a paragraph appearing in the present column which was also, as a matter of course, erroneous, and which did injustice to Mayor HALL and his partners. The Mayor does not ask us to make an explanation, but he is not the less entitled to it. We have no desire to attack any member of the Ring without grave cause, still less Mayor HALL—and if Mr. TWEED or Mr. SWEENY could show that we have misrepresented their conduct in any way, we would do our best to make them amends. In the present case our reporter was misled by inaccurate information, and the Mayor and the firm to which he belongs are clear of the reproach which was incidentally cast upon them.

The long opinion of Judge MCCUNN in the noted Trinity Church case, which will be found in another column, will repay perusal, not only for the important points of law involved, but also for the array of interesting historical facts therein presented. We must accept this exhaustive opinion not as being conclusive on this old and perpetually recurring question, but also as a step in the right direction, so far as the Court evinces a disposition to set its face against the practice of upsetting the important interests of large corporations, and turning their property over to greedy recovers.

The withdrawal of Mr. BRIGHT from the British Ministry can scarcely have been caused by the state of his health, for he is better now than he has been for months past. The probability is that Mr. BRIGHT perceives that the time is coming when his presence in the Cabinet would be an embarrassment to his colleagues, and he retires before the meeting of Parliament in order to occasion as little inconvenience as possible. This change is very likely to prove the forerunner of still greater changes—Mr. GLADSTONE himself is far from being so secure as he was a couple of years ago. His timid and wavering policy has estranged from him many of his oldest admirers, and the tone of criticism with regard to him in journals usually the most favorably disposed, has latterly been exceedingly hostile. Greater spirit and firmness are called for, and Mr. GLADSTONE is not the man to display these qualities.

Prussia's declaration on the Luxembourg question appears to resemble very closely the character of the Russian dispatch about the Treaty of Paris. Judging from the statement now made by the semi-official *Cross Gazette*, disavowing any designs upon the integrity of the Duchy, it seems probable that the threatened occupation of Luxembourg was intended rather as a feeler than as an actual intention, to be immediately fulfilled. It has already elicited some pretty strong expressions of opinion from the co-guarantees of the Treaty of 1867, and as Prussia cannot, at present, afford to have any further troubles on hand, she will probably leave the occupation of Luxembourg as a collateral question, to be decided when the adjustment of terms of peace comes to be considered. The strategical importance of the once fortified capital of the Duchy is, relatively to a hold upon France, only second to that of Metz, and is equally likely to be permanently secured for Germany.

Why does not some enterprising dealer take a hint from the surprising success of the sales of unclaimed goods at the public stores? It would only require the invention of a marine disaster on a distant coast to collect together a quantity of miscellaneous rubbish which should be strictly retained in its original wrappers, and for which, consequently, speculative purchasers would pay exceedingly fancy prices. Empty barrels, according to the testimony of skilled appraisers, can be bought freely at $2 per half dozen, but when placed up to auction, with the prestige of having occupied a public store, and the possibility that something valuable may be found sticking to the inside, they rise in value just 150 per cent. "An empty bag," discreetly set down at zero in the scale of values brings twenty-five cents, an increase of price whose percentage no arithmetical formula can express. Tobacco goes up to a very marked extent, while coffee figures among the few articles that go down. Corks display more than their customary buoyancy, and glass beads go off more freely than they would on the coast of Africa. Most startling of all, "one case printed paper" suffers the tremendous expansion indicated by the difference between its valuation at $40 and its realized price of $[illegible]. After this we shall see the public stores in league with unfortunate authors who find an edition of an unappreciated work hang heavy on the market.

The successes of the German Army operating in the east of France, around Dijon, have, lately, been somewhat scanty. The storming of Nuits, a town about fifteen miles south of Dijon, and on the railroad connecting that city with Lyons, appears, however, to have been a somewhat brilliant affair. The capture indicates another step southward, toward the investment of the second city of France, though at the existing rate of progress, the Lyonnes may consider themselves perfectly safe for the present Winter. They have also the additional security that, so long as BELFORT continues to occupy the Germans, it will be impossible to spare men enough to attempt so arduous a piece of business as the siege of Lyons.

AMERICAN PRIVATEERING.

Interesting Discussion in the Chamber of Commerce—Remarks by A. A. Low, S. B. Ruggles, Geo. Opdyke, and Others—Proposed Pacific Cable.

An adjourned meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held last evening at the Young Men's Christian Association Building to consider the report of Committee No. 4 on the subject of the "Inviolability of Private Property at Sea in Time of War."

Hon. WM. E. DODGE presided, and introduced the subject of the evening, with the remark that the meeting was convened there in order to induce a larger attendance.

Hon. GEORGE OPDYKE moved the adoption of the Committee's report, and resolutions of the Chamber of March 5, 1860, which are as follows:

Resolved, That the perfect immunity from capture of all private property upon the ocean in time of war is demanded by an enlightened sentiment of justice and the improved spirit of civilization, not less than by a due consideration of the best interests of commerce.

Resolved, That the Government of the United States be respectfully solicited to take such measures as it may deem fit, to have the principle expressed in the preceding resolution incorporated in the code of Maritime law.

Hon. S. B. RUGGLES hoped that such a resolution, calculated so greatly to affect not only the destiny of this country, but of the whole world, would not be adopted at this meeting, but be pressed hastily to a decision. It should be held in abeyance for consideration, certainly until the present war in Europe had ended. An understanding should also be had whether the United States Government was prepared to adopt such a policy if recommended by this Chamber. It should also be discussed whether, in any imaginable or possible event of war, the Government, in an emergency, should take advantage of that mode of defense.

Mr. LEOPOLD BIERWIRTH said that as the report had on two previous occasions been deliberated upon and opinions expressed so confidently, that now the voice of the Chamber should be heard, and the Washington authorities take action upon it. We may expect no objection on the part of any Continental Government, nor from England, which has lately given evidence of a desire for peace. [He concluded by seconding Mr. OPDYKE's motion.]

Mr. RUGGLES said it was a stern sense of duty that caused him to oppose the adoption of the resolutions and report. He had always been a strong advocate for internationality. No sectional or internal feeling should prevail. All the nations were as a great family, and they should regulate the law of the seas. He proposed as an amendment, "that private property shall be exempt, except in case of overruling necessity."

Mr. BIERWIRTH said that necessity knew no law, and in such an overruling necessity all treaties and compacts would be overlooked.

Mr. A. A. LOW thought that the views in the report were identical with those given in times past. In 1860 the Chamber acted upon the matter. [President BUCHANAN's letter to the Speaker on that subject, dated March 21, 1860, was read.] He could not recall whether at that time he voted for or against that action of the Chamber. But since then we have had a war. War is a dreadful calamity, and we have learned a lesson that we never knew before. Nations are governed by their interest, not by a mere sentiment. The United States wished to keep the Paris compact of international restitution, but England dissented, and furnished the Confederates with ships of war, which captured and burned our vessels. The nations looked on with out condemnation of the act; at all the colonial ports of Great Britain the rebel pirates were furnished with supplies liberally, treated with great hospitality and allowed to depart upon their way of destruction and ravage, and British captains were ready to command their ships while our vessels were refused supplies and ordered away. England was governed solely by her sentiment, and not by the compact of Paris; a war between us and any foreign nation must naturally be a maritime war. If it comes (I hope it never may) we would fight it partly out in Canada. Our parts would be Indian fights. Such a compact would not be maintained. In such a war all the material injury inflicted would be upon the sea. In the present war we can see that private property is not very nicely respected, and life is not much more valued than property. It seems not just the time, while Great Britain and Prussia remained friends, for losses inflicted upon us, to forego the use of the right arm, the only arm which we can use. In 1860 we had a commerce about equal to that of Great Britain; now it has nearly passed away, and I do not believe in the expediency of withdrawing the chances of this country, which are yet unadjusted claims. Mr. MARCY was not sustained in his plan to abolish privateering; there was a general outcry against it. We have no navy to cope with other Powers, but with an improvised navy we could sweep the seas. We must not be governed by sentiment, but by interest. A treaty on the basis of this report would be popular in England on account of its commerce. It would be unwise to adopt the report.

Mr. RUGGLES gave a finely-wrought historical review, and cogently applied the comparison of past events to the present, under discussion, and claimed that this nation was destined to rule the seas, and predicted the possibility of a future war with all the monarchical world arrayed against us; then what could we do without privateers.

Mr. JOHN A. PARKER coincided with these expressions.

Mr. A. A. LOW criticised the sincerity of England and her motives in a very sarcastic vein.

Messrs. S. B. CHITTENDEN and SINCLAIR TOUSEY expressed their views against the adoption of the report at present.

Mr. BIERWORTH trusted that Mr. Low did not speak of England in a spirit of revenge.

Mr. LOW disclaimed all such feeling, but depicted the attitude of England toward our Government during the war, the critical position of European Powers now, and the necessity of our retaining the privateering right, as a check to them.

Mr. JACKSON S. SCHULTZ said that he had come there to vote for the adoption of the report, but what he had heard had waked up his Yankee Doodle and star-spangled banner. He would not vote for it.

Mr. RUGGLES then read the following:

Committee No. 3, to whom was referred, at the regular meeting of the Chamber, in June, the resolutions in reference to the laying of a cable across the Pacific Ocean, beg to report the same back to the Chamber, amended as follows, and recommend their adoption:

Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New-York regard a well-regulated system of telegraph, by sea and by land, as a matter of primary importance to the interests of this country and of the world, and respectfully ask that Congress may pass, at an early day, such laws as will, without creating any monopoly, facilitate the laying of a submarine cable across the Pacific Ocean, from the western coast of America to the eastern coast of Asia, thereby completing, with the lines now in operation and with those soon to be laid, telegraphic communications around the world.

Resolved, That an authenticated copy of this resolution be transmitted to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

Further discussion on the report of Committee No. 4 was postponed until the next regular meeting, and the meeting adjourned.

Erie's Encroachments Before the Hoboken Council.

A large crowd of citizens thronged the street in front of the Hoboken City Hall last evening, to hear what action the Common Council would take on Mayor KIMBALL's veto of the resolution ordering the removal of the Erie Railway's branch tracks from private property in the city. The first resolution, ordering the instant removal of the tracks, had been modified to favor the oil companies whose property is stored at the Venango Docks, and a resolution was substituted ordering the removal on the 1st of May next. Mayor KIMBALL vetoed this resolution, and last night the Council passed it over his veto.

Sympathy with France.

The French Democratic Central Club have issued a circular inviting the citizens of New-York to assemble to give expression to their sympathies for France, in and around the Cooper Institute, on Thursday evening, Dec. 29. Among the resolutions to be presented for adoption at the meeting will be one calling upon all who sympathize with a people struggling to be free, for the moral aid and support of the great Republic to her young sister.

EUROPEAN MAIL NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM-SHIP NEVADA.

The Williams & Guion steam-ship *Nevada*, which left Liverpool on Dec. 7 and Queenstown on Dec. 8, reached this port yesterday. The news thus at hand is fresher by one day than that given by the *Pulsograf*. The courtesy of Purser WHITE, places us in possession of valued additions to our European files.

ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

Epitome of Opinions of the English Press on the President's Message.

The London *Times* deeply regrets that Gen. GRANT should have assumed the attitude his Message appears to reveal. It seems to be thought in republics as well as in empires that the most promising means of counteracting a feeling of dissatisfaction at home is to be found in diverting the attention of the people by discussions with foreign Powers. It has been for some time past confessed that the domestic administration of the President has not corresponded to the hopes entertained when he entered upon his office. He would fain be re-elected for another term when the time comes, and his Message shows him gravitating to the position of Gen. BUTLER and bidding for domestic support by denouncing foreign Powers. His insurance with regard to the *Alabama* claims does not warrant any hope of their settlement. He proposes that the United States should ascertain and settle the claims of individual claimants, and should then keep an account open until the British Government desired to make a "full and friendly adjustment" of them—until, in other words, we should be invited to pay in full of all demands. If Congress should ponder this proposition, we cannot recast a strictly domestic act, but it is impossible not to see how thoroughly unpromising it is of any friendly settlement. The Canadian difficulties are, happily, in a different position. They are not yet closed against disagreement, and, if the President is disposed to make any formal remonstrance, it will be considered with the keenest desire to satisfy every complaint. The President asks Congress to empower the Executive to meet the "unneighborly act" of the Canadian authorities by prohibiting, or suspending the passage of goods in bond from Portland to Canada, and, if necessary, by forbidding Canadian vessels from access to American waters. We shall be much surprised, the *Times* says, if Congress complies with these suggestions, and we think it possible that Gen. GRANT himself never intended them to be accepted. The document is most important as marking another stage in the decline of the President's career; but it shows us to what lengths those highest in authority are disposed to go when the balance of parties is unstable, and, though we have confidence in the result, we cannot neglect the lessons it teaches us.

The *Daily News*, speaking of the *Alabama* claims, says the matter is one of business, and the United States having by their Plenipotentiary, made us an offer which we accepted, and then effect its acceptance by having recorded it, omit at least to tell us why the rejection took place. Gen. GRANT apparently wants us to send him an acknowledgment of indebtedness before we see what the claim against us is; to give a promise to pay, and let the American Government fill in the amount; this is his meaning, but we have to leave the question to his successor. On the fisheries question, the *News* say we can hardly express an opinion till the full details are before us. The Canadian fishery laws may go somewhat beyond the terms of the Convention of 1818, and there may be some reason for entering into negotiation respecting them. But the very best way to hinder such negotiation is that which the President suggests. He actually admits that one Canadian statute has never been put in force, and suggests that, if it should be enforced, he should be empowered to resist it. Would it not have been more dignified, more worthy of the chief of a great nation, to have waited for the overt act before making protest against it? This very provision against possible unfriendliness looks like the dictate of an unfriendly spirit. * * * If we observe that if the Government of the United States meditate a war with Great Britain, either directly or through Canada, the words of the President are just those which one might expect to find need. If a similar style had been adopted by the Russian Czar or the Prussian King, it would unquestionably have meant mischief. But American Presidents are not to be measured by the same standard, and we know from experience that on the other side of the Atlantic language must be largely discounted in order to arrive at its real meaning.

The *Telegraph* thinks that the desire expressed in the Message to obtain a clear estimate of the private claims advanced by American citizens, in order that "the Government may have the ownership of those claims, as well as the control of all demands against Great Britain," indicates a desire to bring the controversy to a close; and on our side we must meet heartily reciprocate that wish. We cannot believe, the *Telegraph* says, that any cause of quarrel can arise from the matters in dispute. With regard to the intricate fishery question, which involves the rights of the treaty rights claimed by our Canadian fellow-subjects, we are not intent on hastily enforcing the strict letter of those rights. We desire nothing more than to entertain the friendliest relations with our Transatlantic kinsmen; and if President GRANT expresses to us the wishes of his fellow-countrymen we can assure him that any proposal for a settlement "consistent with the honor and dignity of both nations" will meet with a most friendly reception, not only from the Government, but from the people of England.

The *Standard* considers that the Message is hardly likely to give satisfaction to any one, much less to raise the credit of a man who seems destined to lose in politics the reputation which—partly by skill, partly by obstinacy, partly perhaps by sheer good fortune—he achieved in war. The Message is not bellicose; and so far it is reassuring. But it is not conciliatory; it deals with questions of foreign relations in a manner calculated to

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Christmas Books.

It must have been seen from the number of book notices we have lately published, that the present has been a very active season for the book-sellers. After all, there are few gifts which are more appreciated by persons of any taste or cultivation, than a good book, and it is not surprising that many people should at this time of the year make very large purchases of our publishers. Among the most tempting books issued this week, we may mention the following:

—*The Twelve Parables of Our Lord*, published by MACMILLAN & Co., of London and New-York. We doubt whether a more sumptuous volume than this has been produced during the year. It is a most magnificent and not over costly present—the price of it being only $18. The illustrations are taken from sketches in the East by H. R. MCENERY, and are inlaid in the page. Each page of the work is thicker than the ordinary binding of a book, so that the effect of the illustrations is almost as fine as if they were framed. The coloring, drawing, and general design of the illustrations are most exquisite. Some of them are quite equal to the finest drawings in water-colors.

Facing each illustration is a portion of the parable, surrounded with an illuminated border. These borders are taken from the "Brevario Grimani," in St. Mark's Library, Venice, while the illuminated texts and title page are designed by LEWIS HIND. It would be impossible to imagine anything more lovely of its kind than this illuminated work. People who wish to have an idea of the marvels produced in old times by the illuminator, cannot do better than study the borders of this volume. The binding of the book is worthy of its contents. It is altogether a present which could not fail to delight every one who was fortunate enough to receive it—a book worthy of our age, and a credit to the comparatively young, but already famous publishing house, by which it is issued.

—Another very handsome and unique volume is published in this country by SCRIBNER, WELFORD, & CO., No. 654 Broadway. It is an edition of TOM HOOD's legend of *Miss Kilmansegg and Her Golden Leg*—the peculiarity of it being that the whole of it is printed from steel plates, on the finest tinted paper, and illustrated with sixty original designs by THOMAS S. SECCOMBE, R. A. The engraving is done by J. JOUBERT. The drawings are very remarkable, both as regards their conception and execution. The verse, for example—

"What different lots our stars accord
This babe to be hail'd and wed as a lord,
And that to be shunn'd as a leper!
One to the world's wine, honey and corn,
Another like a Colchester native, born,
To its vinegar, only, and pepper!"

—is illustrated with four miniature, but very perfect, engravings, representing the young lord in his luxurious cradle, a poor wretched needle-woman sitting over her work, a forlorn castaway with a child in her arms, resting by the wayside, a boy sweeping a crossing, and a strolling acrobat traveling along a country road to a fair, while his child follows with a heavy load over her shoulders. Numerous verses are treated in the same manner, and the artist, like the poet, has touched all kinds of emotions in his sketches—some of them being full of pathos, while others are intensely comic. Take as an example of the former, the sketch on page 53, of a soldier's wife, who has just seen a line in the papers announcing that her husband has been killed in battle. A volume of description could not tell the sad story better. No collector of curious volumes can afford to let this one escape his notice. It is a gem, and it will well repay the reader to call at SCRIBNER's and look at it—especially as the store is full of other choice works in almost every department of literature.

—A work which is already an established favorite is Miss MULOCH's *Fairy Book*, with colored illustrations and ornamental borders, by J. E. ROGERS. This elegant volume is issued by MACMILLAN & Co. The collection of fairy stories is one of the best ever made, and includes all that are known in the nursery, and many which will be comparatively new to juvenile readers. For young people this would be a very handsome present.

—Under the title of *Crackers for Christmas*, Mr. E. KNATCHBULL-HUGESSEN, M. P., has published another series of fairy stories. The volume also comes from MACMILLAN & Co., and is dedicated by permission to the Princess of WALES. Some of the tales deserve to be ranked with *Jack and the Bean Stalk*, or *the Invisible Prince*, or any other of the old favorites—and greater praise it would be hard to give. Mr. KNATCHBULL-HUGESSEN has caught the genuine knack of telling stories for young people, and he seems not unlikely to be the HANS CHRISTIAN ANDERSEN of England.

—*Lays of the Holy Land*, published by ROBERT CARTER, BROTHERS, is another handsome volume, profusely illustrated. The engraver, printer and publisher, have all done their best to produce a handsome gift-book, and they have succeeded.

Ticknor & Fields—James R. Osgood & Co.

It is announced that with the close of the present year Mr. JAMES T. FIELDS, who has been connected with the book trade of Boston for about thirty years, will retire from the firm of FIELDS, OSGOOD & CO., and from active business. This change will be regretted by scores of people outside of as well as within the boundaries of New-England, who have pleasant memories of the "Old Corner Book-store" of Boston and the firm-name of TICKNOR & FIELDS. This house, so well known throughout the country, may be said to have been founded in 1832. In that year JOHN ALLEN and WILLIAM D. TICKNOR purchased the business of CARTER & HENDEE, then one of the principal publishing and book-selling firms of Boston, and formed a copartnership under the name of ALLEN & TICKNOR. This existed only two years, when Mr. ALLEN retired and Mr. TICKNOR continued the business in his own name until 1843. Then Mr. FIELDS was admitted to partnership, in company with Mr. JOHN REED, Jr., and the firm-name was made WILLIAM D. TICKNOR & Co.; and it so remained until the retirement of Mr. REED, in 1854, when it was changed to TICKNOR & FIELDS. With this style the reading public are most familiar. No change was made in it during the life of Mr. TICKNOR, nor, indeed, until four years after his death, which occurred in 1864. Mr. HOWARD M. TICKNOR, Mr. JAMES R. OSGOOD, who had been a clerk in the establishment since 1855, and Mr. JOHN S. CLARK, who had also been long connected with the business, had in the meantime, been admitted to partnership; and it was on the retirement of Mr. HOWARD M. TICKNOR, in 1868, that the style of the firm was changed to FIELDS, OSGOOD & CO. So it will remain until the 1st of January next, after which it will be known as JAMES R. OSGOOD & Co. Though the name of TICKNOR or FIELDS will no longer appear, the friends of the old will discover much of it in the new firm. Mr. BENJAMIN H. TICKNOR, the second son of the founder of the house, who was admitted last Spring, after having thoroughly "clerked it" for ten years, remains; and Mr. OSGOOD, now the senior, has been the spirit of the house and the representative business man so long, that he cannot but be regarded as one of the actual principals of the old concern. Mr. FIELDS, many will be glad to learn, will continue as the editor of the *Atlantic*, and the new firm will continue, as the old, to publish the best works of the best writers, on both sides of the Atlantic.

The East River Mystery—The Woman's Sentement.

The woman who was thrown into the East River, on Monday night, revived yesterday, at the Park Hospital, sufficiently to tell her story. Her name is JANE DEVEREUX. She is aged thirty, and a resident of Brooklyn. She is of ordinary appearance, and has evidently only recently recovered from an attack of sickness. She stated that a few days ago she left the Flatbush Hospital, and on Monday night happened to be walking down Broadway, on her way to the South Ferry. A man followed her, and when near Bowling-green he accosted her. JANE refused to answer him, and hurried toward the ferry, the man still following until near the foot of Whitehall-street, when he overtook her and made an insulting proposal. Being weak in her head, JANE became frightened and confused, and, in her effort to escape from her persecutor, she mistook her way and ran on to the pier. The ruffian again followed the unfortunate woman, and finding her still unwilling to listen to him, uttered a fierce oath and struck her a violent blow on the head with his fist, thereby causing her to fall into the river. MENALAI OAKLAN, of No. 1 Whitehall-street, the man who is under arrest, states that he knows nothing of the matter, though closely questioned by Justice DOWLING.

POLITICAL.

REPUBLICAN REORGANIZATION.

Meeting of the State Committee—Presentation of the Petition for Reorganization—A Huge File of Affidavits—Hearing of Arguments, Pro and Con—A Sub-Committee Appointed to Examine the Papers and Report.

The Republican State Committee met at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, in this City, yesterday, to consider the application of the great body of Republicans of New-York for a reorganization of the party in this City, and its purification from the baleful influence of Tammany Hall. Among the members of the Committee present were Lockwood L. Doty, of Geneseo, Chairman; Stephen B. French, of Sag Harbor, Samuel S. Maddox and E. D. Webster, of Kings; Henry Smith, Thomas Mulligan, Hugh Gardner, A. B. Cornell, Chester A. Arthur and Geo. Opdyke, of New-York; Cyrus R. Martin, of Newburg; Henry S. Vandecarr, of Stockport; Geo. H. Sharpe, of Kingston; Joseph H. Ramsey, of Albany; Edwin A. Merritt, of St. Lawrence; Horace S. Brown, of Palatine Bridge; Ebenezer T. Blakeley, of Otego; Levi Blakeley, of Utica; John A. Place, of Oswego; Chester S. Cole, of Corning; Ben. Field, of Albion, and Richard Crowley, of Lockport.

The Committee of twelve, appointed by the Anti-Tammany Republicans of the City to confer with the State Committee relative to the reorganization of the Party here, presented a petition, signed by upward of 10,000 reliable Republicans of the City, asking for such reorganization. They also submitted a large pile of affidavits and other documents, containing proofs in detail, with all the particulars of the manner in which the Republican party in this City has been made to do the dirty work of the Tammany Ring, through the treachery of men holding positions in the General Committee and in the District Republican Associations.

In support of the petition for reorganization, Hon. WM. A. DARLING addressed the Committee at length, and was followed by Col. A. J. DUGANNE. Without going into the origin of the system by which the Republican Party of New-York had unfortunately got mixed up with the Democracy through what were originally designated as non-partisan "Commissions," and without reference to individuals, either in the past or present, they represented that the time had arrived when the usefulness, if not the very existence, of the Republican Party in this City required that there should be an absolute and entire severance of the party from all connection with Tammany Hall. Whatever independence might have been felt or exercised by Republican members of these Commissions when they received their appointments from a Republican Legislature or a Republican Governor, at present under the new charter they all held position by the favor of Tammany Hall, and were, therefore, not the proper men to hold places in Republican Associations, and control the management of the party. They called the attention of the Committee to the fact that forty-two members of the General Committee of the City recently elected by the so-called Tammany Republican primaries held places under Tammany Hall. They also directed the attention of the Committee to the fact that all the Republican inspectors recently appointed by Mayor HALL were from that branch of the party charged with being in alliance with the Democratic Party, thus showing conclusively that the Tammany Ring regarded them as their friends. By means of these place-holders under the "Ring," Tammany Hall had managed to throw a network around the Republican Party here. They controlled our primaries by Democratic votes, and thus elected these very men—their agents and tools—to our General Committee, and made them officers of our district associations, so that they could direct the action of the Republican Party as the interests of Tammany Hall should require. The proofs that they had done this thing were and were again were abundant and specific, and the bona fide Republicans of the City had become tired of being thus sold out to their enemies, and they demanded a reconstruction of the party on such a basis as would prevent a repetition of the scandal in the future.

At the conclusion of Messrs. DARLING and DUGANNE's remarks the Committee took a recess of an hour. On reassembling, Mr. SINCLAR TOUSEY addressed the Committee in reply. He said he appeared before them only as an individual, and did not claim to represent in his remarks the party or faction charged with being Tammany Republicans. In the first place, he denied the authority of the State Committee to order a reorganization of the party in this City. He next claimed that the faction to which he belonged was the only "regular" Republican organization, and that the opposition were "bolters," and to encourage them would be to encourage bolts in future. As to the charge of being Tammany Republicans, he claimed that any Republican had a right to hold office under Tammany Hall if he could get it. If "Hanscom Smith or any other Republican holding office under Tammany, proved treacherous to his party, or worked in the interest of the enemy, let him be expelled from the General Committee, or any other association of which he might be a member; but he objected to stigmatizing the whole party as "Tammany Republicans" because of the unfaithfulness of a few individuals. Mr. TOPSEY alluded several times during his remarks to HORACE GREELEY as the President of the new General Committee, thereby assuming that Mr. GREELEY would accept the nomination tendered him for that position. In conclusion he said that if the State Committee should decide to order a reorganization of the party in this City, the faction to which he belonged would treat their order or recommendation with due consideration and respect, but he cautioned them to be in no haste, but to watch the subject well before they decided to establish so bad a precedent. At all events he asked that he and his friends be allowed time to get up a petition against reorganization, and to disprove the affidavits presented by the other side before the Committee took action.

Mr. BRENGER here asked if they would agree to abide by the decision of the Committee when it was made. To this question Mr. TOUSEY made no reply, but on its being repeated he said, "Silence is consent."

The Committee then held a private session, and adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to whom shall be referred the petition and other documents and papers this day submitted to this Committee in relation to the organization of the party in the City of New-York. That such Committee be and it is hereby directed to investigate the matters alleged in said petition and papers, and report thereon to this Committee at a future meeting to be held at the call of the Chairman, of which fifteen days' notice shall be given in the TIMES and TRIBUNE, in addition to the usual written notice to members.

The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen as the Committee provided for in the above resolution:

J. H. Ramsey, George Opdyke, Richard Crowley, Stephen B. French, Henry S. Vandecarr.

The State Committee then adjourned subject to the call of the Chair. After the adjournment the Committee of five decided to hold their first meeting on the 3d of January, 1871.

BROOKLYN POLITICS.

Kings County Republican General Committee—A Disgraceful Scene Occasioned by a Messenger Between Mr. Jacob Worth and Col. Morton.

The final meeting of the Republican General Committee of Kings County for the present year, was held last evening in Commonwealth Hall, GEO. C. BENNETT in the chair.

The report of the Committee appointed to look after the reorganizing of the Ninth Ward was read and supported by Mr. FISHER in an able speech, which, however, was frequently interrupted by Mr. DAVENPORT, who called Mr. FISHER naughty names. Mr. FISHER replied in the same spirit. The matter, however, was finally laid on the table.

The Sixteenth Ward and its Board of Inspectors proved to be the special apple of discord for the evening. The ward, it appears, was reorganized some two months ago, under special supervision of the General Committee. Now, however, it appears that two of these men, respectively named BUSS and YARRICK, have been discovered to be Democrats in their sympathies. In justice to the people of the ward, Mr. FISHER said he thought the General Committee should remove them and appoint substitutes. The Chair, however, ruled the consideration of the matter out of order.

Mr. J. WORTH, a representative of the ward, insisted upon explaining the condition of the ward and the actions of the men who, he said, were seeking to control it through the General Committee.

Col. MORTON appealed from the decision of the Chair, and thought that it was matter for the act of all that the point be firmly settled. The Chair, in reply, said the Colonel, whether the Committee has power to remove these men, is an old one, and has caused no little trouble. (At this point the Colonel was interrupted by Mr. WORTH, who said, "I call the gentleman to order for stating what is not true upon the floor of this Committee.")

Col. MORTON—What I state is true.

Mr. WORTH—I repeat that it is not true, and defy the gentleman to prove it.

Mr. MORTON—If you say so again I will knock you down.

Mr. WORTH—The—you will; try it.

Acting upon the invitation thus extended, the Colonel rushed at his opponent and dealt him a stunning blow between the eyes. WORTH, however, lost no time in replying in the same style. Both his fists were sent with tremendous force against the Colonel's physiognomy. They then clutched each other and commenced to wrestle and punch with great assiduity. The noise then became unusual for all description. A general rush was made for the spot occupied by the two contestants, and in a moment the whole mass seemed to be engaged in the fight. Not content with using their fists, some seized chairs and sent them spinning at the heads of their adversaries. One poor fellow, a mere looker-on, was almost killed by one of these missiles. In the midst of all this, the Secretary moved to adjourn. The motion was put by the Chairman, and carried by the few who remained out of the fight; and thus the Committee, whose career has been one long disgrace, passed out of existence. The fight had not lost its fury. Cries of "Give it to him, JACKEY," "Put a head on him," &c., were heard on all sides, while JACKEY was, of course, doing his utmost to carry out these instructions. At last good sense prevailed, and the two principal combatants were separated, both thoroughly bruised and wearied, and it is to be hoped heartily ashamed of themselves.

Effect of the War in Europe on American Exports.

It is an old and true proverb that sets forth "it's an ill wind that blows nobody any good," and this has been especially manifested during the Franco-Prussian war, and the serious interruption it has occasioned to the manufacturing interests of both belligerent Powers, and, strange to say, in no article of necessity or luxury has this been more strongly felt than in piano-fortes.

The music-loving people of all Europe, and many other foreign countries, depend upon the principal manufacturers of Paris and Berlin for first-class pianos, and although the export of American pianos to Europe and other parts of the world has vastly increased since the World's Fair at Paris, in 1867, where American pianos, and especially those exhibited by Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS, achieved such a signal triumph, yet the Paris and Berlin manufacturers, on account of lower prices and greater proximity, supplied by far the greater part of the piano demand.

The blockade of the German ports has rendered the supply from Germany inaccessible to the outside world, while the great Parisian piano factories, having been located outside the walls, have, in consequence of the siege, been razed to the ground. The result is a largely increased export of American pianos, and especially those of Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS, who are in receipt of such numerous and pressing orders for grand and upright pianos from foreign countries, that in spite of their vast manufacturing facilities they can only partially supply the new demand. During the single month of November last, out of two hundred and forty new pianos sold by them, no less than fifty-six grand and upright pianos were shipped to foreign countries. Of these, six went to Odessa, on the Black Sea, via London, three to St. Petersburg, two to Stockholm, three to Madrid, one to Amsterdam, two to Nice, via Havre, (where they now are with every prospect of going through a siege,) and the balance to Central and South America. Thus, it seems, that not only American manufacturers of arms, but other branches of trade are directly benefited by the war.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

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Addresses will be made by WM. E. MARTIN, on "The Relations of Science to Religion;" Rev. A. A. BIRKBECK, on "Social Hymns;" JOHN W. FIERSON, on "Christ, Principles of Adjustment;" and by EDGAR S. VAN WINKLE.
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REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The business at the Real Estate Exchange was very dull, yesterday, and the only operation of note was the sale by A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., under direction of THADDEUS H. LANE, Esq., referee, of premises No. 30 Avenue A, 22 by 76 feet, being a four-story tenement-house covering the entire lot, for $20,500.

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

Henry-st., n. s., lot No. 103, Henry Rutgers' map, 25x87.6 ..... $5,000
12th-st., n. s., between Irving-place and 3d-av., lot No. 188, C. T. Williams', 25x103.3 21,500
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42d-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Madison-av., 50x100.5 18,000
121st-st., s. s., 325 ft. e. of 4th-av., 40x100.11, June 1869 4,800
Hester-st. and 8th-av., n. e. corner, 82x100.11x175x100.11x150x204.10 61,000
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Douglass-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Smith-st., 18.8x100, h. and l. 4,000
Hancock-st., n. w. s., 400 ft. s. s. of Evergreen-av., 25x76.6 250
Kent-st., e. s., 140 ft. w. of Marcy-av., 25x100 1,000
Jefferson-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Ralph-av., 40x100x100x100 4,300
Lefferts-place, n. s., 225 ft. e. of Grand-av., 25x98 10,000
Myrtle-av., s. s., 300 ft. e. of Central-av., 50x100 1,500
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Issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East and West Indies, and South America.

Demand and time bills of exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, cable transfers.

Demand drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and San Francisco. Bills collected, and other banking business transacted.

JOHN PATON,
ARCH'D MCKINLAY, } Agents.

OFFICE OF THE MARYLAND COAL COMPANY, NO. 12 TRINITY BUILDING, NEW-YORK, DEC. 19, 1870.

AT AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS, held on the 12th inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors of the MARYLAND COAL COMPANY for the ensuing year:

James Hoy, New-York.	Harry Durand, New-York.
Chas. L. Anthony, New-York.	Chester W. Chapin, Springfield, Mass.
Saml. T. Barger, New-York.	Richard Sullivan, Boston.
Henry R. Kunhardt, New-York.	James H. Hoyt, Stamford, Conn.
Elliott F. Shepard, New-York.	David T. Hotchkiss, New-Haven, Conn.
Henry L. Dyer, New-York.	

And at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, HARRY CONRAD was elected President; HENRY R. RUNHARDT, Vice-President, and LARRY E. HOY, Secretary and Treasurer.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, CORNER VESEY AND CLIFF, NEW-YORK, OCT. 26, 1870.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held at their office, in the City of New-York, on Friday, Oct. 14, inst., the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That an installment of twenty-five dollars (25) per share upon the scrip stock of this Company is and is hereby called for; payable on Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1871.

In conformity with the above resolution, the transfer books will be closed on the 24th day of December next, and remain closed until the 3d day of January, 1871, both days inclusive.

Stockholders will, in all cases when making payment, have the coupon thereof brought with the certificates in order that the payment of said installment may be indorsed thereupon. By order of the Board.

JOHN T. SHELTON, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1870.

IN ADDITION TO OUR ESTABLISHED business of Brokerage in Gold, Foreign Exchange and Government Securities, we are now prepared to transact a Commission Business in all classes of Railroad Bonds and Stocks, State Bonds and Stock listed at the New-York Stock Exchange, which we offer unrepresented by Mr. C. A. Gaynor.

CHAS. UNGER & CO.,
No. 46 Exchange-place.

OFFICE OF THE WORLD MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., NEW-YORK, DEC. 8, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at the office, No. 156 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next, between the hours of 12 and 1 P. M.

W. F. PRENTICE, Secretary pro tem.

MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next, between the hours of 11 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

N. AMERMAN, Cashier.

STUYVESANT BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house, No. 10 Broadway, on TUESDAY, Jan. 3, 1871, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

JOHN VAN ORDEN, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the Government Security Life Insurance Company of New-York will be held at the office of the Company, No. 17 Warren-st., on TUESDAY, Jan. 3, 1871, between the hours of 12 and 1 P. M.

FINANCIAL.

Montclair Railway

NEW-JERSEY

7 PER CENT.

GOLD

1ST MORTGAGE

BONDS,

INDORSED BY THE

NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO

Midland Railroad Co.,

FOR SALE IN

DENOMINATIONS

OF

$1,000, $500 AND $100.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

EXCHANGED AT MARKET RATES.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR AND MAP.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,

BANKERS,

NO. 10 WALL-ST.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

COLLECTIONS.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

(The oldest on Incorporated Bank)

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Have unusual facilities for making Collections in any part of the Union or Canada, with immediate Returns, at the very lowest Current Rates.

4 PER CENT. ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

8 per Cent. Interest

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD COMPANY,

Principal and Interest Payable in Gold.

[illegible] MILES COMPLETED, and in operation, the entire road will be completed and in full operation [illegible] ONLY 4 MILES OF TRACK ARE TO BE LAID TO COMPLETE THE ROAD. Mortgage at the rate of [illegible] per mile. [illegible] and accrued interest. We offer the [illegible] bonds, and will forward them [illegible] receipt of the money.

W. P. CONVERSE & CO.,
No. 54 Pine-st.

TANNER & CO.,
No. 49 Wall-st.

V. K. STEVENSON & SON,
No. 11 Pine-st., New-York,
OFFER FOR SALE THE FIRST MORTGAGE 8 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL IN GOLD, GUARANTEED BY STATE OF ALABAMA.

Length of road from Montgomery to Decatur, 183 miles; from Montgomery to Selma, 50 miles; road now on the ground, which will complete 183 miles, being but 46 to complete, upon which a large amount of work has been done. Land grant over 1,000 acres; road business good, and through connections increasing.

Income and freight earns six New York running over one road from Montgomery to New-York, which makes the AVAILABLE 10 New-York, and interest on the bonds is but 8 per cent. Thus there is sufficient to meet the interest on all bonds issued.

The Bond is thrice times secured:

First—By the Income of the road.

Second—By the Guarantee of the State of Alabama.

Third—By the LARGE capital INVESTED in the road.

Either of which is sufficient to secure the bonds. Price 95 and accrued interest, in currency. For map, pamphlets, &c., apply to or address the agents.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
TREASURY OFFICE,
COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 12, 1870.

The "FIRE LOAN" BONDS of this State, amounting to $300,000, (three hundred and four thousand, four hundred and forty-three dollars and eighty-nine cents,) due in 1870, will be paid in gold on and after Dec. 31, 1870, at the Bank of the State, Bank and Trust Company, in Columbia, and at the banking-house of H. S. Kimpton, No. 9 Nassau-st., New-York.

NILES G. PARKER,
Treasurer State of South Carolina.

JAMES G. KING'S SONS, BANKERS, NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

Issue letters of credit in London and Paris, available in all the principal cities of Europe, Asia, Africa and South America. Also, on Calcutta, Shanghai, Yokohama, Manila, Melbourne and Sydney. Also, on Canada, Mexico, Havana, Rio Janeiro, Buenos Ayres, Valparaiso, Lima, Panama, Aspinwall, Kingston and Nassau. Also, on Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburgh and Chicago.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 35 WALL-ST., CORNER WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, DEC. 15, 1870.

THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY will close on the 31st inst., preparatory to the annual statement to Policy-holders, on the business transacted during the year prior to the 1st of January next, as required by law. Statement of the business thereon and a statement of all claims for losses or premiums, to prevent disputes, will be presented.

J. H. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, DEC. 20, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting other proceeding elections, will be held at their banking-house, on TUESDAY, the 10th of January, 1871, between the hours of 11 and 1 o'clock. The transfer-books will be closed from the 24th inst. to the 11th, inclusive.

ANTHONY LANE, Cashier.

NATIONAL BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, NEW-YORK, DEC. 21, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking-house, 124 Bowery, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next, between the hours of 11 and 1 P. M.

G. G. HEINCHERHOFF, Cashier.

NINTH NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking-house, No. 650 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 10th of January next, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.

CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

NINTH NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking-house, No. 467 and 469 Broadway, on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1871, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.

JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

(GROCERS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking-house, on the 10th day of January next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock.

SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1870.

TRANSFER-BOOKS OF THE MORRIS and Essex Railroad Company will be closed from morning of Dec. 21 till morning of Jan. 2, 1871.

A. J. ODELL, Treasurer.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DESIRABLE IMPROVED and unimproved City, and Brooklyn improved real estate; mortgages promptly cashed; principals only deal with.

WM. SINCLAIR, Jr., & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

TO INVESTORS.

I have for sale, at low prices, first-class guaranteed

RAILROAD

AND

MUNICIPAL BONDS,

paying 7½ to 10 per cent. interest on the cost.

NO. 24 NASSAU-ST.

O. E. WOOD.

DIVIDENDS.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 227 SOUTH 3RD-ST., PHILADELPHIA, NOV. 30, 1870.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The transfer-books of this Company will be closed on WEDNESDAY, the 14th of December next, and a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS, free of Tax, payable on and after Dec. 20, 1870, will be paid to the Stockholders, as shown by the books of the Company, on the 14th day of December next.

The transfer-books will be reopened on SATURDAY, Dec. 24, 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A. L. PITCHARD, Treasurer.

OFFICE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1870.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, the Western Pacific Railroad Company, and the California and Oregon Railroad Company, due Jan. 1, 1871, will be paid in gold, free of tax, at the office of FISK & HATCH, Bankers, No. 5 Nassau-st. Schedules of twenty or more coupons will be received for examination on and after the 20th inst., and payment will be made on the 30th inst.

HUNTINGTON,
Vice-President Central Pacific Railroad Co.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 15 William-st.

IN ORDER TO FACILITATE THE examination and payment of the coupons of this company, due Jan. 1, 1871, holders are notified that by sending their coupons to the Treasurer's office, at any time prior to the 20th inst., they will be furnished with receipts for the amount payable thereon, free of all taxes, in the United States tax, on the afternoon of SATURDAY, the 31st inst., after 12 o'clock M.

F. R. TOWNE, Treasurer.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, BOSTON, Dec. 14, 1870.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, due Jan. 1, 1871, will be paid in gold, free of Government tax, on and after that date, at the office of the Company in Boston and at the banking-house of Morton, Rose & Co., New-York. Schedules of coupons will be received for examination on and after the 20th inst.

JOHN M. S. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE OF THE ROME, WATERTOWN AND OGDENSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY, ROME, N. Y., Dec. 12, 1870.

THE COUPONS DUE JAN. 1, 1871, on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Rome and Ogdensburg Railroad Company will be paid on presentation at the office of Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, in the City of New-York, on and after the 24 day of January, 1871.

JOHN C. ERODEBAUGH, President.

OFFICE OF LAWRENCE BROS. & CO., NO. 16 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, DEC. 15, 1870.

THE INTEREST COUPONS MATURING on the 1st day of January next on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Cleveland, Mount Vernon and Delaware Railroad Company will be paid in gold at the Office of LAWRENCE BROS. & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., on and after that date.

R. C. HURD, President.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 12, 1870.

OFFICE OF THE MARYLAND COAL COMPANY, NO. 12 TRINITY BUILDING, NEW-YORK, Dec. 12, 1870.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have this day declared a Dividend of Three per Cent., on the capital stock, payable on and after Dec. 20, 1870.

The transfer-books will be closed from Dec. 20 to 30 inclusive.

By order of the Board.

HENRY R. HOY, Secretary.

BANK OF AMERICA, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1870.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of the Bank of America have this day declared a Dividend of Five per Cent. for the current six months, free from tax, payable to the stockholders on and after Friday, Dec. 23, 1870.

The transfer-books will remain closed from this date until the morning of Jan. 3, 1871.

ROBERT JAFFRAY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE GRIEBS MOUNTAIN COAL COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1870.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable on and after Jan. 31, 1871.

The transfer-books will be closed from Dec. 22 to 31st inclusive, both days inclusive.

CHARLES RUNYON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 15 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1870.

NOTICE.—A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND one-half per Cent. has this day been declared on the capital stock of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad Company, payable at this office on 20th inst.

The transfer-books will close on the 12th inst. and reopen on the 21 of January, 1871.

R. M. JESUP, President.

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1870.

THIRTY-THIRD DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Four (4) per Cent. from the earnings of the current six months, payable, free of tax, on the 2d of January.

The transfer-book will be closed Dec. 21, 1870, and reopened Jan. 3, 1871.

C. N. TIMPSON, Cashier.

THE COUPONS OF THE NEW-YORK and Oswego Midland Railroad First Mortgage Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds, due Jan. 1, 1871, will be paid in gold, free of tax, on and after that date, at the office of the Company in Boston and at the banking-house of GEORGE OPDYKE & CO., No. 24 Nassau-st., New-York.

The transfer-books of the registered bonds will close on the 24th inst., and open on Jan. 2, 1871.

D. C. LITTLEJOHN, President.

OSWEGO, Dec. 16, 1870.

NATIONAL SEED AND LEATHER BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1870.

THIRTY-FOURTH DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have, this day, declared a dividend of Six (6) per Cent., from the earnings of the last six months, payable on the 2d of January next. The transfer-book will be closed Dec. 20, 1870, and reopened Jan. 3, 1871.

J. M. CRANE, Cashier.

COUPONS OF THE EAST TENNESSEE, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company, due 1st January, will be paid on and after that date as follows:

First mortgage seven per cent. coupons, paid at the Gallatin National Bank.

Other coupons, at the office of R. T. WILSON & CO., No. 44 Broad-st., New-York.

R. T. WILSON, President.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD CO., NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1870.

THIS COMPANY HAS DECLARED a dividend of Six per Cent., payable on 31st December inst., in stock of Morris and Essex Railroad Company.

Transfer-books will be closed until morning of Jan. 2.

A. J. ODELL, Treasurer.

THE IMPORTERS' & TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 17, 1870.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, free of all tax, has this day been declared by this bank, payable on the 31st inst.

The transfer-books will remain closed until the 1st of January.

E. H. PERRINS, Jr., Cashier.

HANOVER NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1870.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of FOUR per Cent., payable on the 31st day of December instant.

The transfer-book will be closed from the 31st to the 31st instant.

JNO. T. BANKER, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 13, 1870.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a Dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT., free of tax, payable on the 27th of December, 1870.

The transfer-books will remain closed until the 3d of January, 1871.

J. L. WORRE, Cashier.

CORN EXCHANGE BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1870.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAS this day declared a dividend of Five (5) per Cent., payable free of tax.

The transfer-books will be closed on the 24th inst., and reopen on the 3d inst. By order,

W. A. FAILE, Cashier.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1870.

A DIVIDEND OF FOURTEEN PER CENT. of the net earnings of the last six months, payable on and after MONDAY, Jan. 16, 1871.

FRANCIS F. SCHOALS, President.
WM. H. WORRALL, Sec. PETER CUMMING, Asst.

MECHANICS' AND TRADESMEN'S SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 726 BOWERY, NEAR HOUSTON-ST.

SIX PER CENT. interest allowed on all sums from $5 to $10,000. Deposits made now draw interest from Jan. 1. GERMAN SPOKEN. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7.

ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Sec'y.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK, NOS. 1 AND 3 THIRD-AV., NEW-YORK, opposite Cooper Institute. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on ALL SUMS $5 and upward.

ONE DOLLAR RECEIVED.

INTEREST COMMENCES JAN. 1, on deposits made now.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK, Corner of 32d-st. and 3d-av.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock. Six per cent. interest paid on all sums from $1 to $6,000.

HARLEM SAVINGS BANK—CORNER 125th-st. and 3d-av.—Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; also on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS from 5 to 7 P. M. Deposits made now draw interest from Jan. 1.

THOS. B. TAPPEN, President.
JOHN S. RUTTY, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, No. 186 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1870.

DIVIDEND.—THE TRUSTEES OF THIS Company have declared a Dividend of Four per Cent., payable Dec. 21, 1870.

Transfer-books closed from the 20th of December until Dec. 31.

JAMES BERRIAN, Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, CORNER 4TH-AV. AND 32D-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1870.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have declared a dividend of Four per Cent., from the earnings of the last six months, free of Government tax, payable on the 21st day of December, 1870, to the stockholders of record on the 20th day of December, 1870, at this office. The transfer-books will be closed on the 20th day of December, 1870, and opened on the 4th day of January, 1871.

G. VANDERBILT, Jr., Treasurer.

MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY.—The Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of 5 per cent on the preferred stock, payable in money on Dec. 31, 1870, and 5 per cent on the common stock, payable in common stock on Dec. 31, 1870; upon condition that the stockholders authorize the issue of the necessary additional stock.

The transfer-books will be closed Dec. 16, at 3 P. M., and reopened Jan. 3, 1871, at 10 A. M.

JAMES M. MCKINLAY, Transfer Agent.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE AMERICAN MERCANTILE UNION EXPRESS CO., 348 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1870.

PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 7, BY-LAWS, THE Company have declared a Dividend of Three Dollars per share, payable on and after the 10th day of January next.

THOS. MCELRATH, Secretary.

INVING NATIONAL BANK, GREENWICH-ST., CORNER WARREN, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1870.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. free of tax, has this day been declared, payable on the 21st inst.

The transfer-books will remain closed until Jan. 3, 1871.

J. L. JEWETT, Jr., Cashier.

THE BANK OF NE

SHIPPING.

THE ANCHOR LINE ON STEAMERS sail every SATURDAY, and alternate WEDNESDAY to and from Glasgow and Londonderry, touching at Moville to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Continental Europe, Norway, Sweden or Denmark, as cheap, as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other Route or line.

"EXPRESS" STEAMERS.

Europa	Sat. Dec. 17	Helvetia	Wed. Jan. 11
Caledonia	Sat. Dec. 31	Cambroman	Wed. Jan. 18
Anglia	Sat. Jan. 7	Hibernian	Wed. Jan. 25
Australia	Sat. Jan. 14	Persia	Wed. Feb. 8
India	Sat. Jan. 21	Britannia	Wed. Feb. 15
Columbia	Sat. Jan. 28	Russia	Wed. Mar. 2

and every SATURDAY and alternate WEDNESDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, New-York, at noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN GOLD, TO LIVERPOOL, QUEENSTOWN OR GLASGOW, OR DERRY.

First Cabin, Red and Blue Decks, according to location.....$80 to $100
Cabin, commanding Saloon, Gold Medal Deck, and Midship Deck, according to location.....$80
Intermediate, $40. Steerage, $30.

Tickets at Reduced Rates for Children under 12 years of age.

Through Bills of Lading given for Baggage, which can be bought there by those who have passed from their friends.

Drafts issued payable in any part of Ireland, Scotland, England, Wales, or the Continent.

Apply at the Company's offices, to

HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.

Batavia, Wednesday, Dec. 28, at 4 A. M.
Tripoli, Thursday, Dec. 29, at 10 A. M.
Russia, Wednesday, Jan. 11, at 7 A. M.
Palestine, Thursday, Jan. 12, at 10 A. M.
Parthia, Wednesday, Jan. 18, at 7 A. M.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By the Wednesday Steamers.

First Cabin, Red, gold-ornamented Saloon, $80 gold.
First Cabin, Blue, gold-ornamented Saloon, $80 currency.

By the Thursday Steamers.

First Cabin, Red, gold-ornamented Saloon, $80 gold.
First Cabin, Blue, gold-ornamented Saloon, $80 currency.

Steerage Passage, Through Bills of Lading given for Railroad, Glasgow, and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Passengers booked to and from Paris, Havre, Antwerp and other points on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage apply at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF LONDON.....Saturday, Dec. 24, 7 A. M.
CITY OF CORK, (via Halifax).....
CITY OF BROOKLYN.....Saturday, Dec. 31, 8 A. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS.....Saturday, Jan. 7, 7 A. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier 45, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	35
To Halifax, N. S.	20	To Halifax, N. S.	15

Passengers also forwarded to Antwerp, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg and Havre, at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information, apply at the Company's Office, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

JOHN DALE, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL, (VIA QUEENSTOWN), CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

IDAHO, Capt. PRICE.....Dec. 21, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. GERIN.....Dec. 28, at 10½ A. M.
COLORADO, Capt. W. PETTIGREW.....Jan. 4, at —
WISCONSIN, Capt. WILLIAMS.....Jan. 11, at —
MANHATTAN, Capt. FORSYTH.....Jan. 18, at —
MINNESOTA, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN.....Jan. 25, at —

Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 20 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to

WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 65 Wall-st.

NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, From Pier No. 47 North River.

ENGLAND, Wednesday, Dec. 28, at 8 A. M.
PENNSYLVANIA, Lawton, Saturday, Dec. 31, at 11 A. M.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $75 and $80, currency; steerage, $35 currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $35 currency.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

P. W. J. HURST, Manager.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

LAFAYETTE.....ROMAN.....SATURDAY, Dec. 31
VILLE DE PARIS.....SORMONT.....SATURDAY, Jan. 28

For freight or passage apply to

GEO. MADEN, Agent, No. 55 Broadway.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL, UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.

NORTH AMERICA, Capt. G. R. SLOUN, Dec. 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. Hy. Hale, Jan. 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. R. L. THELEPAUGH, Feb. 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or cabin passage apply to

W. P. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

SAN DOMINGO LINE FOR PUERTO PLATA AND SAMANA AND SAN DOMINGO CITY.

The United States mail steam-ship

HYDER,

Capt. E. A. DELANO,

will leave Pier No. 4 North River, for the above ports, on THURSDAY, Dec. 29, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply to

SPOFFORD BROTHERS & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

U. S. MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, sailing regularly every THURSDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., touching from Pier No. 4 North River.

MISSOURI, Capt. E. B. SHERMAN.....Dec. 22
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS (via Nassau).....Dec. 29
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE.....Jan. 5

For freight or passage apply to

A. W. DIMOCK, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P., CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, will sail Dec. 15, at 2 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to

A. W. DIMOCK, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.—New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier No. 17 East River, at 3 P. M.

CLEOPATRA, Phillips.....Thursday, Dec. 29
CITY OF MEXICO, Timmerman.....Saturday, Jan. 7
CLEOPATRA, Phillips.....Wednesday, Jan. 18
CITY OF MERIDA, Dennis.....Saturday, Jan. 28

For freight or passage apply to

F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 22 Broadway.

Cleopatra goes to Havana only; takes no passengers.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:

First Class.	Steerage.
$135 to $170.	$60.

according to the location of berth.

These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 3 P. M., on

ON 6TH AND 20TH OF EACH MONTH,

except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

JAN. 4, OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. CONNER, connecting with COLORADO, Capt. PARKER.

Departure of 20th every month will touch at San Juan, Guatemala.

Steamer AMERICA will leave San Francisco Feb. 4, 1871, for China and Japan.

All freight for San Francisco will go fast, and be received until 4 P. M. Tuesday, Jan. 3.

Freight for Central America and South Pacific ports will be received until 4 P. M. on Saturday, Dec. 31, 1870, only. All the usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.

For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office, Pier No. 42 North River.

F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CRESSMAN, THURSDAY, Dec. 22, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 3 P. M.

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 45 Liberty-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, Dec. 24, from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 P. M.

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Dec. 24, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.

R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 44 West-st.

LEO, Capt. DRAEGER, TUESDAY, Dec. 27, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 63 South-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PERCENT. Superior accommodations for passengers. Through indorsed bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

G. D. WYNNE, Agent, A. & G. R. R.
GEORGE WYNNE, Agent G. R. R.
No. 229 Broadway. No. 409 Broadway.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or continuous going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who will avoid the expense of a Courier, should always leave Paris (without trouble) their valises are invaluable in relieving the travel from difficulty of carse and trouble respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage; in securing the best accommodation, in procuring an interpreter from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 4 Rue Castex, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

SHIPPING.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

Old line, low freight.

The well-known first-class iron-hulled screw-ship

MENEVILLE,

J. B. BAKER, Commander,

will leave Pier No. 36 North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 24, at 3 P. M. Freight taken for Mobile, Galveston, Lavacca, Indianola, and all points on the Mississippi and Ohio Rivers, to be reshipped at New-Orleans.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 45 Liberty-st.

Steam-ship VICTOR will follow from Pier No. 20 East River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 31.

P. H. MALLORY & CO., No. 158 Maiden-lane.

DELAWARE AND NEW-YORK S. S. CO.—Pier No. 2 N. R.—The steamer W. W. Coit will leave for Lewes, Del., Monday and Thursday, at 4 P. M., taking freight for all points on the Junction and Breakwater and Delaware Railroads. Returning, leaves Lewes Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 P. M.

For freight and passage apply at office on pier.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 308 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

Gent's Furnishing Goods

FOR

THE HOLIDAYS.

TIES, CRAVATS, GLOVES, HOSIERY.

CARTWRIGHT & WARNER'S UNDERVESTS AND PANTS, AT LOW PRICES.

Lord & Taylor,

BROADWAY, CORNER 20TH-ST.

CHEAP DRESSES,

CUT IN DRESS LENGTHS, AND ARRANGED ON COUNTERS FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF CUSTOMERS, AND SOLD AT

Fifty Cents on the Dollar

AT

Lord & Taylor's,

BROADWAY AND 20TH-ST.

GRAND-ST. AND CHRYSTIE.

AT E. RIDLEY'S & SON,

GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK P. M. FOR THE SELECTION OF CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

SILK VELVETS, SASH AND BONNET RIBBONS, FURS, CLOAK AND DRESS TRIMMINGS, SILK FRINGES. CHEAPEST GOODS OF THE SEASON IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

FEATHERS AND FLOWERS.

TWENTY PIECES MORE OF SHADED SILK VELVETS, 22 INCHES WIDE, $1 50 PER YARD, LESS THAN HALF VALUE.

SASH RIBBONS, &c. and &c. PER YARD, 6 and 7 INCHES WIDE.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SON, NOS. 209, 211 AND 213 GRAND-ST. NOS. 63, 65 AND 70 ALLEN-ST. FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

HOLIDAY DEPARTMENT

AT E. RIDLEY'S & SON, GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK P. M., FOR THE SELECTION OF CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

ALL SORTS OF DOLLS FROM FIVE CENTS EACH.

DOLLS—Stout, &c. to 10c.
DOLLS—Winking and Crying, 18c., 20c., 25c., 38c., and 75c.
DOLLS—Speaking, $1 each.
CHINA SETS, TOOL CASES, 25c. and 50c. each.
CANDY BOXES, CARVED GOODS, BASKETS, HAND MIRRORS.
JEWEL CASES, PERFUMERY STANDS.
FANCY BOXES, 25c., 50c. and 75c. each.
SEWING-MACHINES, 75c. each.
CARVED CIGAR-STANDS, 50c., 75c. and $1 each and up.
BOXES FOR JEWELRY, HANDKERCHIEFS AND GLOVES.
WRITING-DESKS, 25c., 75c. and $1 each and up.
WATCH AND INKSTAND, 25c. and 50c. each.
ALBUMS, TOILET CASES, and 700 Thousand other varieties to which attention is invited.
CRATES SATCHELS, 50c., 75c., $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 00.
GILT AND STEEL JEWELRY, SLEEVE BUTTONS, PERFUMERY, SOAPS.
EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS, from 50c. each.
LOT OF COMICS, 25c. and 50c. half price.

This Department extends through to second floor, filled with bargains.

EDWARD RIDLEY'S & SON, NOS. 209, 211 AND 213 GRAND-ST. NOS. 63, 65 AND 70 ALLEN-ST. FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

AT E. RIDLEY'S & SON,

STORE OPEN UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK P. M. FOR THE SELECTION OF CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

HAT ROOM.

All our stock of FELTS, VELVETS, PLUSHES and SILKS, assortable for LADIES, MISSES, INFANTS AND BOYS, reduced one-third below last week's prices.

OUR STOCK OF KNITTED AND WOVEN WORSTED GOODS CLEARING AT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

LARGEST STOCK IN THIS CITY.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SON, NOS. 209, 211 AND 213 GRAND-ST. NOS. 63, 65 AND 70 ALLEN-ST. FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

AT E. RIDLEY'S & SON, GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK P. M., FOR THE SELECTION OF CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

KID GLOVES.

THE BEST DOLLAR KID GLOVE IN THE WORLD.

Colors superb. Every pair warranted. PERINOTS, one and two buttons; full assortment.

Look at our

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS BARGAINS.

EDWARD RIDLEY'S & SON, NOS. 209, 211 AND 213 GRAND-ST. NOS. 63, 65 AND 70 ALLEN-ST. FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

AT E. RIDLEY'S & SON,

GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK P. M., FOR THE SELECTION OF CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, MOTTOES, NAMES.
PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.
HEMSTITCH HANDKERCHIEFS.
LACE HANDKERCHIEFS.
COLLARS, CUFFS, SLEEVES.

IMMENSE ASSORTMENT OF

REAL AND CHEAP LACES,

CLEARING AT ABOUT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

ALL PURCHASED FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SON, Nos. 209, 211, 213 Grand, 63, 65 and 70 Allen-st. Fifth block east from the Bowery.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

A. T. STEWART & CO. ARE EXHIBITING ELEGANT NOVELTIES IN READY-MADE VELVET, SILK AND POPLIN SUITS.

ORGANDIE AND SWISS DRESS—NO EM TRAIN.

VELVET AND CLOTH POLONAISES.

SACKS, REAL SEAL SKIN AND ASTRAKHAN SACKS, MINK, ERMINE AND BLACK MARTEN SACQUES, CAPES, COLLARS, MUFFS, BOAS, &c.

AND THE LARGEST AND MOST ELEGANT STOCK OF REAL INDIA CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS EVER OFFERED BY THEM.

BROADWAY, 4TH-AV., 9TH AND 10TH-STS.

FURS FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

MINK SETS, $25 and up.
BLACK MARTEN SETS, $35.
ERMINE SETS, $30 and up.
ASTRAKHAN SACKS, $25, reduced from $35.
SEAL SACKS, $85, worth $60.
MISSES' SETS, $2 50 and up.
CARRIAGE and SLEIGH ROBES at reduced prices.

All goods strictly as represented.

BURKE, No. 241 (late of No. 490) Broadway. Branch at No. 128 Fulton-st.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Holiday Goods, such as Toys, Dolls, Games, Gloves, Handkerchiefs and Work-boxes, Dressing Cases, Card-receivers, Bonbon-boxes, Toilet Sets, Vienna Leather Goods, real Jet and French doll Jewelry, fine Ivory, Shell and Silk Fans, elegant Sash Ribbons and Neckties, Kitchen and Lace Sets, Worsted Embroideries in new and beautiful designs, Slippers, Cushions, Ottomans, &c., fine Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas, Lace Parasols, &c., &c.

FRIEND PITTS, No. 302 Broadway, between 17th and 18th sts.

DRY GOODS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will make on MONDAY, Dec. 19 large additions to their popular stock of

HOLIDAY DRESSES, DIAGONAL PLAID SERGES, PLAID FRENCH POPLINS, CHENE POPLINS, ALPACAS, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PRINTS, &c., &c., CUT IN DRESS LENGTHS AND MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

ALSO,

Much below the cost of importation.

N. B.—For the convenience of customers the above will be placed on a separate counter.

BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

GENUINE FURS.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. Will offer during the SEASON SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS in

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S FURS, SABLE, MINK, ERMINE, SEAL AND ASTRAKHAN CLOAKS, CARRIAGE ROBES, FUR TRIMMINGS, &c. &c. AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

CHEAP SILKS FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will offer MONDAY, 19th, a large lot of FANCY STRIPED SILKS AT 75c. PER YARD, former price, $1 25.

BLACK AND COLORED CHANGEABLE SILKS, FAIR QUALITY, RICH HIGH LUSTRE, AT $1 25 PER YARD (value $1 75.)

ALSO,

A fine assortment of PLAIN, COLORED, FANCY STRIPED and BLACK SILKS, GENUINE MANUFACTURES, AT EQUALLY LOW PRICES.

BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will open on MONDAY, Dec. 19, a large and elegant line of LADIES' and GENTS' SCARFS and TIES, NEW SHAPES AND COLORS, SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS, &c.

A large and choice assortment of GENTLEMEN'S ROBES DE CHAMBRE AND BREAKFAST JACKETS, AT POPULAR PRICES.

SPECIALTY

ROBES DE CHAMBRE, BREAKFAST JACKETS, SHIRTS, COLLARS and CUFFS, made to order.

ALSO,

HOSIERY AND UNDER-GARMENTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., will offer MONDAY, 19th, a large lot of PLAID SERGE AND POPLIN SUITS, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

ALSO,

WALKING SUITS, CLOTH AND VELVET CLOAKS, AT EQUALLY LOW PRICES.

BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

LACES AND FRENCH EMBROIDERIES.

AT PANIC PRICES.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will offer on MONDAY, 19th, a large and valuable stock of these goods at ABOUT ONE-HALF THE COST OF PRODUCTION, having been purchased at the manufacturers at RUINOUS SACRIFICES IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE PRUSSIAN ADVANCE.

BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH-ST.

BLACK VELVETEENS,

Silk Finish, from $1 to $2 50 per Yard, the Handsomest Goods in the Trade, at JACKSON'S, Corner Waverley-place and Broadway;

BROADWAY

QUALITY OF BOOTS AND SHOES AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

CANTRELL, No. 241 4th-av., between 18th and 19th sts.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!

WILSON'S OLD STAND, GREAT VARIETY OF NOVELTIES. VERY CHEAP. NO. 79 BOWERY. MAGICIANS' BOXES, &c.

BEAUTIFUL AND SUBSTANTIAL HOLIDAY PRESENTS. GOLD, SILVER AND IVORY-MOUNTED

WALKING CANES.

The largest, best and cheapest assortment in the City can be found at

A. COX'S SONS, NO. 95 Maiden-lane.

CATHOLIC PRESENTS.

Prayer-books, Bibles and juveniles, a choice assortment, in velvet, ivory, pearl and morocco, at the old stand.

JOHN D. LEE & BRO., Late Edward Dunigan & Bro., No. 139 Broadway, New-York.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGE.

ATE INSTITUTE, CLASSICAL, COMMERCIAL, ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN, No. 49 Washington-square, (south.)

GEO. W. CLASKE, PH. D., PRINCIPAL.

Prepares boys of all ages for business or college on reasonable terms, and opens its twenty-eighth academic year Sept. 12. For references and particulars see circular, to be had at the Institute, which parents are invited to visit.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL, 5TH-AV., CORNER 20TH-ST.

In the departments of ancient and modern languages, English and mathematics, reopens MONDAY, Sept. 12; the Primary Department Sept. 19, and the gymnasium Oct. 3. School hours, 9½ A. M. to 2½ P. M.

GARDNER INSTITUTE, BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, NO. 681 FIFTH-AVENUE. Rev. Dr. and Mrs. C. E. GARDNER, Principals.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG LADIES, TO JOIN one or two others in reviewing French and for French conversation; a particularly fine opportunity for private instruction. Address REVIEW, Station E.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, NYACK, ON THE HUDSON, N. Y.—The Fall term will commence Sept. 14. For circulars with full particulars, address Rev. I. EMLOS MASHFIELD, Principal.

A FIRST-CLASS SEMINARY FOR BOTH SEXES.—Board, furnished rooms, penmanship, washing, fuel, gymnastics, $200 per year. Address T. HANLON, Pennington, New-Jersey.

HOME INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding and day school for young ladies and children. For circulars address Miss M. METCALF, Principal.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y. A SCHOOL FOR BOYS. The school year will commence Sept. 14. For circulars, enter to D. S. BOWER, M. A., Principal.

DREW LADIES' SEMINARY, CARMEL, N. Y.—Spring session of 15 weeks begins Feb. 22. A safe and pleasant home; best educational advantages. Send for circular. Rev. GEO. C. SMITH, A. M.

AN INSTITUTION FOR THE INTELLECTUAL, Moral and Physical Culture of Ladies, Chappaqua, opened Jan. 3. Stanford Collegiate Institute, Stamford, Conn. ROBERT C. BLACK, A. M., Principal.

AMENIA SEMINARY—AMENIA, N. Y. A Boarding school for both sexes. Term begins Jan. 4. S. T. FROST, A. M., Principal.

ADDRESS A. P. LASHER, PENNINGTON, N. J., for circulars for one of the best and cheapest schools.

C. B. WARRING'S MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, at Poughkeepsie, New-York. Circulars sent.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding-school, for young ladies, New-Brunswick, N. J., will reopen Sept. 20.

MEDICAL.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER.

Essays for young men on great social evils and abuses, which interfere with marriage, with sure means of relief for the erring and unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent free of charge, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South 9th-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

DR. E. COBBETT, MEMBER OF the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted privately on certain diseases. A practice of 24 years, 10 of which have been a specialty, enables him to make speedy and permanent cures at no charge. Office, 29 Chambers-st., near Chambers. A private entrance at 8 City Hall-place.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A LARGE HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED room, on second floor, in first-class house, in 30th-st., east of Madison-av., will be rented to a single gentleman; no children or other boarders; references exchanged. Address with name, A. Z., Box No. 128 Times Office.

A LADY TEACHER DESIRES A FURNISHED room without board in a respectable family between 23d and 42d sts.; terms moderate; references required. Address, stating terms, H. M., Box 54 Tribune Office.

SECOND-STORY ROOM AND BEDROOM TO LET.—Southern exposure, two double beds, water-closet and bath adjoining; suitable for a party of gentlemen or gentleman and wife; first-class table; only two boarders in house. No. 38 East 4th-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED.—TWO OR three rooms, en suite or not, to one or more gentlemen; also, room on third floor; references exchanged. No. 46 East 32d-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

AN UNUSUAL CHANCE.—A GENTLEMAN desiring superior accommodations will find at 38 West 17th-st., near Broadway, two elegant rooms, furnished, without board, or single room; family private. References.

TO LET—TWO NICE ROOMS, WITHOUT board, to gentlemen only; a warm house, convenient to Third and Fourth-avenue cars. Apply at No. 6 4th-av.

AT MRS. WYCKOFF'S, 379 4TH-AV., whose Morning Calvary Church, she offers elegant rooms to let, with or without private table; vacated in consequence of a family unexpectedly leaving the City.

FIFTH-AVENUE.—A HANDSOMELY-furnished entire floor, en suite or singly, with board, private table if desired, in the first-class house No. 21 5th-av. References exchanged.

NO. 143 WEST 15TH-ST.—LARGE SECOND-story room to rent, with or without board, to one or two gentlemen; private family, no boarders.

TO LET—WITHOUT BOARD, IN A PRIVATE family, a furnished room; references required. Apply at No. 107 East 14th-st., near Union-square.

NO. 224 EAST 12TH-ST., BETWEEN 2d and 3d-aves.—Furnished rooms to let, with or without board; furniture and carpets of the house entirely new.

NO. 378 5TH-AV., SECOND FLOOR, A single or double room to let, to a gentleman or lady, with or without board; can be seen between 10 and 12 A. M. or 5 and 7 P. M.

SECOND FLOOR, COMMODIOUS AND handsomely furnished, with or without private table; also, other rooms with superior board; references required. No. 38 West 23d-st.

WEST 23D-ST., NO. 343.—A PLEASANT, well-furnished room for one person, at $10; also, a large room at $18, furnished.

TWO SINGLE ROOMS TO LET, with or without board, to gentlemen with reference. Apply at No. 168 East 26th-st.

NO. 28 WEST 12TH-ST.—HANDSOMELY-furnished room for a family or party of gentlemen; also single rooms; house and table first-class.

NO. 258 WEST 23D-ST.—SECOND AND third floors, en suite or separately for families or gentlemen, with board.

HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, near Madison Park; references required. No. 127 East 24th-st.

GENTLEMEN WILL FIND A GOOD table at No. 114 Hester-st. Dinner 50c., breakfast and supper 25c.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, WITH all modern comforts and conveniences. Apply to E. J. GARDINER, No. 7 West 25th-st.

PLEASANT ROOMS ON SECOND AND third story to rent with board, at No. 22 East 9th-st.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, ATLANTA, GA., Dec. 20, 1870.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

By an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, approved Oct. 24, 1870, authority is given to the Governor to lease the Western and Atlantic Railroad, the property of the State, together with all of its lines, branches, depots, rolling stock and appurtenances of every character, for the term of twenty years, upon certain terms, and subject to certain regulations therein specifically prescribed.

The monthly rental shall not be less than twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) payable quarterly; the lessee shall give a bond for the sum of eight millions of dollars ($8,000,000) to secure the prompt payment of the amount at the time and place, and the return of the road and its appurtenances at the expiration of the lease, or on the termination or forfeiture thereof; to pay the State, on the termination or forfeiture, five millions ($5,000,000) of the bonds it shall have within this state, and the balance, if out of the State, to be upon real estate or railroad property. The lessee is to keep the road and its appurtenances in repair, at least five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000). The Legislature reserves to itself the right, from time to time, to enact into the affairs of the lessee, and to make such amendments of security above recited shall be maintained unimpaired.

The lessee shall not be less than twenty in number, a majority of whom shall have been for five years bona fide residents of this State; and shall represent a majority of the whole interest in the lease. Neither the lessee or stockholders in any other company, or any combination of them, may own, or be interested in, the lease, but they may become stockholders in the lessee of the road. The lessee shall not charge a higher rate for local freight over and road than the average rate charged by the Georgia Railroad and Banking Company, the Central Railroad and Banking Company, the Macon and Western Railroad Company, for the local freight over said roads, and the said lessee shall have the same facilities, expenses, privileges, immunities and guarantees, except the exclusive right of the lease, and shall be subject to the same liabilities, disabilities and prohibitions of said railroad companies last mentioned. The State of Georgia is to pay, or cause to be paid, all mortgage bonds and coupons now issued by the Road as they fall due, and to save the lessee harmless against all such bonds and coupons.

The lessee may be by itself, or constituted a body corporate and politic for the purpose of carrying on the business and the name and style of the Western and Atlantic Railroad Company, having such powers, liabilities and immunities as are conferred on railroad companies, and not in conflict with the Constitution and laws of the United States, or of the State of Georgia; but they will not be allowed to make or permit any discrimination in favor of or against any other road, or persons having business connections with the said Western and Atlantic Railroad.

For the purpose of carrying out this act, proposals will be received at this office, including the 5th day of December next, and must be addressed to "Governor of the State of Georgia, at Atlanta," and marked on the wrapper, "Proposals for the lease of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, in accordance with an act approved October 24, 1870." The proposals must state in full the names and residences of the parties uniting in the proposition, the amount that each of the parties thereto propose to bind themselves over and above their debts and liabilities, together with a full description of the character of the security which will be offered to complete the bond.

The property to be leased is a single track railroad, 136 miles in length, with full and complete equipment of shops, depots, turntables, stations, engines, cars, &c., and is the only direct and operative connection between the cities of Atlanta, in Georgia, and Chattanooga, in Tennessee. At Chattanooga the line is in direct connection with the Memphis and Charleston, Nashville and Chattanooga, Chattanooga and New-Orleans, East Tennessee and Georgia, Nashville and Cincinnati, (now in progress of construction,) railroads, and at Atlanta with the Atlanta and Montgomery, Atlanta and Florida, Atlanta and Savannah, and the Atlanta and Gulf Railroads, forming the only railroad connection between the System of railways centering at Chattanooga and at Atlanta.

The act of the Legislature authorizes the lease of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, "on such other and further terms mentioned," approved Oct. 24, 1870, can be had upon application at the Executive office.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK.

By the Governor:

ROBERT H. ATKINSON, Executive Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR LETTER BALANCES.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 2, 1870.

Sealed proposals will be received at this Department until the 20th day of January, 1871, at 12 o'clock noon, for furnishing LETTER BALANCES for the use of the Post-Offices in the United States for one year from and after the 1st day of February, 1871, of the following description, namely:

First—Balances payable at weighing eight ounces avoirdupois with a fractional part thereof down to quarter ounces. Of these it is supposed that 7,000 will be wanted.

Second—Balances of the same capacity, graduated by the metric or gramme system. Of this class 100 may be required.

Third—Balances capable of weighing four pounds avoirdupois weight, to be graduated to half-ounces. Of this class it is supposed that 200 will be wanted.

Perfect accuracy, strength and durability will be required in the Balances to be furnished.

Samples of each description of Balances must accompany each bid, and the bidder who may obtain the contract will be required to furnish Balances of a quality in all respects equal to the sample.

Each Balance must be well and securely packed in a box for transportation, and delivered free of all expense to the Blank Agency, Washington, D. C.

Bidders must furnish with his proposal guarantees of his ability to execute his bid, and a certificate from a Postmaster that such guarantors are responsible persons.

Two sufficient sureties will be required to a contract.

Awards will be made for each article separately, if deemed most advantageous to the Department.

Failure to furnish promptly any article contracted for, or an attempt to impose upon the Department articles inferior, in the opinion of the Postmaster-General, to those contracted for, will be considered sufficient cause for the forfeiture of the contract.

The Postmaster-General reserves the right to reject any or all bids if, in his opinion, it is required by the interests of the Department.

Proposals must be indorsed on the envelope "Proposals for Letter Balances," and addressed to the First Assistant Postmaster-General, Washington, D. C.

JOHN A. J. CRESWELL, Postmaster-General.

PROPOSALS

FOR THE ERECTION OF TEMPORARY ADOBE BUILDINGS, AT FORT QUITMAN, TEXAS.

HEAD-QUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Nov. 7, 1870.

SEALED PROPOSALS

In triplicate, of the form furnished by the undersigned, will be received at this office, until 12 M. on THURSDAY, the 22d day of December, 1870, for the erection of the following temporary buildings at Fort Quitman, Texas, viz:

One (1) adobe Officers' Quarters.
Four (4) sets Captain's Quarters.
Eight (8) sets Lieutenant's Quarters.
Four (4) sets Barracks

THE NEW COURT-HOUSE.

What the Commissioners Have Done and Intend to Do.

A meeting of the New Court-house Commissioners was held yesterday, Mr. COMAN in the chair. Considerable discussion took place as to what should be done with the roof of the present building. It had been intended to put a Mansard roof on, but, after personal investigation by the Commissioners, they found that the roof over the two wings of the building had been completed, and that in the very best manner, and, therefore, that to put a Mansard roof on here would entail large and most expensive alterations. It was, therefore, proposed that a dome of a much smaller size than that contemplated in the original design, should be placed on the building, and the architect was directed to make the necessary measurements and examinations, and report the result to the Board. A dome according to the original plan would cost, it was found, over $1,000,000. A small dome of iron can be put on, it is thought, for one-third of that amount. At the same time the general architectural effect will not be impaired.

The Commissioners found on taking stock that of the $60,000 originally appropriated for the completion of the building, a considerable portion had already been used, and contracts entered into which would absorb a still larger amount. These contracts the Commissioners will have to stand by, as a part of the work on them has been already done, and to repudiate them would involve the county in endless expensive law suits. A very large proportion of the enormous expense incurred on the building has arisen from each person assigned rooms in the building having them fitted up, altered, decorated and redecorated, just according to his own fancy. It has been the Commissioners who have stepped, and have refused to recognize any expense incurred unless ordered by them.

The former Superintendent of the work on the Court-house, Mr. CUMMINGS TUCKER, who has been receiving five per cent on all moneys expended in construction since 1868, and who consequently received his share of the $600,000 appropriated, was informed some time ago that his further services were not needed. Thus $30,000 will be saved, and, at the same time, an army of useless employes, whose only duties consisted in drawing their salaries, has been dismissed, and this, the Commissioners think, will effect a further saving of $30,000 per annum. Many of these men, it is well known, never made their appearance at the Court-house except on pay-days.

The Commissioners say that the building has been constructed in the very best manner, and is as nearly fire-proof as any building can possibly be. The floors are all filled in with concrete; iron has been used in the walls instead of laths, and the roof, so far as finished, is found to be very good indeed. The Commissioners do not know at present how much will be required to finish the structure, but they promise that the work shall be done in an economical manner, and that they will look after it themselves.

The Central Park—Character of the Proposed Change—A Protest.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

At the meeting of the Department of Public Parks, on Nov. 22, a change in the plan of the Central Park was agreed upon, for the purpose of introducing accommodations for the zoological collection of the City, upon the ground known as "The Meadows," in the upper Park, and provision was made for the design and execution of the necessary constructions. We held at that time the office of Chief Landscape Architect in Advisory to the Department, under an engagement which was to terminate in a few days, by a resolution of the Board, and as we had no official knowledge of the contemplated revision of our design, we addressed a letter to the President, of which a copy follows, with Mr. SWEENY's reply:

NEW-YORK, Nov. 23, 1870.

Hon. Peter B. Sweeny, President Department of Public Parks:

SIR: We first learn by the public prints today that the department has had under discussion, and has resolved upon a proposition to transform the open ground of the north division of the Central Park into a zoological garden. When we accepted the office of Chief Landscape Architect under your department, the terms of the resolution secured to us an opportunity to report on the effect on the general design of the Park of all propositions involving the introduction of structures upon it. As the location now proposed for the Zoological Garden buildings would seem to involve a neutralization of features which have hitherto been deemed important elements of the general design of the Park, we should be glad of an opportunity to carefully examine the scheme and to submit a report thereon before the termination of our present relations with the department. Respectfully,

OLMSTED, VAUX & CO.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS, No. 265 BROADWAY, Nov. 28, 1870.

Messrs. Olmsted, Vaux & Co.:

GENTLEMEN: I have to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of 25th inst., relative to the location of the Zoological Garden buildings at the Central Park, and I will present the same before the Board at its next meeting for consideration. Very respectfully, PETER B. SWEENY,

President Department of Public Parks.

As our engagement terminated at the end of November, and we have received no fresh communication from the department, two sessions of which have since been reported, we think it right now to call the attention of citizens interested in the subject to the character of the proposed change. The defect of the Central Park is a lack of breath and repose. This defect grows out of the natural limitations fixed by the original rocky surface of its site, and from the necessity of providing structurally for the convenience and safety of great throngs of people in a public pleasure-ground that is expected finally to be situated in the heart of a densely populated city.

The impracticability of making, in either section of the Park, open spaces of greensward as large as desirable, was recognized from the outset, but as much as possible was done to gain ground in this direction, and the central meadow-stretches are the result in the upper Park. They supply two connected spaces, each about a quarter of a mile in extent, partially separated by a mass of rock, and almost completely surrounded by a border of indigenous trees which are already beginning to take on umbrageous forms and to cast broad shadows over the new well-established turf. These meadows constitute the only broad space of quiet rural ground on the island which has been left undisturbed by artificial objects, and much labor has been expended to render practicable the preservation of their present general character.

A Zoological Garden must be made up to a considerable extent, if not altogether, of small scattered buildings and small-fenced yards. It requires little breadth or unity of surface in its site, and must be adapted to recreation of a completely diverse character from that which this ground has been prepared to serve. It would, therefore, in our judgment, be a fatal mistake to plant a ceaselessly growing institution of this kind even on the borders of the ground in question. Respectfully yours,

FRED. LAW OLMSTED,
CALVERT VAUX.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Dec. 16, 1870.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

NEW-YORK.

The case of WRIGHT against MARSHALL and others, owners of the ship *James Foster, Jr.*, was yesterday discontinued in the Court of Common Pleas. An attempt to offer in evidence the examination taken before Commissioners of Emigration was overruled, because of the absence of proof of the authority, on the part of the Commissioners, to make the examination. Plaintiff's counsel thereupon asked leave to withdraw a nonsuit and discontinue the action, so that at a future trial the evidence might be produced. The Court granted the motion.

The sixty-first auction sale of unclaimed property will be held at Police Head-quarters today, beginning at 10 o'clock. The catalogue names among the articles to be sold shawls, wagons, carts, barrels, rope, lead, wool, hair, velocipedes, beer-pumps, beds, bedding, pictures, a printing press, looking-glasses, wheel-barrows, herring, vermicelli, cinnamon, tea, plates, dire-crackers, baskets, robes, horse-blankets, harness, gas-fixtures, part of a keg of whisky, soap, cigars, tobacco, guns, a sword, umbrellas, pipes, deer-horns and Indian clubs. In addition there is the usual assortment of clothing, dry-goods, jewels and watches.

The customary exercises preparatory to the Christmas Holidays by the pupils of Grammar School No. 27, in East Eighty-seventh-street, near Fourth-avenue, Mr. JAMES DAVIS, principal, took place yesterday afternoon at the school-house, and were witnessed by a large concourse of the friends of the school. The programme embraced music, songs, declamations and recitations by the pupils, and, without making invidious comparisons, it may be said that all were well rendered. The teachers were presented with bouquets and other testimonials of the esteem in which they were held by their pupils.

The great rain-storm of Monday night caused considerable damage in several parts of the City to sewers from overcharge of water. None of these mishaps, however, were serious, except the caving in of a culvert at the southwest corner of Thirty-eighth-street and Fourth-avenue, which resulted in a dangerous excavation in the street. It happened, also, during the storm that the Croton main-burst in front of No. 40 South-street, tearing up the street and doing great damage to property before the water was turned off. The Department of Public Works was immediately notified, and immediately began repairs in both cases.

JAMES MOORE, alias RYAN, a notorious confidence operator, was held for trial at Jefferson Market Court, yesterday, for endeavoring to ply his trade at the Harlem Railroad Depot on Monday evening. He was accompanied by an accomplice, who, on his arrest, threw away a pocket-book containing $1,000, a blank check, a equestrian ticket on the Erie Railroad, and a number of prominent cards of leading business houses in this City.

THOMAS JOHNSON was brought before Justice COX, at Jefferson Market, yesterday, on a charge of breaking into the liquor-store of MAT-THEW WALPER, of No. 84 Third-avenue, on Monday evening. The prisoner was detected by Officer GICK, of the Sixteenth Precinct, in the act of breaking the fan-light over the door. He was held in $1,000 bail.

The motion to confirm the report of the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the matter of widening Broadway from Thirty-fourth-street to the Central Park, which was some time since adjourned until yesterday morning, has been again postponed. According to the best information which could be obtained, it now stands over until the 30th inst.

A movement is on foot in this City, among the members of the Clan Campbell, to join with those on the other side of the ocean, in raising a liberal subscription for the purpose of presenting a suitable offering to the Princess Louise, on the occasion of her alliance with the Marquis of LORNE. Ladies belonging to the Clan, by birth or marriage, are admissible as subscribers.

An adjourned Fair is open for two days at the Ladies' Union Aid Institution, No. 252 West Fourteenth-street, near Eighth-avenue. A handsome variety of fancy and useful articles, left from the late Fair held at Apollo Hall, will be sold at remarkably cheap prices, the entire proceeds to be devoted to charitable purposes.

This afternoon, at 3 o'clock, a new paper will be exhibited at the hall of the German Young Men's Christian Association, No. 62 East Twenty-second-street, near Grand. A numerous attendance is looked for.

This evening Mr. DE GARMO gives a soirée at his Academy, No. 62 Fifth-avenue, corner of Fourteenth-street. It promises to be a most enjoyable affair, and will, of course, be most select, with Mr. DE GARMO's dancing parties are.

While passing through Hell Gate yesterday afternoon, the schooner *James Curtin, Jr.*, struck upon the middle reef off the foot of East Ninety-third-street, where she yet remains. None of the persons on board were injured.

BROOKLYN.

The workmen engaged in the Brooklyn Navy-yard are discussing the propriety of giving a valuable present to Pay-master CUNNINGHAM as a token of their esteem for him as a superior. There is a doubt in the minds of many, however, as to the legality of the measure, and the decision is not certain as yet.

Coroner WHITEHILL held an inquest yesterday morning on the body of LOUIS WRACKEN, aged forty-five years, who died on the preceding evening, at No. 132 Belmont-street, where he in company with others had been engaged a few minutes before in dancing. The jury found that death had been caused by disease of the heart.

GEORGE LORILLARD's new yacht, *Enchantress*, will be launched at 8 o'clock this morning from the yard of her builder, Mr. SAMUEL D. PINE, Greenpoint. The yacht is to be schooner-rigged, is 200 tons, new measurement, and is a thing of great expectancy.

The Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen, in conjunction with the Mayor, commenced an investigation yesterday afternoon of the affairs of the County Controller's Office, but no facts of importance were elicited. The subject will be resumed on Thursday next.

JOHN ROURKE, who was shot in a Fifth-avenue car on the evening of Saturday last while engaged in a fight with CHARLESS HALL, died of his wound in the City Hospital yesterday morning. An inquest was held, and a verdict rendered according to the facts.

The Board of Fire Commissioners met yesterday and passed a vote of thanks to the Brooklyn Bible Society for donations of copies of the Scriptures made by them to each of the engine companies in the city.

NEW-JERSEY.

"Forefathers' Day" will be celebrated in Jersey City today by the New-England residents. This is the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims, and its celebration will be of much local interest. A dinner will be given by the New-England Society at Taylor's Hotel, in the evening. Addresses will be made by Major PANGBORN and others.

The United States District Court for New-Jersey commenced its adjourned session in Trenton yesterday, for the trial of the Camden rioters. The trial had been adjourned to give defendants' counsel an opportunity to prepare a defense. Ex-Chancellor WILLIAMSON appeared on behalf of the persons indicted, and asked for a postponement to the next term, which meets on the third Tuesday in January. It was granted, and the trial of Constable SOUDERS was set down for trial first.

MRS. ELIZABETH TYNDALL, of Lawrence, N. J., was run over on Monday evening at 10 o'clock, by a train on the Camden and Amboy Railroad, and was instantly killed. She had left the station, and was walking along the track, when she was overtaken by a locomotive. Coroner PARSONS held an inquest yesterday, at which the jury returned a verdict exonerating the Company.

In the Hudson County Court of Special Sessions, yesterday, Fritz Lube, the German who robbed Busch's Hotel at Hoboken, and then charged the crime upon the girl whom he had married, was sent to the Penitentiary for two years. ELLEN THOMPSON, for robbery, was sent to the State Prison for the same time.

The ladies of the First Presbyterian Church, Roselle, N. J., will hold a fair and festival for the benefit of the church extension fund on Wednesday and Thursday afternoons and evenings of this week.

At 11 o'clock yesterday, the body of KONRER SCHEMANK was found floating in the slip of the Hoboken Ferry. Coroner BURNS will hold an inquest.

Mr. GEO. VANDENHOFF will read before the Young Men's Christian Association of Elizabeth, N. J., at Library Hall, this evening.

ARMY AND NAVY RECORD.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The following officers, recently assigned to regiments, are hereby relieved from duty as Indian Agents and ordered to join their proper stations: Capt. G. Whipple, First Cavalry; First-Lieuts. W. E. Andrews, Third Cavalry; W. H. Boyle, Twenty-first Infantry; and A. E. Greene, Fourth Artillery. The following unassigned officers are relieved from duty as Indian Agents, and will proceed to their proper stations: Capt. H. H. Pierce; First Lieut. James M. Smith and Thomas H. Hoy. The following are relieved from duty as Indian Agents, and will await orders: First Lieuts. Joseph M. Hagg and Frank M. Lee; First Lieut. Foster B. Parsons, Twenty-second Infantry, has been honorably discharged.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 20.—American Securities and Stocks were quiet and steady. The following table shows the course of the market during the day:

	11½ A. M.	1½ P. M.	4½ P. M.
Consols for money	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞
Consols for account	91⅞@92	91⅞	91⅞
United States 5-20s, 1867	88⅞	....	88⅞
United States 5-20s, 1865, old	88⅞	....	88⅞
United States 5-20s, 1867	87⅞	....	87⅞
United States 10-40s	87⅞	....	87⅞
Ill. Central Railroad Shares	110	....	110
Erie Railroad Shares	19⅞	....	19⅞
A. & G. W. R. R. Shares	28⅞	....	28⅞

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 20.—COTTON opened steady; Middling Uplands, 8½d.; Middling Orleans, 8¾d. The sales of the day are estimated at 12,000 bales. BREADSTUFFS opened dull and unchanged. Other articles without change.—New Spring Wheat, 9s. 10d.; old Spring, 9s. 10d. for No. 2 Red Western; Winter, 10s. 7d. for No. 2 Red Western; No. 1 New, 10s. 2d. CORN, 33s. 6d. 2d. for new No. 2 Mixed. PORK declining; sales at 64s. The receipts of Wheat for the past three days foot up 21,000 quarters, of which 16,000 quarters were American.

LONDON, Dec. 20—11½ A. M.—Calcutta LINSEED cleaner at 58s. 6d. Other articles unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 20—4½ P. M.—COTTON closed unchanged; Middling Uplands, 8½d.; Middling Orleans, 8½@8¾d. The sales today foot up 12,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were for speculation and export. The market for GOODS and YARNS at Manchester is steady. Common RISIN, 5s. 9d.

LONDON, Dec. 20—4½ P. M.—Calcutta LINSEED closed at 58s. 6d. Other all.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 20.—United States Bonds opened at 94½ for the issue of 1862.

ANTWERP, Dec. 19.—Petroleum closed firm.

HAVANA, Dec. 18.—EXCHANGE closed yesterday as follows: On London, 17@17½ ⅌ cent. premium; United States sixty days sight, currency, 1⅞@2 dis. count; sixty days sight, 5@6 ⅌ cent. premium, in gold; short sight, 6@6½ ⅌ cent. premium.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 20.—COTTON dull and unchanged. FLOUR—Lower grades advanced 10c @15c.; Superfine Winter, $4 25@4 50; Extra Winter, $4 50@$4 75; Treble Extra, $5@5 25. WHEAT dull and unchanged. CORN dull and lower, 40½@41½c. for mixed, 41c. for Yellow. OATS firm at 42½@43c. in sacks. BARLEY heavy, at 80c.@$1 for prime to choice. RYE advancing; sales at 75c.@80c. HIGHWINES firm at 88c. TOBACCO dull. BEEF and BACON unchanged. PROVISIONS dull. PORK, $16 25@$16 50. Bulk SHOULDERS, 6½c.@6¾c.; Clear Rib, 8½c.@8¾c.; Clear Sides, 10c.@10½c. BACON—Clear Rib, 12½c.; Clear Sides, 13c. HAMS—Sugar-cured, 16c. LARD dull and nominal. HOGS steady at $5 60@$5 75. CATTLE unchanged. RECEIPTS—2,000 bbls. Flour, 12,000 bushels Wheat, 1,400 Hogs.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 20.—COTTON advancing and in fair demand; Middling, 8½c. FLOUR steady; family, $4 25@$4 50. WHEAT firm and scarce; sales at $1 15@$1 18. CORN steady at 41c.@42c. RYE dull and unchanged; sales at 80c.@85c. OATS dull and unchanged at 36c.@37c. BARLEY dull and drooping; sales at $1 30@$1 40. CLOVER-SEED $10 75@$11. LARD dull and unchanged at $8 50. LARD active; Steam, 10½c.; Kettle, 10¾c.; Head and Gut, 10c. BULK MEATS dull and nominal; Rib Sides, 8½c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8¾c.; Shoulders, 10c.; Sides, 12c.@12½c. HOGS firm and in fair demand; sales at $5 20@$5 40 for Live, $5 60@$5 65 for Dressed. RECEIPTS—1,500 head. CATTLE in fair demand and steady; sales at $3@$4 50. WHISKEY steady at 88c.@87c. GOLD, 110½. EXCHANGE steady.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 20.—COTTON sells: Middling Uplands at 8½c.@8¾c.; do. Gulf at 8½c. QUERCITRON BARK unchanged. CLOVER-SEED, $6 75@$7. TIMOTHY, $3 50. FLAXSEED, $3 15. FLOUR dull and lower; Spring Wheat, Extra Family, $6@$7; other grades unchanged. WHEAT unchanged; Indiana Red, $1 40@$1 45; Pennsylvania, $1 34@$1 40. RYE sells at 90c. for Western. CORN—Southern dull and lower; New Yellow, 70c.; Mixed Western at 68c. OATS sell freely at 38c. for Southern; at 37½@38c. for State and Western. PROVISIONS—Nothing doing. WHISKEY, $1 22@$1 24. LARD, 10c. FREIGHTS—Grain to Liverpool, 10½c.; Refined, 22½c.@25c. WHEAT freights at 6½c.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—EXCHANGE unchanged. FLOUR dull and nominal. WHEAT steady; No. 2 Spring, $1 01@$1 02; Cash, $1 01; Dec., $1 02; Jan., $1 04. CORN steady; No. 2, 37c. OATS steady; No. 2, 27c. BARLEY dull; No. 2, 71c. PROVISIONS quiet; sale at 10½c. for mess pork. WHISKEY quiet; sale at 87c. Dressed HOGS advanced 15c.; sales at $5 60@$5 75. CATTLE dull and nominal. RECEIPTS—Flour, 2,000 bbls.; Wheat, 12,000 bushels; Corn, 3,000 bushels; Oats, 2,000 bushels; Barley, 1,000 bushels; Rye, 10,000 bushels; Hogs, 1,000 bushels. SHIPMENTS—Flour, 1,000 bbls.; Wheat, 3,000 bushels; Corn, 2,000 bushels.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Dec. 20.—FLOUR dull and unchanged; sales, 600 bbls., at $6 75 for No. 1 Spring; $7 for Amber Winter; $7 50 for White; $8 25 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet and unchanged; No. 1 Milwaukee Club, $1 34. CORN quiet; No. 2-60c. for Mixed Western. OATS unchanged at 40c. for Western. BARLEY, $1 50@$1 60 for Canadian. COTTON—Middling, 8½c. Pork, $16 for Canadian. COTTONSEED—$1 25 for unbolted. HAY—$20 for prime. HIGHWINES unchanged at 90c. Shorts, $20@$21; Shipstuffs, $22@$23. BUTTER—Dairy, 30@32c.; Choice Table, 35c. HIGHWINES unchanged at 90c. Rolled TOBACCO—Floor to Boston, 20c.; to Newark, 18c., and to Albany, 18c.; Grain and Mill-feed to Boston, 50@60c.; to New-York, 50@60c., and to Albany, 40@50c.

NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 20.—COTTON in fair demand and prices advanced; Middling, 14¼@14½c. Receipts, 1,767 bales; gross, 7,303 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 4,200 bales; to New-York, 2,000 bales; stock, 107,000 bales.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 20.—COTTON quiet and firm; Middling, 14c. Receipts, 1,023 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 1,023 bales; sales, 500 bales; stock, 30,000 bales.

MOBILE, Dec. 20.—COTTON quiet and firm; Middling, 14c.; receipts, 1,762 bales; exports to Great Britain, 1,623 bales; sales, 800 bales; stock, 80,000 bales.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 20.—COTTON quiet and firm; Middling, 14¼c.@14½c.; net receipts, 3,677 bales; exports, 37 bales; sales, 1,000 bales; stock, 61,365 bales.

WILMINGTON, Dec. 20.—Crude TURPENTINE at $1 75@$1 90. TAR at $1 70. COTTON closed steady, at 14c. for new middlings. Spirits TURPENTINE—no sales.

[Advertisement.]

THE LAST CONUNDRUM.—If Jones pays $10,000 rent for a shop in Broadway, and Brown pays only $3,000 for a store in the Bowery, and both sell goods of precisely the same manufacture, which will be able to sell the cheapest? The answer will be given, with a gratis exhibition of our stock of fine Watches, Jewelry, Silver-ware and Diamonds, at No. 120 Bowery, corner Broome-street, New-York.

J. H. JOHNSTON & ROBINSON.

[Advertisement.]

ENGLISH BREAKFAST PASTIES.—The fashion of giving English breakfast parties is on the increase. A no hour does a new hat look more becoming than when the gloss and glow of morning are upon it. Hence gentlemen who attend English breakfast parties ought to furnish themselves with chapeaux from the emporium of KNOX the Hatter, No. 212 Broadway.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Idaho	Dec. 21	New-York	Liverpool
Batavia	Dec. 21	New-York	Liverpool
Tripoli	Dec. 24	New-York	Liverpool
City of London	Dec. 24	New-York	Liverpool
England	Dec. 24	New-York	Liverpool
Europa	Dec. 24	New-York	Glasgow
Lafayette	Dec. 24	New-York	Havre

FOR HALIFAX, &c.

Missouri	Dec. 22	New-York	Havana
North America	Dec. 23	New-York	Rio

Closing of Foreign Mails at Post-Office.

WEDNESDAY.

For Europe, via Queenstown and Liverpool, by the *Idaho*, at 12 M. A supplementary mail, for *paid* letters only, on Pier No. 46 North River, until 1:30 P. M.

THURSDAY.

For Europe, via Queenstown and Liverpool, by the *Tripoli*, at 11 A. M. A supplementary mail for paid letters only on the pier in Jersey City, until 12½ P. M.....Per Havana and the West Indies, by the *Mississippi*, at 2 P. M.

FRIDAY.

For Argentine Republic, Brazil and St. Thomas, by the *North America*, at 1 P. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M., 2 P. M.
North, through, via H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M., 2:30, 6 P. M.
North Way, via Harlem R. R.	
Chatham, Four Corners	2 A. M.
East, via Stonington	2 A. M., 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, via Newport	2 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M., 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	6 P. M.
South, through	7 A. M., 7:00 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M., 2:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M., 1:00 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. W. R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M., 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

By steam-ship Henry Chauncey, for Aspinwall and California—From Aspinwall—J. S. Bartholomew, G. J. Foster, Chas. Tillett, Mrs. C. O. Carter and child, Rafael G. Hindebee, Robert J. Heatley, Geo. J. Rathbone, Mrs. Caroline Kirk, Mathew and 4 children, Henry Lyddon, Geo. W. Godney, R. Abercrombie. For California—Mrs. W. B. Lowe, J. Dennistand wife, D. C. Weeks and wife, J. K. Baum, Mrs. Maitbrat, son, daughter, Mrs. G. Miller and 3 children, J. C. Holley, H. K. Rogers, George Crane, Mrs. Sarah B. Toby and servant.

Passengers Arrived.

DEC. 20—*In steam-ship Neuadic, from Liverpool*—Mrs. R. Dunn, Edward Doran, Mrs. Elizabeth Doran, Joseph Doran, Miss E. Clark, Chas. H. Langdon, Miss F. W. Langdon, Miss M. J. Crane, John R. Roberts, Mrs. H. Roberts, Miss Henrietta Roberts, George H. McKenzie, Mrs. C. J. McKenzie, F. J. Milburn, W. J. Best, H. M. Boucher.

In steam-ship Merrimac, from Rio Janeiro—Chas. Powers, A. A. Prentice, A. C. B. Palmison, E. Ribeiro, D. C. S. Sinkler, T. Dayton, Jr., Mrs. Dayton, O. J. Derby, J. E. Wilmot, F. P. Stanton, R. Eldridge, Prof. Charles P. Hurst, Mrs. E. Cropley, R. Nedal, A. Varona, J. M. Varona, Thomas Hanrahan, C. Hanrahan, S. Cleveland, James Smith, and 27 in the steerage.

DEC. 20—*In steam-ship City of Cork, from Liverpool*—C. Erlemann, John Rhodes, Miss Howard, Capt. A. Gold and wife, R. Wallace, T. Deroche, E. H. Holbrook.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises....7:21 | Sun sets....4:29 | Moon rises....8:10

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook, 8:41 | Gov. Island....7:37 | Hell Gate....9:59

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.....TUESDAY, Dec. 20.

Cleared.

Steam-ship Henry Chauncey, Gray, Aspinwall, Pacific Mail Steam-ship Co.; James Adger, Lockwood, Charleston, H. R. Morgan & Co.; Virgo, Bulkley, Savannah, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Regulator, Freeman, Wilmington, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; Louisiana, Pence, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.; S. C. Walker, Sheldon, Philadelphia; Glancus, Weldon, Boston; W. F. Clyde, Stites, Philadelphia, Clyde Steam-ship Co.; Rhode Island, Shaw, Philadelphia; Beverly, Pierce, Philadelphia.

Ships British America, (Br.,) Lockhart, Cork for orders; Hero of Marathon, Jones, Swansea; Ann Elizabeth, England, William Nelson, Jr.; Robert Peel, (Br.,) Latrobe, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; Alexander Marshall, Gardner, Liverpool, Chas. H. Marshall & Co.

Barks Volant, Castnes, Key West, Bennett, Brown & Pinkney; Eureka, Holloway, Cork or Falmouth, D. K. De Wolf & Co.; Arabella, (Br.,) Roper, Glasgow, Arnold & Tufts; Lizzie Burton, Paul, Gonaives, Hatch & Baldwin; Magdalena, Griffin, Cuidad Bolivar, D. A. De Lima & Co.; Lancecost, Ralph, Liverpool, S. G. Reed & Co.

Brigs George E. Dale, Pierce, Havana, H. W. Leaf & Co.; Guiding Star, Freethorn, Cardenas, Jas. E. Ward & Co.; Scotland, Weeks, Port-au-Spain, D. Trowbridge & Co.; Prins Oscar, Berakus, Constantinople, Punch, Edye & Co.; Valkyrier, (Nor.,) Hansen, Cadiz, Wendt, Telcos & Bockmann.

Schrs. Julia A. Rodee, Johnson, Indiatoka and Lavacca, Evans, Ball & Co.; Anna C. Leverett, Thompson, Tampico, Earle & Pierce; Emma Oliver, Pinson, Port-au-Prince, Youngs, Smith & Co.; Josephine, Brown, Franklin, Ga., Warren Ray & Co.; Welcome R. Beebe, Lozier, Savannah, Evans, Ball & Co.; Frank Walter, Brewster, Jacksonville, Vas Bruns & Slaght.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Sidonian, (Br.) Mackay, Marseilles, Nov. 17, via Gibraltar 21st, and Bermuda Dec. 12, with mdse. and 180 passengers to Henderson Bros. Experienced heavy gales. W. Jones, seaman, washed overboard; left at Bermuda. Steam-ship Golding Star, coaling; the steam-ship San Francisco, while entering the harbor of Hamilton, Dec. 8, struck on a rock and foundered; passengers all saved.

Steam-ship Nevada, (Br.,) Green, Liverpool Dec. 7, and Queenstown 8th, with mdse. and 160 passengers to Williams & Guion. Dec. 11, lat. 40 01, lon. 68 50, passed a Portuguese bark, bound to a port in the Mediterranean. Dec. 16, passed steam-ship Minnesota, hence for Liverpool; 18th, 1½ P. M., lat. 42 24, lon. 67 05, passed steam-ship City of Paris, hence for Liverpool; same day, 1½ P. M., lat. 42 24, lon. 67 05, passed steam-ship Liverpool, hence for Liverpool; same day, 2½ P. M., passed a long-rigged steamer, bound E.

Steam-ship City of Cork, (Br.,) Allen, Liverpool 15th, via Queenstown 16th, with mdse. and 300 passengers to John G. Dale. Dec. 10, lat. 47 40, lon. 41 24, passed an Anchor line steamer, bound E.; 13th, lat. 47 15, lon. 44 30, passed a North German steamer, bound E.; 15th, lat. 47 10, lon. 47 00, passed another North German steamer, bound E.

Steam-ship Marco Castle, Adams, Havana Dec. 17, with mdse. and passengers to Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship San Salvador, Nickerson, Savannah 2 da., with mdse. and passengers to Wm. H. Garrison.

Steam-ship Charleston, Berry, Charleston 2 da., with mdse. and passengers to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Steam-ship Martinez, West, Rio Janeiro Nov. 28, Bahia 30th, Pernambuco Dec. 1, Para 6th, and St. St. Thomas 14th, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. H. Garrison. Left at Bahia brig Rush, hence, she having had a stormy passage of 64 da.

Steam-ship E. C. Knight, Johnson, Washington and Alexandria, with mdse. and passengers to George R. Merrick.

Steam-ship Thuringia, (N. G., new,) Ehlers, Hamburg Dec. 7, with mdse. and passengers to Kunhardt & Co.

Steam-ship Montgomery, Furbush, Savannah 2 da., with mdse. and passengers to Robt. Lowden.

Steam-ship Rapidan, Whitehurst, Havana, Dec. 14, with mdse. and passengers to Ward, Livingston, Fox & Co. Dec. 19, 11 A. M., 65 miles N. of Hatteras, passed signals with steam-ship Northern Light, hence for Havana.

Steam-ship Miles S. Terry, Chapin, Newburn, N. C., 2 da., wit. naval stores, &c., to Murray, Ferris & Co.

Steam-ship Ashland, Ingraus, Charleston 3 da., with cotton to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Bark Gaffet (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) McConnell, Buenos Ayres Oct. 15, arr. Montevideo Oct. 21, with mdse. to Brown Bros. & Co.—vessel to Boyd & Hincken. Crossed the equator Nov. 12, in lon 41 20, and had a fair wind to Hatteras, since strong N. W. gales; Nov. 18, no lat., &c., spoke ship Lizzie, from Buenos Ayres for New-York.

Brig Augusta, (Swed.) Morgson, Rio Janeiro, 20 da., with coffee to Fry & Barnes—vessel to master. Crossed the equator Nov. 14, in lon. 32 40, and had strong westerly gales; was up to the Highlands on Sunday, and was driven S. by Monday night, in the face of a gale; spoke Nov. 19, lat. 38 30, lon. 73 00, bark Ocean Wave, hence for Boston, 3 days out, all well.

Brig Cuba, (Br.,) Hatfield, Cardenas, Dec. 12, with molasses to order. Dec. 16, lat. 36 40, lon. 75 00, spoke pilot boat Frederick A. Tilton, off Delaware Bay, bound in, with a cargo of coal. Left at Cardenas brigs Ellen, Fisher, for Philadelphia, and Ann, Ward, for Boston, 3 days; schr. Wm. F. Whitney & Co., Rae, for Philadelphia, 4 days; schr. Ann Eliza, Ryan, for Boston, 3 days; schr. Ann Eliza, Ryan, for Boston, 3 days; schr. Ann Eliza, Ryan, for Boston, 3